

ANNUAL REPORT 2024

Stock Code : 303



vtech

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Corporate Profile

VTech is the global leader in electronic learning products from infancy through toddler and preschool and the world's largest supplier of residential phones. It also provides highly sought-after contract manufacturing services.

Since its establishment in 1976, VTech has been the pioneer in the electronic learning toy category. Incorporating advanced educational expertise and cutting-edge innovation, VTech products bring fun and learning to children around the world. Leveraging decades of success in cordless telephony, the Group's diverse collection of telecommunication products elevates both home and business users' experience through the latest in technology and design. As one of the world's leading electronic manufacturing service providers, VTech offers world-class, full turnkey services to customers in a number of product categories. Its cutting-edge facilities are moving towards Industry 4.0 manufacturing, enabling it consistently to deliver high-quality products and services. This reflects a commitment to meet and even exceed customer expectations.

VTech embraces a culture of integrity, accountability and innovation to guide the company towards a sustainable future. Building upon its strong foundation of sustainability, VTech steadfastly integrates economic growth, environmental protection and social responsibility into its business strategies to design, manufacture and supply innovative and high-quality products for the well-being of people and benefit of society, aiming to drive sustainable value for its stakeholders and communities.

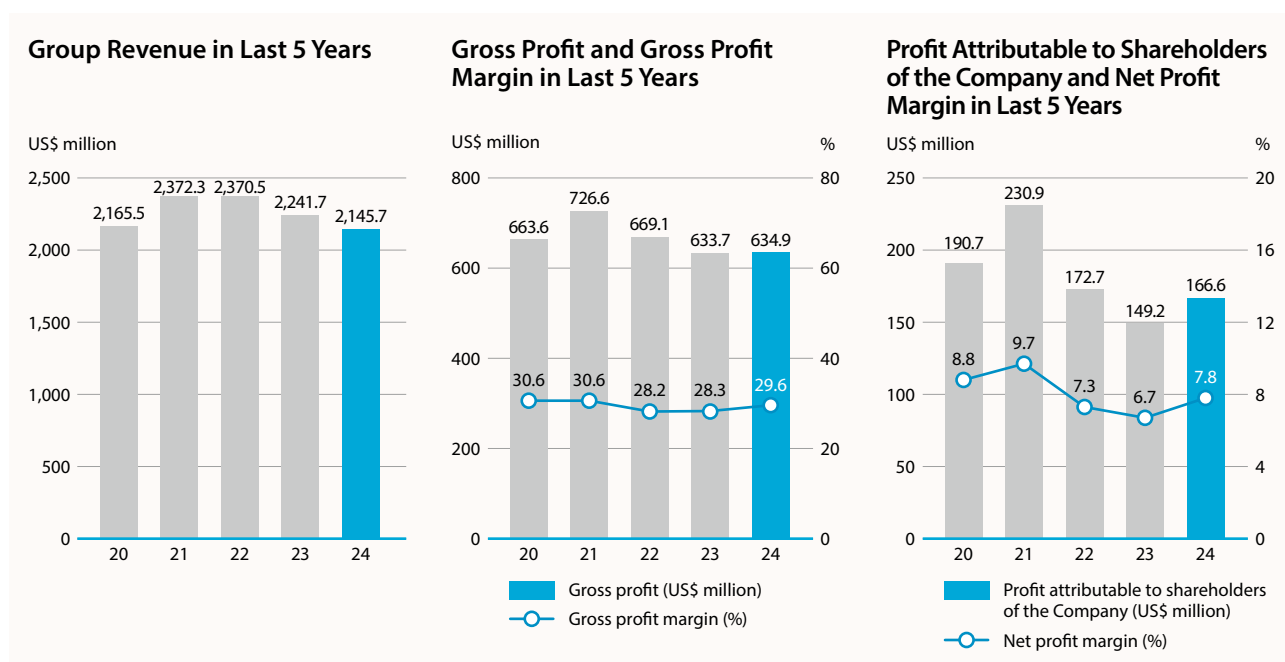
With a global workforce of over 20,000 employees in 15 countries and regions, VTech maintains R&D centres, manufacturing operations and sales subsidiaries across the Americas, Europe and Asia. This extensive network allows the Group to remain at the forefront of technology and market trends worldwide while fostering close relationships with valued customers. VTech's products are sold in over 80 countries, through partnerships with leading retailers, prominent e-commerce companies and distributors worldwide.

Shares of VTech Holdings Limited are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (HKSE: 303).

Financial Highlights

For the year ended 31 March	2024	2023	Change
Operating results (US\$ million)			
Revenue	2,145.7	2,241.7	-4.3%
Gross profit	634.9	633.7	0.2%
Operating profit	196.2	180.5	8.7%
Profit before taxation	191.3	168.5	13.5%
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company	166.6	149.2	11.7%
Financial position (US\$ million)			
Cash generated from operations	373.1	276.1	35.1%
Deposits and cash	322.1	198.5	62.3%
Shareholders' funds	645.0	634.7	1.6%
Per share data (US cents)			
Earnings per share – basic	66.0	59.1	11.7%
Earnings per share – diluted	65.9	59.1	11.5%
Dividend per share – interim and final	65.0	59.0	10.2%
Other data (US\$ million)			
Capital expenditure	32.4	27.9	16.1%
R&D expenditure	81.7	83.3	-1.9%
Key ratios (%)			
Gross profit margin	29.6	28.3	1.3% pts
Operating profit margin	9.1	8.1	1.0% pts
Net profit margin*	7.8	6.7	1.1% pts
EBITDA/Revenue	11.7	10.6	1.1% pts
Return on shareholders' funds	25.8	23.5	2.3% pts

* Net profit margin is calculated as profit attributable to shareholders of the Company as a percentage of revenue

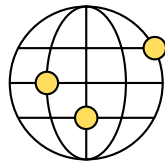


01 Global Presence

5 Strong brands

30+ product sub-brands

80+ countries selling the Group's products



02 Worldwide Operations

15 countries & regions

Employees **20,000+**

R&D centres, manufacturing operations and sales subsidiaries across the Americas, Europe and Asia

03 Market Leadership

World's **No.1**

supplier of electronic learning toys from infancy through toddler and preschool

World's **No.1**

contract manufacturer in professional audio equipment



World's **No.1**

residential phones supplier

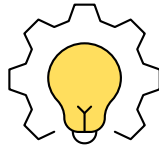
No.1

baby monitor brand in the US, Canada and the UK

04 Innovation

4%

of Group revenue
invested in R&D



~1,400

R&D professionals at
**6 strategic
locations**



05 Manufacturing Excellence

CMS's well-advanced

Industry 4.0

facilities in mainland China

TEL product's
**highly automated
factory** in Bocholt, Germany

06 ESG Recognition

AA+
Rating

Hang Seng Corporate
Sustainability
Benchmark Index

AA
Rating

MSCI ESG Ratings
assessment

**Constituent
Member**

- Hang Seng Corporate Sustainability Benchmark Index
- FTSE4Good Global Index

Letter to Shareholders

“ VTech reported an increase in profit for the financial year 2024 despite a decline in revenue. ”

Dear Shareholders,

VTech reported an increase in profit for the financial year 2024 despite a decline in revenue. Tighter economic conditions in North America and Europe resulted in lower sales of electronic learning products (ELPs) and telecommunication (TEL) products. This offset record revenue at contract manufacturing services (CMS) as the supply of materials improved. Profit was boosted by an improvement in gross profit margin and a decline in operating expenses.

Results and Dividend

Group revenue for the year ended 31 March 2024 declined by 4.3% to US\$2,145.7 million, from US\$2,241.7 million in the previous financial year. Lower sales in North America, Europe and Other Regions offset higher sales in Asia Pacific.

Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company increased by 11.7% to US\$166.6 million. The increase in profit was mainly due to an improvement in gross profit margin, supported by lower operating expenses resulting from a decline in selling and distribution costs.

Basic earnings per share increased by 11.7% to US66.0 cents, compared to US59.1 cents in the financial year 2023.

The Board of Directors has proposed a final dividend of US48.0 cents per ordinary share, providing a full-year dividend of US65.0 cents per ordinary share, an increase

of 10.2% from the US59.0 cents declared in the previous financial year. This represents a dividend payout ratio of 98.7%.

Costs

The Group's gross profit margin in the financial year 2024 was 29.6%, as compared with 28.3% in the previous financial year. The improvement came as freight charges and inventory provision fell. Direct labour costs and manufacturing overheads also declined because of increased automation, a reduction in the factory workforce and the depreciation of the Renminbi against the US dollar. Partially offsetting these gains, cost of materials as a percentage of Group revenue rose despite lower materials prices because of a change in product mix.

Our Businesses

The financial year 2024 saw market conditions remain challenging, as inflation and high interest rates continued to weigh on consumer demand and business investment in North America and Europe. Consumers are more price-sensitive and cautious in making discretionary purchases. In response, retailers are managing inventories closely, leading to reductions in orders. The strong US dollar, meanwhile, has continued to pressure retailers outside the US. On the positive side, the supply of materials has greatly improved, allowing CMS to clear order backlogs and fulfil new orders more efficiently.



ELPs saw a decrease in revenue in the financial year 2024, with sales falling in all regions as the toy market declined in both North America and the main European countries. Despite this, many key VTech products continued to lead their categories. KidiZoom® Duo DX has been number one in the Electronic Entertainment (excluding Tablet) category in Germany, France and the UK in the calendar years 2020 to 2023 inclusive, while Magic Adventures™ Globe topped Electronic Learning Aids Hardware/Software & Accessories in the US, Germany, France and the UK in both calendar year 2022 and 2023¹. This shows that VTech remains a leader in children's electronic learning as it continues to deliver innovative educational toys based on age-appropriate technologies. In the financial year 2024, a new ELPs sales office in Italy started contributing to the top line.

Standalone products represented approximately 89% of total ELPs revenue in the financial year 2024, compared to about 87% in the financial year 2023. Sales decreased for both the VTech and LeapFrog brands. At VTech, the declines were mainly attributable to lower sales of infant and toddler products, KidiZoom cameras and eco-friendly products. This offset growth for the Go! Go! Smart family of products, preschool products, electronic learning aids, the Kidi line, Switch & Go® Dinos and Marble Rush®. For LeapFrog, the infant, toddler and preschool products all saw decreases, offsetting rising sales of eco-friendly toys. The LeapLand Adventures™ range posted a sales decline, despite the successful roll-out of Magic Adventures Telescope during the financial year 2024. Magic Adventures Telescope was named one of the “Best Inventions of 2023” by *Time* magazine and was also a finalist in the 2023 “The Toy Foundation’s Toy of the Year Award” in the STEAM (science, technology, engineering, the arts and mathematics) category.

¹ Circana, Retail Tracking Service

Letter to Shareholders

Platform products also saw sales decrease for both brands. At VTech, there were declines for educational tablets, KidiZoom Smartwatch, Touch & Learn Activity Desk™ and KidiBuzz™/ KidiCom®. LeapFrog also experienced broad-based declines, with lower sales of educational tablets and interactive reading systems. Meanwhile, sales of Magic Adventures Globe increased slightly. Subscriptions to LeapFrog Academy™ declined on the back of lower sales of educational tablets.

Revenue from TEL products was lower in all regions, with declines in residential phones, commercial phones and other telecommunication products. The share of commercial phones and other telecommunication products within total TEL products revenue was approximately 60% in the financial year 2024, as compared with about 57% in the previous financial year.

The residential phone market in the US and Europe contracted further during the financial year 2024. This was compounded in the US by less shelf space at a major retailer and in Europe by over-inventory among ODM (original design manufacturing) customers. VTech nevertheless remained the number one supplier of residential phones in the US².

For commercial phones, growth in hotel phones and headsets was insufficient to offset declines in SIP (Session Initiation Protocol) phones and multi-line analogue phones. The new series of hotel phones performed well, allowing VTech to gain market share. The Snom D7 series was pre-set and sold as a phone for hotel administration, also contributing to rising sales. Headsets, meanwhile, benefited from increased orders by a customer. SIP phones were negatively impacted by the challenging economic environment in Europe, while sales of multi-line analogue phones decreased as the transition was made to a new generation of products. The new Snom M500 multi-cell mobility system started contributing to sales during the financial year 2024, while the Snom D8 series continued to be well-received by the market.

Other telecommunication products, which include baby monitors, CareLine® residential phones, CAT-iq (Cordless Advanced Technology – internet and quality) handsets and IADs (integrated access devices), also experienced lower sales. Baby monitors declined in the face of keen competition, while CareLine residential phones, CAT-iq handsets and IADs all fell because ODM customers reduced orders. However, VTech retained its position as the number one baby monitor brand in the US, Canada³ and the UK⁴.

CMS achieved record revenue in the financial year 2024, with higher sales in all regions. The materials supply improved, clearing the backlog of orders, especially for professional audio equipment. More generally, sales benefited from business activities returning to normal following the pandemic. Professional audio equipment, medical and health products, communication products and smart energy storage systems saw growth, offsetting declines in hearables, industrial products, home appliances, solid state lighting, IoT (Internet-of-Things) and automotive products.

The strong performance of CMS was supported by the continued expansion of production capacity worldwide in response to customer requirements. Furthermore, the implementation of Industry 4.0 is now well-advanced at the manufacturing facilities in mainland China. This is delivering more reliable product quality due to higher levels of automation, leading to further productivity gains. Industry 4.0 is also enabling data-driven production planning and giving customers real-time access to production status, improving upon already excellent customer service.

As a result, VTech CMS once again outperformed the global electronics manufacturing services (EMS) market, rising to 26th place globally in the calendar year 2023 from 28th place in 2022, according to *Manufacturing Market Insider*⁵. According to *Music Trades Magazine*, VTech also remained the world's number one contract manufacturer of professional audio equipment in the calendar year 2022⁶.

² MarketWise Consumer Insights, LLC, based on dollar and unit sales, April 2023 – March 2024

³ Circana, Retail Tracking Service, US and Canada, based on dollar and unit sales, April 2023 – March 2024 combined vs April 2022 – March 2023 combined

⁴ GfK Retail and Technology UK Limited. Based on period March 2022 – December 2023

⁵ *Manufacturing Market Insider*, March 2024 edition

⁶ *Music Trades Magazine*, September 2023

“ With a proven track record of integrating such acquisitions, VTech is confident of being able to unlock the value of the new assets, generating sustainable and profitable growth over the long term. ”

Acquisition of the Assets of Gigaset

On 5 April 2024 VTech completed the acquisition of the assets of Gigaset Communications GmbH (Gigaset), a global leader in communication technology. These assets were related to the development, production and sales activities of Gigaset’s businesses in DECT (Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications) phones, business telephony solutions for enterprise customers and android-based smartphones. The preliminary purchase price was EUR27.5 million and the transaction was funded by internal resources.

Gigaset is a German brand with a more than 30-year history and the acquisition is highly complementary to the TEL products business. Gigaset is the market leader in DECT phones in Europe, while VTech is the number one supplier of residential phones in the US. The acquisition therefore strengthens the Group’s leadership and makes VTech now the world’s leader in residential phones. In commercial phones, Gigaset’s product range focuses on multi-cell systems, complementing Snom’s desksets. Meanwhile, its smartphone business opens up a completely new product area for VTech. Gigaset also has a comprehensive sales network covering all European markets that can now be combined with VTech’s strength in North America. Furthermore, the acquisition gives VTech its first manufacturing facilities in Europe through Gigaset’s highly automated factory in Bocholt, which is supported by R&D (research and development) centres in Germany and Poland.

With a proven track record of integrating such acquisitions, VTech is confident of being able to unlock the value of the new assets, generating sustainable and profitable growth over the long term.

Outlook

Inflation and high interest rates continue to weigh on consumer sentiment and business investment in North America and Europe. Geo-political conditions, meanwhile, are increasingly uncertain. Despite the challenge this poses, the Group expects higher revenue in the financial year 2025. ELPs will grow as new products hit the shelves, while TEL products will benefit from an immediate contribution from Gigaset. CMS revenue is expected to hold steady. Profitability is forecast to improve due to higher Group revenue, stable costs and a more favourable product mix.

The stable cost environment is expected to continue in the financial year 2025. Cost of materials is forecast to remain little changed due to weak global demand. Labour costs and manufacturing overheads are holding steady as there is currently no pressure for wage increases in mainland China and the Renminbi remains weak. These factors will offset an increase in freight charges, which have risen owing to the situation in the Middle East.

The ELPs business is expected to see a recovery in revenue, driven by new product launches and enhanced merchandising arrangements. A rebound is expected in both the US and Europe. New VTech and LeapFrog products in the core learning categories, KidiZoom Smartwatch, KidiZoom cameras and the Magic Adventures line will drive growth. In Asia Pacific, sales in Australia are forecast to stabilise. The positive momentum in mainland China is expected to continue, with increasing sales in both offline and online channels. Globally, to counter the pressures of the challenging operating environment, VTech will be more targeted in its marketing and tighten inventory management further.

Letter to Shareholders

Sales of TEL products are forecast to rise as Gigaset makes an immediate top-line contribution. Integrating Gigaset's businesses into the Group's global R&D, procurement, manufacturing, sales and marketing and logistics operations will be the key task for the financial year 2025. This will see the TEL products business reorganised into three categories, namely residential phones, commercial phones and smartphones, and other telecommunication products. VTech is targeting to complete the process by the end of the current calendar year.

Sales of residential phones will return to growth following the addition of the Gigaset brand, with its sales network covering all European markets. The Group aims to grow Gigaset's residential phone business and market share by expanding its product lines. In commercial phones, Snom branded commercial phones will see sales increase, driven by new product launches. Gigaset's multi-cell systems will be augmented by Snom SIP phones. Hotel phones will also contribute to growth, as the positive momentum continues and VTech gains further market share. Gigaset's android-based smartphones, meanwhile, add a new domain to VTech's product portfolios. Other telecommunication products will see the Group build on the success of its first baby monitor with AI (artificial intelligence) features to launch a second-generation version with more advanced functionalities.

CMS revenue is expected to be stable. Faced with economic uncertainties, customers have become cautious in placing orders and are managing inventory more tightly. Sales of key product categories are expected to remain largely stable. Growth will be seen in smart energy storage systems, as the customer is launching new products and gaining market share. Sales of hearables will be negatively impacted by lower demand.

To prepare for future growth, the drive to globalise the production base will continue. Given the strong demand for supply from the Malaysian facilities from existing customers, the Group plans to add more manufacturing space within the current facilities. In Mexico, the factory is on track to offer full turnkey EMS capability from June 2024 onwards. The Group will also begin the assessment of implementing Industry 4.0 in its Malaysian and Mexican facilities to raise efficiency, cost effectiveness and customer service further.

VTech has expanded its global footprint further with the acquisition of the Gigaset assets. We now enjoy greater economies of scale and more direct access to key markets, shortening product lead times and simplifying supply chains. This will enable us to serve our customers better. We can therefore be confident of achieving sustainable growth based on our strategy of product innovation, market share gains, geographic expansion and operational excellence.

I take this opportunity to thank my fellow directors for their wise counsel during the year and all our colleagues for their hard work. I thank also our customers and suppliers for their co-operation as we work together to address the challenges of a fast-changing environment. Finally, my gratitude goes to our shareholders and business partners for their continuing support.



Allan Wong Chi Yun
Chairman

Hong Kong, 21 May 2024

Management Discussion and Analysis – Financial Review

Financial Overview

For the year ended 31 March 2024

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million	Change US\$ million
Revenue	2,145.7	2,241.7	(96.0)
Gross profit	634.9	633.7	1.2
Gross profit margin	29.6%	28.3%	
Other net (expenses) / income	(0.7)	1.7	(2.4)
Total operating expenses	(438.0)	(454.9)	16.9
Total operating expenses as a percentage of revenue	20.4%	20.3%	
Operating profit	196.2	180.5	15.7
Operating profit margin	9.1%	8.1%	
Net finance expense	(4.9)	(12.0)	7.1
Profit before taxation	191.3	168.5	22.8
Taxation	(24.7)	(19.3)	(5.4)
Effective tax rate	12.9%	11.5%	
Profit for the year and attributable to shareholders of the Company	166.6	149.2	17.4
Net profit margin	7.8%	6.7%	

Revenue

Group revenue for the year ended 31 March 2024 decreased by 4.3% to US\$2,145.7 million compared with the previous financial year. The decrease in revenue was largely driven by the decrease in revenue in North America, Europe and Other Regions, which offset the higher sales in Asia Pacific.

	2024		2023		Increase / (decrease)	
	US\$ million	%	US\$ million	%	US\$ million	%
North America	922.6	43.0%	984.8	43.9%	(62.2)	(6.3%)
Europe	888.3	41.4%	917.0	40.9%	(28.7)	(3.1%)
Asia Pacific	317.7	14.8%	315.8	14.1%	1.9	0.6%
Other Regions	17.1	0.8%	24.1	1.1%	(7.0)	(29.0%)
	2,145.7	100.0%	2,241.7	100.0%	(96.0)	(4.3%)

Gross Profit / Margin

Gross profit for the financial year 2024 was US\$634.9 million, an increase of US\$1.2 million or 0.2% compared to the US\$633.7 million recorded in the previous financial year. Gross profit margin for the year increased from 28.3% to 29.6%. It was mainly due to the decreases in freight charges and inventory provisions, as well as the lower direct labour costs and manufacturing overheads arising from the depreciation of Renminbi against the US dollar and reduction in number of workers compared with the same period last year. These offset the negative impacts of higher cost of materials as percentage of Group revenue resulting from the change in the product mix despite the decline in material prices.

Operating Profit / Margin

Operating profit for the year ended 31 March 2024 was US\$196.2 million, an increase of US\$15.7 million or 8.7% compared with the previous financial year. Operating profit margin also increased from 8.1% to 9.1%. The improvement in both operating profit and operating profit margin was mainly due to the increase in gross profit margin. The Group invests in an investment holding company which has a shareholding in a listed entity that designs and distributes integrated circuit products (the "Investment"). Other net (expenses)/income included a fair value loss of US\$0.7 million on this Investment, as compared with a fair value loss of US\$0.3 million in the same period last year. Operating profit for the year ended 31 March 2023 also included government subsidies of US\$2.0 million in response to COVID-19.

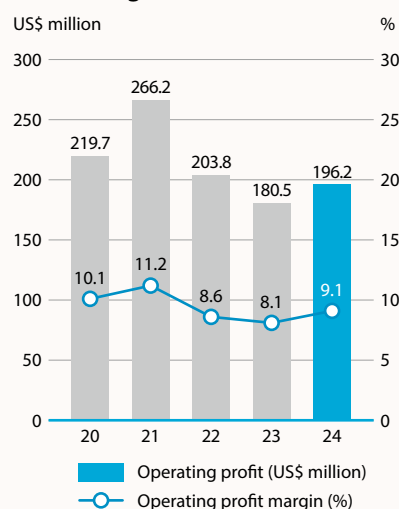
Total operating expenses for the year ended 31 March 2024 decreased from US\$454.9 million to US\$438.0 million as compared with the last financial year. Total operating expenses as a percentage of Group revenue increased from 20.3% to 20.4%.

Selling and distribution costs decreased from US\$294.0 million to US\$278.4 million compared with the same period last year. As a percentage of Group revenue, selling and distribution costs decreased from 13.1% to 13.0%. It was mainly attributable to the decrease in advertising and promotion costs and other selling and distribution costs for ELPs and TEL products as percentage of Group revenue.

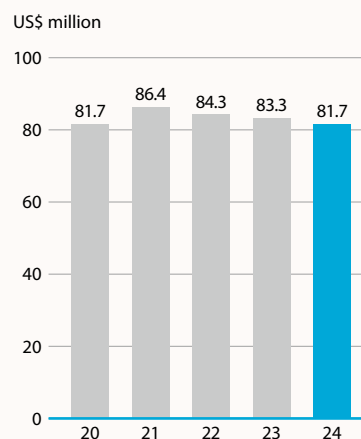
Administrative and other operating expenses increased from US\$77.6 million to US\$77.9 million compared with the same period last year. It was mainly due to the increase in employee related costs. The net exchange loss arising from the Group's global operations in the ordinary course of business was US\$0.7 million, as compared with a net exchange loss of US\$1.2 million in the last financial year. Administrative and other operating expenses as a percentage of Group revenue also increased from 3.5% to 3.6%.

During the financial year 2024, the research and development expenses were US\$81.7 million, a decrease of 1.9% compared with the previous financial year of US\$83.3 million. It was mainly attributable to lower project expenses and employee related costs. Research and development expenses as a percentage of Group revenue increased from 3.7% to 3.8%.

Operating Profit and Operating Profit Margin in Last 5 Years



Group R&D Expenditure in Last 5 Years



Profit Attributable to Shareholders and Earnings Per Share

Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2024 was US\$166.6 million, an increase of US\$17.4 million or 11.7% as compared to the last financial year. Net profit margin also increased from 6.7% to 7.8%.

Basic earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2024 were US66.0 cents as compared to US59.1 cents in the previous financial year.

Dividends

During the financial year 2024, the Group declared and paid an interim dividend of US17.0 cents per share, which aggregated to US\$43.0 million. The directors of the Company (the "Directors") have proposed a final dividend of US48.0 cents per share, which is estimated to be US\$121.4 million.

	2024 US cents	2023 US cents
Dividend per share		
Interim	17.0	17.0
Final*	48.0	42.0
Total	65.0	59.0

* Final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period

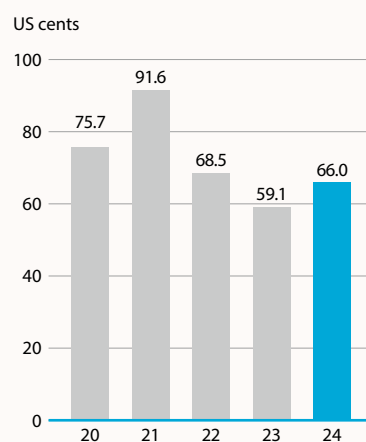
Liquidity and Financial Resources

Shareholders' funds as at 31 March 2024 were US\$645.0 million, an increase of 1.6% from US\$634.7 million in the last financial year. Shareholders' funds per share increased by 1.6% from US\$2.51 to US\$2.55.

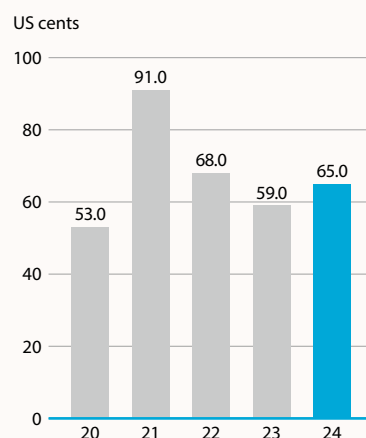
The Group had no borrowings as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

The Group's financial position remains strong. As at 31 March 2024, the Group had net cash of US\$322.1 million, an increase of 62.3% as compared to US\$198.5 million as of 31 March 2023. It was mainly due to the increase in net cash generated from operating activities and the lower dividend payment compared with the last financial year. These offset the advance payment for acquisition of certain assets from Gigaset, as well as unfavourable foreign currency exchange movements on the Group's net assets as a result of the depreciation of foreign currencies against United States Dollar during the financial year.

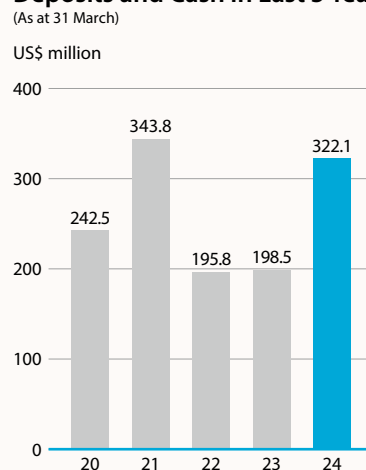
Basic Earnings Per Share in Last 5 Years



Dividend Per Share in Last 5 Years



Deposits and Cash in Last 5 Years



Analysis of Cash Flow from Operations

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million	Change US\$ million
Operating profit	196.2	180.5	15.7
Depreciation and amortisation	55.4	56.5	(1.1)
EBITDA	251.6	237.0	14.6
(Gain) / Loss on disposal of tangible assets	(0.3)	0.6	(0.9)
Fair value loss on investment	0.7	0.3	0.4
Share-based payment expenses: Share Award Scheme	3.1	3.3	(0.2)
Share-based payment expenses: Share Option Scheme	0.1	0.4	(0.3)
Working capital change	117.9	34.5	83.4
Cash generated from operations	373.1	276.1	97.0

The Group's cash generated from operations for the year ended 31 March 2024 was US\$373.1 million, an increase of US\$97.0 million or 35.1% as compared to US\$276.1 million in the previous financial year. The increase was mainly attributable to the larger decrease in working capital and higher EBITDA compared with the previous financial year.

Working Capital Change

	Balance as at 31 March 2023 US\$ million	Hedging and others US\$ million	Working capital change per cash flow US\$ million	Balance as at 31 March 2024 US\$ million
Stocks	475.5	–	(127.5)	348.0
Trade debtors	277.2	–	(52.6)	224.6
Other debtors, deposits and prepayments	47.1	(0.3)	12.3	59.1
Trade creditors	(252.3)	–	52.5	(199.8)
Other creditors and accruals	(216.2)	1.5	(4.3)	(219.0)
Provisions for defective goods returns and other liabilities	(25.6)	–	2.2	(23.4)
Long service payment liabilities	–	–	(0.6)	(0.6)
Net assets on defined benefit scheme	5.6	0.6	0.1	6.3
Total working capital	311.3	1.8	(117.9)	195.2

Stocks as of 31 March 2024 were US\$348.0 million, decreased from US\$475.5 million as of 31 March 2023. The turnover days also decreased from 128 days to 101 days. The lower stock level was largely due to the decrease in raw materials and finished goods as the supply constraints had eased compared with the corresponding period of the previous financial year.

As at 31 March All figures are in US\$ million unless stated otherwise	2024	2023
Stocks	348.0	475.5
Average stocks as a percentage of Group revenue	19.2%	22.9%
Turnover days	101 days	128 days

Trade debtors as of 31 March 2024 were US\$224.6 million, decreased from US\$277.2 million as of 31 March 2023. Debtor turnover days increased from 59 days to 60 days. The lower trade debtor balance as at 31 March 2024 was mainly due to the decrease in revenue in the fourth quarter of the financial year 2024 compared with the corresponding period of the previous financial year. The overdue balances greater than 30 days accounted for 2.6% of the gross trade debtors as of 31 March 2024.

As at 31 March All figures are in US\$ million unless stated otherwise	2024	2023
Trade debtors	224.6	277.2
Average trade debtors as a percentage of Group revenue	11.7%	13.4%
Turnover days	60 days	59 days

Other debtors, deposits and prepayments as of 31 March 2024 were US\$59.1 million, increased from US\$47.1 million as of 31 March 2023. It was mainly attributable to the purchase of tax reserve certificates amounts of US\$8.3 million.

Trade creditors as of 31 March 2024 were US\$199.8 million, as compared to US\$252.3 million as of 31 March 2023. Creditor turnover days decreased from 102 days to 91 days. The decrease in trade creditors was mainly due to the decrease in purchase of raw materials compared with the same period last year.

As at 31 March All figures are in US\$ million unless stated otherwise	2024	2023
Trade creditors	199.8	252.3
Turnover days	91 days	102 days

Other creditors and accruals as of 31 March 2024 were US\$219.0 million, increased from US\$216.2 million as of 31 March 2023. It was largely attributable to the increases in advance payments from customer and accruals of advertising expenses and other allowances to customers.

Provisions for defective goods returns and other liabilities as of 31 March 2024 were US\$23.4 million, as compared to US\$25.6 million as of 31 March 2023.

Net assets on defined benefit retirement scheme as of 31 March 2024 were US\$6.3 million, as compared to US\$5.6 million as of 31 March 2023. The increase was mainly due to the re-measurement of net assets on defined benefit retirement scheme.

Treasury Policies

The Group's treasury policies are designed to mitigate the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates arising from the Group's global operations. The Group principally uses forward foreign exchange contracts as appropriate to hedge the foreign exchange risks in the ordinary course of business. It is the Group's policy not to enter into derivative transactions for speculative purposes.

Capital Expenditure

For the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group invested US\$32.4 million in the purchase of tangible assets including machinery and equipment, leasehold improvements, office equipment, as well as the improvement of manufacturing working environment.

All of these capital expenditures were financed from internal resources.

Capital Commitments and Contingencies

Capital commitments in the financial year 2025 for ongoing business operations are expected to be US\$34.5 million.

All of these capital commitments will be financed from internal resources.

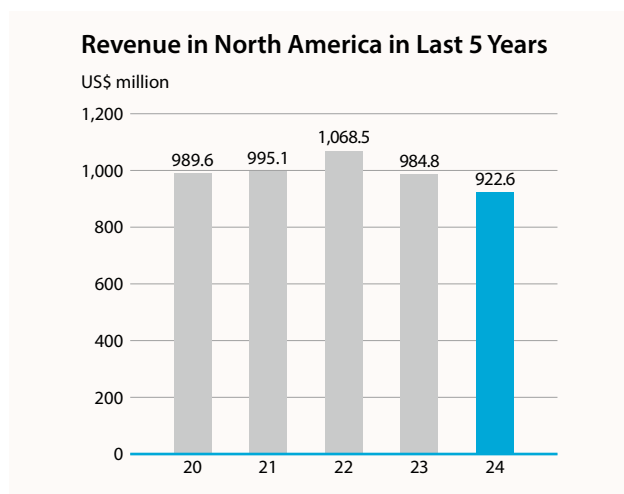
As of the financial year end date, the Group had no material contingencies.

Acquisition of Assets from Gigaset Communications GmbH in the Financial Year 2025

Subsequent to the reporting period, the Group has completed the acquisition of certain assets from Gigaset at an agreed preliminary purchase price of EUR27.5 million (approximately equivalent to US\$29.1 million). This acquisition included all intangible assets, real estate, plant and equipment as well as inventories relating to the development, production and sales activities of phones. The purpose of this acquisition is to strengthen the Group's leadership position in residential cordless phones, expand market channels and product portfolios globally, as well as manufacturing footprint in Europe. The acquisition would also add engineering talents to VTech's global R&D teams, leveraging synergies in technological development of its products and operational efficiencies.

Management Discussion and Analysis – Review of Operations

North America



Group revenue in North America decreased by 6.3% to US\$922.6 million in the financial year 2024, as lower sales of ELPs and TEL products offset an increase at CMS. North America remained VTech's largest market, accounting for 43.0% of Group revenue.

ELPs revenue in North America decreased by 11.8% to US\$415.9 million. Sales decreased in both the US and Canada as consumer demand weakened and the toy markets contracted. Standalone and platform products both registered lower sales, as did both the VTech and LeapFrog brands. Despite the challenges, VTech retained its leadership in electronic learning toys from infancy through toddler to preschool in the US and Canada in the calendar year 2023⁷.

In the standalone products, at VTech higher sales of the Go! Go! Smart family of products, preschool products, Switch & Go Dinos and the Kidi line were insufficient to offset lower sales of infant products, KidiZoom camera, Marble Rush and eco-friendly toys. LeapFrog managed to achieve higher sales of eco-friendly toys, while the successful roll-out of Magic Adventures Telescope contributed additional revenue. However, this was offset by lower sales of infant, toddler and preschool products, LeapLand Adventures and Magic Adventures Microscope.

Platform products also saw declines for both brands. The decrease at VTech was attributable to lower sales of KidiZoom Smartwatch, KidiBuzz and Touch & Learn Activity Desk. LeapFrog saw lower sales of educational tablets, interactive reading systems and Magic Adventures Globe, while subscriptions to LeapFrog Academy also declined.

The Group's range of innovative ELPs achieved widespread recognition in North America throughout the financial year 2024, garnering more than 90 industry awards from trusted parenting websites, toy industry experts, toy advisory boards and major retailers. Storytime with Sunny™ was included in Walmart Canada's "2023 Top Toys List", while Drill & Learn Workbench™ made Walmart's "2023 Top Toys List" in the US. Magic Adventures Telescope was named among the "Best Inventions of 2023" by the prestigious *Time* magazine. It was also selected as a finalist in "The Toy Foundation's Toy of the Year Awards" in the STEAM category.

TEL products revenue in North America fell by 16.2% to US\$201.0 million in the financial year 2024, with declines in all three product categories. Growth in Canada was offset by a decrease in the US.

A continuing market contraction saw sales of residential phones decline, while less shelf space from a major US retailer led to lower sales of AT&T branded phones. The Group did, however, increase its sales in Canada. During the financial year 2024, VTech maintained its leadership position in the US residential phones market⁸.

Commercial phones registered an overall sales decline. There were higher sales of hotel phones and Snom branded SIP phones, but this was unable to offset declines for headsets and multi-line analogue phones. The Group revitalised its go-to-market strategy for SIP phones, driving the sales increase in this product line. A range of Snom D7 desksets designed for hotel administration led to the growth in hotel phones. New thermostats for the hotel channel also started to make a sales contribution. Headsets, meanwhile, declined as a customer placed fewer orders. Sales of multi-line analogue phones decreased as the products made the transition to a new generation.

⁷ Circana, Retail Tracking Service. Ranking based on total retail sales of VTech and LeapFrog products in the combined toy categories of Early Electronic Learning, Toddler Figures/Playsets & Accessories, Preschool Electronic Learning, Electronic Entertainment (excluding Tablets) and Walkers for the 12 months ended December 2023

⁸ MarketWise Consumer Insights, LLC, based on dollar and unit sales, April 2023 – March 2024

Sales of other telecommunication products also declined. Baby monitors saw sales decrease due to keen competition. A reduction in orders led to lower sales of CareLine residential phones and IADs. VTech launched several important new products during the financial year 2024, including in September 2023 the V-Care VC2105 Smart Baby Monitor, which uses AI to provide sleep analytics and real-time alerts. The popular range of V-Hush™ Sleep Training Soothers was expanded with new models. These are equipped with a touch night light offering over 250 colour choices and up to six ceiling projection frames.

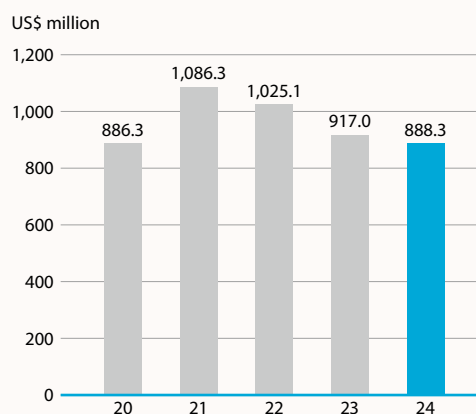
In the financial year 2024, the Group maintained its number one position in the baby monitor market in the US and Canada⁹. LeapFrog's LF2936FHD Baby Monitor was named "Touch Screen Monitor Product of the Year" in the "2023 Baby Innovation Awards" in the US.

CMS sales in North America increased by 11.8% to US\$305.7 million in the financial year 2024. The main driver was professional audio equipment. Power amplifiers, mixers and wireless microphones benefited from improved materials supply, clearing the accumulated backlog of orders. The full revival of music concerts and related activities following the pandemic, along with new product launches, further led to increasing orders for such equipment. Sales of IoT products were boosted by a new customer in the field of smart home control systems. By contrast, sales of industrial products decreased, as orders for PCBA (printed circuit board assembly) for coin and note recognition machines fell. Solid-state lighting also experienced a decline as a slowdown in construction activity reduced demand for LED (light-emitting diode) lighting.

The high level of service and dedication to quality of VTech CMS led to more recognition from customers in the US during the financial year 2024, including "Best Supplier" from a professional audio equipment customer, a "20 Years Partnership Award" from an industrial products customer, "2023 Best Service Supplier" from a solid-state lighting customer and "Preferred Supplier 2023" from an automotive products customer.

Europe

Revenue in Europe in Last 5 Years



Group revenue in Europe decreased by 3.1% to US\$888.3 million in the financial year 2024, as lower sales of ELPs and TEL products offset an increase at CMS. The region accounted for 41.4% of Group revenue.

ELPs revenue in Europe fell by 4.4% to US\$315.6 million, with declines in both standalone and platform products. Sales fell in all key markets, including France, the UK, Germany and Spain. In the calendar year 2023, VTech nevertheless remained the number one infant and toddler toys manufacturer in France, the UK, Germany, Spain and the Benelux countries¹⁰.

For standalone products, the sales decrease came as growth in LeapFrog products was unable to offset a decline for the VTech brand. At LeapFrog, infant, toddler and preschool products saw higher sales, offsetting a decrease in LeapLand Adventures. Sales of Magic Adventures Microscope and eco-friendly toys were stable. The successful launch of Magic Adventures Telescope in key European markets added incremental revenue. At VTech, preschool products, electronic learning aids and Marble Rush recorded higher sales. These gains, however, were insufficient to offset lower sales of infant products, the Go! Go! Smart family of products, KidiZoom cameras, the Kidi line, Switch & Go Dinos and eco-friendly toys.

⁹ Circana, Retail Tracking Service, US and Canada, based on dollar and unit sales, April 2023 – March 2024 combined vs April 2022 – March 2023 combined

¹⁰ Circana, Retail Tracking Service, January – December 2023

Management Discussion and Analysis – Review of Operations

Platform products saw lower VTech sales as children’s educational tablets, KidiZoom Smartwatch, the KidiCom range of products and Touch & Learn Activity Desk all declined. By contrast, sales of LeapFrog products rose. This came as Magic Adventures Globe achieved growth, while sales of interactive reading systems were stable.

During the financial year 2024, VTech was given the prestigious “Trophée de l’innovation (Innovation Trophy) 2002-2023” by a key customer in France. In addition, four VTech ELPs won “Grand Prix du Jouet 2023” awards from France’s *La Revue du Jouet* magazine. The award-winning products were KissKiss, Mon toutou bisous (Kosy the Kissing Puppy) in the “Best Interactive Plush Toy” category, Switch & Go Combo – Trio, le méga T-Rex SOS 3 en 1 (Switch & Go 3-in-1 Rescue Rex) in the “Best Transformable Vehicle” category, KidiSecrets Mon casier MagicLocker in the “Best Electronic Game” category and Genius XL – Télescope Vidéo Interactif (Magic Adventures Telescope) in the “Best Scientific Toy” category. In Spain, Magic Adventures Telescope was awarded “Best Toy of the Year 2023” in the category of “Electronic Toys” by the Spanish Association of Toy Manufacturers.

Revenue from TEL products in Europe decreased by 19.9% to US\$77.2 million in the financial year 2024, as residential phones, commercial phones and other telecommunication products all experienced declines.

Sales of VTech residential phones grew, as the brand expanded into France and Italy, while increasing sales in the UK and Germany. This was offset by lower shipments to ODM customers, who were facing over-inventory issues.

The decline in commercial phones came as sales of Snom branded SIP phones and hotel phones trended lower. Inflation and high interest rates led to reduced business investment in Europe, affecting demand for SIP phones and hotel phones. Countering the overall decline, the latest Snom D8 SIP desksets have proven popular despite their premium price point, while the value D7 series was expanded to cater to continued demand. Building out the Snom deskset offering further, the multi-cell M500 mobility system was launched in February 2024. In hotel phones, to target future growth, Snom Technology GmbH was appointed as an additional sales channel in continental Europe.

In other telecommunication products, growth in baby monitors was insufficient to compensate for a drop in CareLine residential phones, CAT-iq handsets and IADs as ODM customers reduced orders due to over-inventory. Nonetheless, VTech and LeapFrog baby monitors made good progress in the UK, strengthening the Group’s position as the number one baby monitor brand in the country¹¹. In January 2024, VTech was named the UK’s most trusted baby monitor brand in the latest *BrandSpark International UK Trust Study*, conducted by market research and consulting firm BrandSpark International, in partnership with *Newsweek* magazine¹².

CMS revenue in Europe grew by 1.0% to US\$495.5 million. Medical and health products, communication products and smart energy storage systems saw higher sales, offsetting declines in hearables, professional audio equipment, IoT products and automotive products. Sales of home appliances were stable.

Medical and health products grew as hearing aids customers launched new products and gained market share, while sales of hair removal products were stable. In communication products, wireless router sales rose as the customer built up inventory to prepare for moving production to a new location and VTech gained market share. Sales of energy storage systems ramped up as the customer captured market share following new product launches. Sales of hearables decreased, however, as the customer’s headsets for mobile phones reached the end of their life cycle. Sales of headsets for commercial use returned to normal levels. Professional audio equipment fell as orders for home audio interface products declined, although a new customer was added. Sales of home appliances held steady. IoT products saw lower orders for smart meters as the customer lost market share. Meanwhile, orders for internet-connected thermostats and air-conditioning controls declined as demand returned to normal levels after the energy crisis and a product launch was delayed. Sales of automotive products were lower as the customer lost market share because of keen competition and the delayed launch of its new EV (electric vehicle) charger.

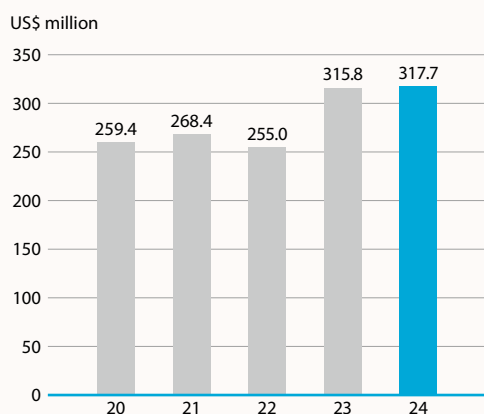
During the financial year, VTech CMS picked up several supplier awards from its European customers. These included “Supplier of the Year 2023” and a “Best Supplier Award 2023” from two IoT product customers, as well as “Supplier of the Year 2023” and an “Outstanding Supplier Award” from two professional audio equipment customers.

¹¹ GfK Retail and Technology UK Limited. Based on period March 2022 – December 2023

¹² Voted most trusted Baby Monitor brand by UK shoppers based on the 2024 BrandSpark® U.K. Trust Study

Asia Pacific

Revenue in Asia Pacific in Last 5 Years



Group revenue in Asia Pacific increased by 0.6% to US\$317.7 million in the financial year 2024, as lower sales of ELPs and TEL products were offset by an increase at CMS. The region accounted for 14.8% of Group revenue.

Revenue from ELPs in Asia Pacific decreased by 11.3% to US\$70.4 million, as higher sales in mainland China were offset by declines in Australia and Japan. In mainland China, both online and offline channels posted sales increases as the country rebounded from the pandemic. The strong sell-through of the core learning products and the revamped Go! Go! Smart Wheels® line drove the growth. Australia saw sales decreases for both VTech and LeapFrog branded products, as higher inflation and interest rates led to a weakening of the economy. Nonetheless, VTech maintained its position as the number one manufacturer in the infant and toddler toys category in the country¹³. In Japan, sales were affected by lower sell-through of jointly developed smartwatches and a decrease in sales to a major toy retailer.

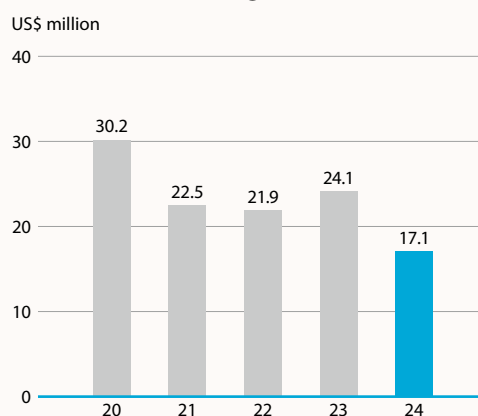
TEL products revenue in Asia Pacific decreased by 25.0% to US\$21.3 million due to lower sales in Australia, Japan and Hong Kong. In Australia, both residential phones and baby monitors registered declines. However, the Group's baby monitors picked up two "Bounty Baby Awards 2023" during the financial year 2024. The VTech BM7750HD Baby Monitor was a "Bronze Winner" in the "Best Baby Monitor" category, while LeapFrog's LF925HD Baby Monitor made the "Editors' Top 5 Picks". In Japan, sales of residential phones fell as an ODM customer reduced orders because of over-inventory. In Hong Kong, sales decreased following declines for IADs and residential phones.

¹³ Circana, Retail Tracking Service, January – December 2023

CMS sales in Asia Pacific rose by 8.7% to US\$226.0 million, driven mainly by rising orders for DJ equipment, which boosted sales of professional audio equipment. The CMS facilities in Malaysia are also benefiting from the continued strong rise in demand from existing customers seeking to diversify their source of supply. Medical and health products experienced a decline on lower sales of diagnostic ultrasound systems due to over-inventory, coupled with a delay in a new product launch. Communication products also posted a decline. Sales of marine radios were down, as the depreciation of the Japanese yen saw customers move the production of some models back in-house to Japan. During the financial year 2024, a professional audio equipment customer in Australia honoured VTech CMS with a "10 Years Partnership Award".

Other Regions

Revenue in Other Regions in Last 5 Years



Group revenue in Other Regions, comprising Latin America, the Middle East and Africa, fell by 29.0% to US\$17.1 million in the financial year 2024. The decrease was due mainly to lower sales of ELPs and TEL products. Other Regions accounted for 0.8% of Group revenue.

ELPs revenue in Other Regions decreased by 17.1% to US\$8.7 million. Latin America, the Middle East and Africa all reported lower sales.

TEL products revenue in Other Regions was down by 38.2% to US\$8.4 million. The decrease was attributable to sales declines in Latin America, the Middle East and Africa.

CMS revenue in Other Regions was immaterial in the financial year 2024.

Electronic Learning Products





No.1

supplier of electronic learning toys
from infancy through toddler
and preschool globally

49.4 million

products shipped
in FY2024

81 countries

selling the Group's
ELPs in 28 languages



Revenue by Region (US\$)

North America

415.9 million ▼ 11.8%
(year-on-year)

Europe

315.6 million ▼ 4.4%
(year-on-year)

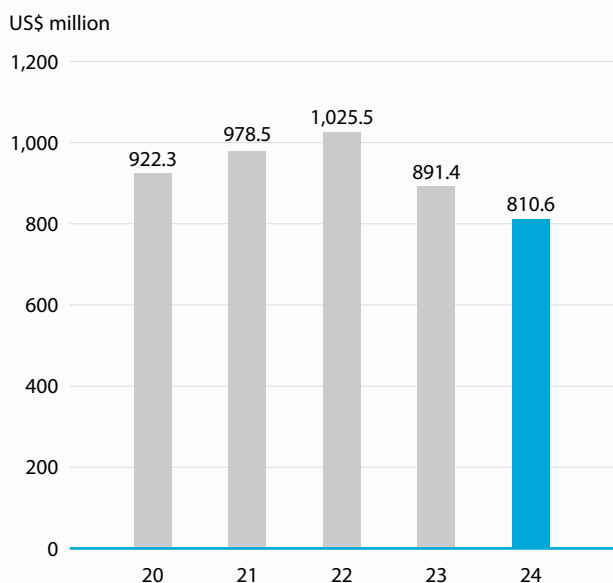
Asia Pacific

70.4 million ▼ 11.3%
(year-on-year)

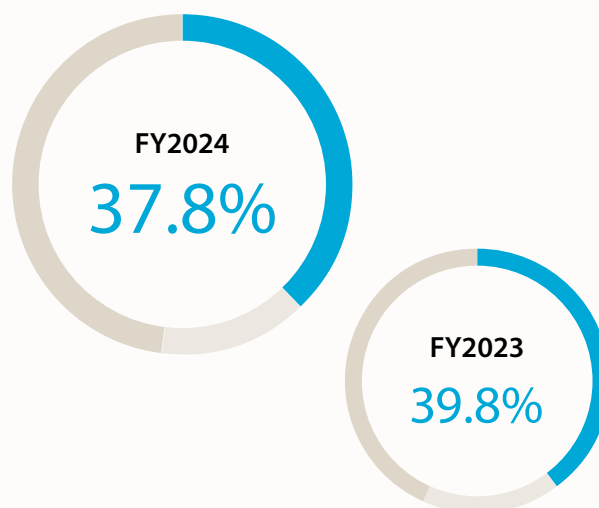
Other Regions

8.7 million ▼ 17.1%
(year-on-year)

Revenue in Last 5 Years



As % of Group Revenue



Hardware



Standalone Products

A broad range of age-appropriate and developmental stage-based toys that help children learn and develop through fun and smart play



Platform Products

Various devices for children at different ages and learning levels, including smartwatches, interactive reading systems, a learning globe, educational tablets, activity desks and handheld communication devices

Content

Engaging content on multiple platforms, including app stores providing educational and fun apps and games, the subscription-based interactive learning platform LeapFrog Academy and the award-winning Go! Go! Cory Carson animated series



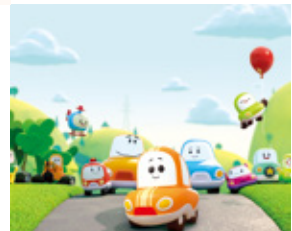
LeapFrog Academy

LeapFrog App Centre



VTech Learning Lodge

Go! Go! Cory Carson Children's Animated Series



Telecommunication Products





(Licensed Brand)



Gigaset

snom

vtech®

No.1

residential phones
supplier globally

No.1

baby monitor brand
in the US, Canada
and the UK

8.5 million

handsets shipped
in FY2024

60 countries

selling the Group's
TEL products



Revenue by Region (US\$)

North America

201.0 million ▼ 16.2%
(year-on-year)

Europe

77.2 million ▼ 19.9%
(year-on-year)

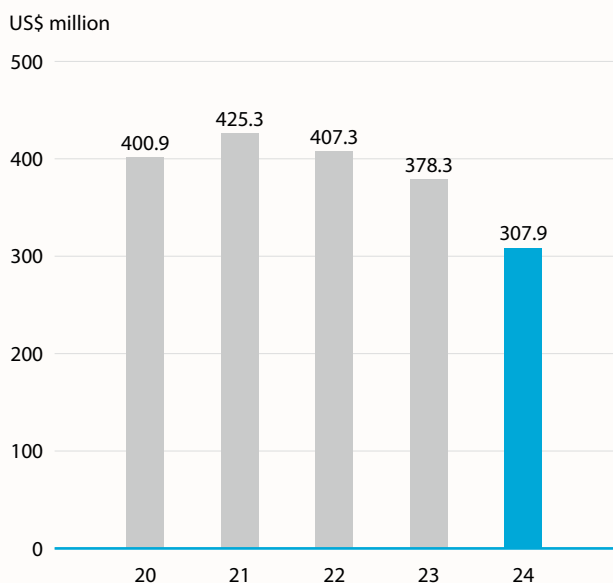
Asia Pacific

21.3 million ▼ 25.0%
(year-on-year)

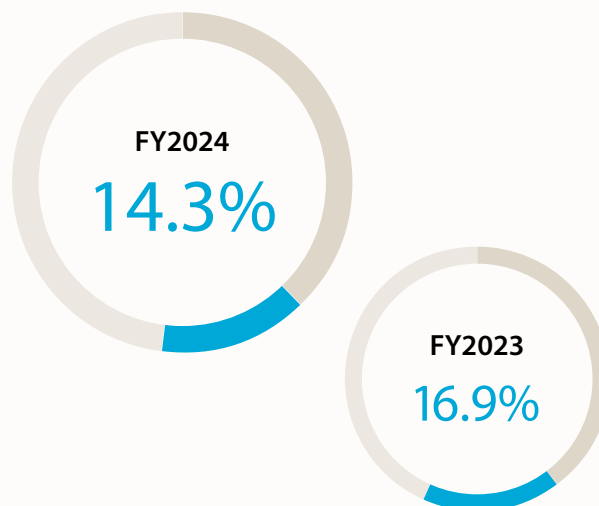
Other Regions

8.4 million ▼ 38.2%
(year-on-year)

Revenue in Last 5 Years



As % of Group Revenue





Residential Phones

A perfect blend of design and functionality to bring connectivity and productivity to the home



Commercial Phones and Smartphones

Communication solutions specially designed for businesses, from small-to-medium sized operations to enterprise-level corporations



Other Telecommunication Products

A wide range of products which cater to the various needs of home users, making life more comfortable and enjoyable

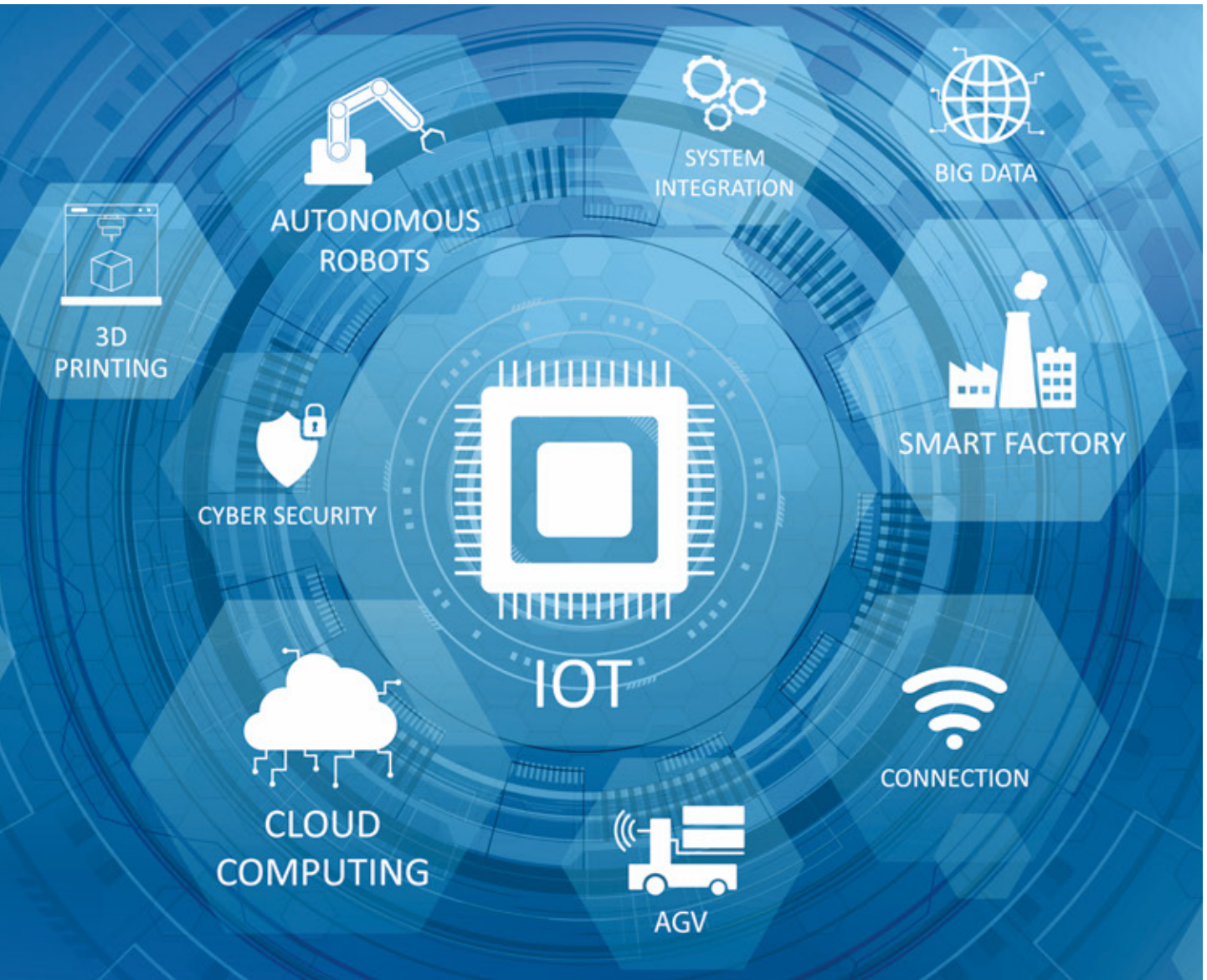
Contract Manufacturing Services



Record
revenue

No.1

EMS provider
in Hong Kong



No.1

contract manufacturer
in professional audio
equipment worldwide

26th

among the world's
top 50 EMS providers

9

awards received
from customers



Revenue by Region (US\$)

North America

305.7 million ▲ 11.8%
(year-on-year)

Europe

495.5 million ▲ 1.0%
(year-on-year)

Asia Pacific

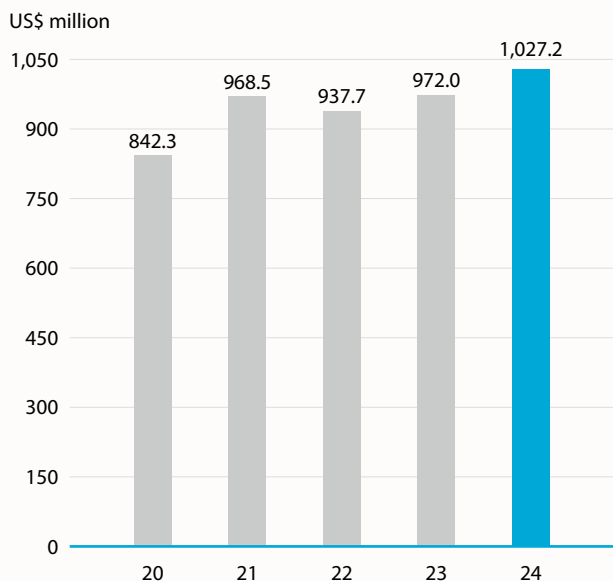
226.0 million ▲ 8.7%
(year-on-year)

Other Regions

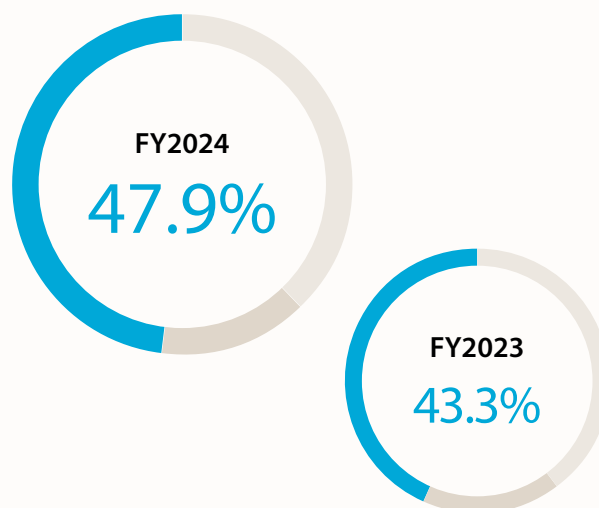
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* Represents revenue less than US\$0.1 million

Revenue in Last 5 Years



As % of Group Revenue



The Group focuses on professional, industrial and commercial products.
Below are some of the key product categories for CMS.

Professional Audio Equipment



Hearables



Medical & Health Products



IoT Products



Corporate

Sustainability Awards and Recognition

VTech's contributions to sustainability have received local and international recognition. VTech Holdings Limited has continued to be a constituent member of both the Hang Seng Corporate Sustainability Benchmark Index and the FTSE4Good Global Index for nine consecutive years. During the financial year 2024, VTech's rating in the Hang Seng Corporate Sustainability Benchmark Index rose to AA+, while it also achieved a higher AA rating in the MSCI (Morgan Stanley Capital International) ESG Ratings assessment¹⁴.

The VTech Sustainability Report 2023 also won various ESG Awards. These included the "ESG Award" at the "Best Corporate Governance and ESG Awards" presented by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the "Best in ESG Awards" and "Best in Reporting Awards" from BDO Hong Kong, the "Special Categories – Crisis Management" Award given by Bloomberg Businessweek/Chinese Edition, and the "Outstanding ESG Award", "Best in ESG Practices" and "Best in ESG Report" in the TVB ESG Awards 2023.

In addition, VTech received the "8+ Year Award (Enterprise Group)" in the Industry Cares Recognition Scheme organised by the Federation of Hong Kong Industries. It has also been designated a "Caring Company" by the Hong Kong Council of Social Service for 16 consecutive years.



Community Involvement



VTech has been collaborating with Save the Children, an international charitable organisation supporting marginalised and vulnerable children, to organise various fundraising and toy donation events across multiple countries for four consecutive years.

VTech's scholarship programme has entered its seventh consecutive year. In FY2024, VTech granted scholarships to 14 students from five universities in Hong Kong and continued to partner with the City University of Hong Kong and The Chinese University of Hong Kong to organise the "VTech Innovation & Sustainability Award". The Group also participated in a sustainability forum at the TVB ESG Awards 2023 ceremony, sharing its experience in incorporating eco-friendly practices across its business operations and product life cycles.

To promote health and fitness across the Group, VTech sponsored employees to participate in the Standard Chartered Hong Kong Marathon, Hong Kong Streetathon, Oxfam Trailwalker, Sowers Action Challenging 12 Hours Charity Marathon, Ultra-Trail du Mont-Blanc (UTMB) World Series Event, and Shatin Dragon Boat Race. VTech also continued to organise its annual "Global Green Day" to encourage a green lifestyle at its Hong Kong headquarters and overseas offices, with activities including tree planting events, Eternal Moss Artwork Workshop, Plastic-free Day and E-waste recycling campaign.



Award-winning Annual Report

The VTech Annual Report 2023 received a "Gold Award" in the category of Interior Design: Manufacturing & Distributing in the 2023 International ARC Awards.



¹⁴ The use by VTech Holdings Limited of any MSCI ESG Research LLC or its affiliates ("MSCI") data, and the use of MSCI logos, trademarks, service marks or index names herein, do not constitute a sponsorship, endorsement, recommendation, or promotion of VTech Holdings Limited by MSCI. MSCI services and data are the property of MSCI or its information providers, and are provided 'as-is' and without warranty. MSCI names and logos are trademarks or service marks of MSCI

Electronic Learning Products

Awards and Recognition

With their emphasis on innovation, VTech and LeapFrog products kept bringing joy to children throughout the year, while stimulating their imaginations. In the financial year 2024, the Group's ELPs received 109 accolades from respected toy and parenting industry experts, toy councils and retailers around the world.



TIME's Best Inventions of 2023

Magic Adventures Telescope was included in *TIME's* "Best Inventions of 2023" list, which features 200 extraordinary innovations changing people's lives.



London Toy Fair 2024

VTech joined the London Toy Fair in January 2024 to showcase its newest products. LeapFrog's Magic Adventures Binocular Camera, the latest addition to the popular Magic Adventures line, was selected as one of the "Hero Toys for 2024" at the fair.



Top-selling Youth Electronics Toy in Canada

KidiZoom Smartwatch was named the number one selling item in the Youth Electronics Supercategory in Canada in the calendar year 2023 by Circana¹⁵.



Grand Prix du Jouet Awards in France

VTech ELPs won four "Grand Prix du Jouet 2023" awards presented by *La Revue du Jouet* magazine in France. The award-winning products were KissKiss, Mon toutou bisous (Kosy the Kissing Puppy) in the "Best Interactive Plush Toy" category, Switch & Go Combo – Trio, le méga T-Rex SOS 3 en 1 (Switch & Go 3-in-1 Rescue Rex) in the "Best Transformable Vehicle" category, KidiSecrets Mon casier MagicLocker in the "Best Electronic Game" category and Genius XL – Télescope Vidéo Interactif (Magic Adventures Telescope) in the "Best Scientific Toy" category.



Marble Rush Awards in Australia

In March 2024, Marble Rush Sky Elevator Set was named "Construction Product of the Year" by the Australian Toy Association.

¹⁵ Circana, Retail Tracking Service, January – December 2023

Telecommunication Products



Acquisition of Gigaset Assets

VTech announced an asset purchase agreement in January 2024 to acquire the assets of Gigaset Communications GmbH, the market leader for DECT phones in Europe. The acquisition was completed on 5 April 2024.



No. 1 Residential Phones Supplier in the US

VTech has been the largest supplier of residential phones in the US for 18 consecutive years.



No. 1 Baby Monitor Brand

VTech baby monitors maintained their position as the number one brand in the US, Canada¹⁶ and the UK¹⁷.

Launch of Smart Baby Monitor with AI Capabilities

VTech launched the V-Care VC2105 Smart Nursery Baby Monitor in September 2023, marking an important breakthrough with the use of unique AI capabilities to provide baby sleep analytics and real-time alerts.



Award-winning Baby Care Products

The VTech and LeapFrog lines of baby monitors and sleep training soothers scooped 23 awards from trusted parenting websites and industry award programmes around the world.



¹⁶ Circana, Retail Tracking Service, US and Canada, based on dollar and unit sales, April 2023 – March 2024 combined vs April 2022 – March 2023 combined
¹⁷ GfK Retail and Technology UK Limited. Based on period March 2022 – December 2023

Contract Manufacturing Services

World's No. 1 Contract Manufacturer of Professional Audio Equipment

According to *Music Trades Magazine*, VTech CMS was the world's number one contract manufacturer of professional audio equipment in the calendar year 2022¹⁸.



A Global Top 50 EMS Provider and No. 1 in Hong Kong

VTech Communications Limited ranked 26th among the world's top 50 EMS providers, and number one in Hong Kong, according to *Manufacturing Market Insider*¹⁹ magazine.

Service Excellence

VTech received nine awards from customers in recognition of its outstanding CMS service in the financial year 2024. These included a "10 Year Partnership Award", "Best Supplier 2023", "Outstanding Supplier Award" and "Supplier of the Year 2023" award from professional audio equipment customers, a "Supplier of the Year 2023" and "Best Supplier Award 2023" from IoT products customers, a "20 Years Partnership Award" from an industrial products customer, "Preferred Supplier 2023" designation from an automotive products customer and "2023 Best Service Supplier" designation from a solid-state lighting customer.



¹⁸ *Music Trades Magazine*, September 2023

¹⁹ *Manufacturing Market Insider*, March 2024 Edition

Sustainability

“VTech’s sustainability vision is to create sustainable value to improve the lives of people and protect the planet for future generations.”

Over the past year, the world has faced numerous challenges of economic uncertainties, inflationary pressures and geopolitical conflicts. As a global leader in ELPs and residential telephony, as well as a world-leading contract manufacturing service provider, augmented by its strong foundation of sustainability, VTech was not only able to improve its profitability in the financial year 2024 (FY2024), but also achieved meaningful progress on sustainability. The Group will continue to maintain its commitment to creating sustainable value to improve the lives of people and protect the planet for future generations.

With the sustainability strategic direction provided by the Group’s Risk Management and Sustainability Committee, as well as a strong sustainability management structure and dedicated commitments of its management teams, VTech has continued to make progress in achieving its sustainability performance targets for the financial year 2024 as set out under the Group’s five-year Sustainability Plan 2025. It has also continued to initiate and implement a wide range of sustainability projects, which are related to the environmental, social and governance practices, and aligned with the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) adopted by the United Nations General Assembly in 2015.

Board’s Leadership on Sustainability

The Risk Management and Sustainability Committee (the RMSC) is chaired by Dr. Allan WONG Chi Yun – Chairman and Group Chief Executive Officer (Chairman & Group CEO) with Dr. PANG King Fai – Group President, Mr. Andy LEUNG Hon Kwong – Chief Executive Officer of CMS (CMS CEO), Mr. WONG Kai Man – Independent Non-executive Director (INED), Mr. Hillson CHEUNG

Hoi – President of TEL (TEL President), Ms. Shereen TONG Ka Hung – Group Chief Financial Officer (Group CFO) and Mr. CHANG Yu Wai – Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit (Co Sec & Head of IA), as members - a combination of Executive Directors, an INED and senior management.

RMSC is delegated with the authority from the Board to provide vision and strategic direction for the Group’s sustainability activities to ensure that they stay on track and in balance with the three sustainability dimensions of economic, environmental and social impacts at all times.

The RMSC is also responsible for reviewing the Group’s sustainability strategies and activities, assessing how the policies are implemented in achieving the sustainability goals and targets as well as monitoring the performance progress on a biannual basis. VTech also has an escalation process in place to ensure that any identified issues are dealt with at the appropriate level of the Company. To ensure that the Group’s sustainability strategies are carried out effectively and consistently throughout the organisation, the RMSC has also formed the Sustainability Sub-Committee comprising key employees from the Company’s different product lines and relevant departments.

In order to support the 17 SDGs developed by the United Nations, VTech has evaluated the relationship between the SDGs and the Company’s business and sustainability framework and identified five primary goals under which VTech has the greatest impact on and is best positioned to contribute through the development of its sustainability activities. Five sustainability pillars – Governance and Business Ethics, Product Responsibilities and Value Chain Management, Environment, Our People and Society that are aligned with the SDGs have been established accordingly.



Risk Management and Sustainability Committee Sustainability Sub-Committee

Sustainability Plan 2025 – Five Pillars

Governance and Business Ethics



- Promote a culture of integrity, accountability and innovation throughout the Company
- Ensure our corporate governance structure meets the applicable laws and regulations, industry best practice and global trends
- Review and monitor the internal control systems and risk management processes to ensure the overall effectiveness with continuous improvement
- Uphold the highest ethical standards of business integrity and foster a culture of compliance

Product Responsibilities and Value Chain Management



- Culture of Innovation – Support and encourage creative thinking and sharing of new ideas
- Product Innovation – Design products for the well-being of people and for the benefits of society
- Product Quality – Design products to ensure that they are of good quality and compliant with the highest safety standards
- Eco-friendly Product – Incorporate sustainability concepts into our product design and increase the use of sustainable materials for our products and packaging
- Sustainable Supply Chain – Manage our supply chain in a socially and environmentally responsible manner and source from approved suppliers who meet our VTech's Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) requirements

Environment



- Circular Economy and Environmental Management - Analyse, monitor and minimise the associated environmental impacts following our Environmental Management System
- Climate Change Strategy - Review our approach on climate change and develop sustainability initiatives to identify and address the associated physical and transitional risks and opportunities
- Culture of Innovation – Strengthen our operational excellence with innovative solutions in the following aspects:
 - Green Manufacturing Practice – Minimise the environmental impacts from our operations
 - High Performance Production Chain – Maximise our resource efficiency and improve productivity
 - Sustainable Logistic Practice – Improve operational efficiency and reduce carbon emission throughout the transportation process

Our People



- Promote a culture of integrity in our working environment
- Enhance our good staff relations through various communication channels and staff activities
- Foster a continuous learning environment and encourage employees to develop and advance their careers in VTech
- Respect the labour and human rights of all our employees with clearly defined human resources management policies, and promote an inclusive culture throughout the company
- Provide a supportive, inclusive and motivating workplace for our employees and foster a caring community in our workplaces

Society



- Promote a culture of accountability for the communities in which we operate, focusing on:
 - Supporting people in need
 - Collaborating with local charities
 - Providing training opportunities for young people
 - Nourishing an innovative environment
 - Developing a healthy and green community

Sustainability

Sustainability Plan 2025

In order to ensure that the Group's continuous improvement programmes and approaches on sustainability could be carried out effectively and consistently throughout the Company and in a sustainable manner, VTech has established its second five-year Sustainability Plan 2025 with annual measurable objectives and targets for the financial years 2021 to 2025. VTech's sustainability commitments include using sustainable materials in its products and packaging and recycling them in a responsible way, using eco-friendly transportation modes in its supply chain management, increasing the use of renewable energy and reducing the consumption of natural resources in its production process.

VTech has established a strong foundation for its sustainable growth. With the Company's determination and commitment towards sustainability, VTech will continue to implement comprehensive programmes to achieve its sustainability targets for its five-year Sustainability Plan 2025. VTech also strives to integrate economic growth, environmental protection and social responsibility in its strategic business plan, aiming to drive sustainable value for its customers, employees, shareholders, investors, suppliers and the communities.

Stakeholder Engagement

Stakeholder engagement is the process through which VTech stays connected with its customers, employees, shareholders, investors, suppliers and the wider communities in which it operates. VTech believes that the approach of stakeholder engagement is integral to the development of its sustainability strategy, and is also a pre-requisite for its long-term sustainable growth.

During the engagement process, VTech's Sustainability Sub-Committee identify the broad topics that the stakeholder groups are concerned with, and use a materiality matrix to assess the material topics identified by its stakeholders. A topic is classified as material when it substantially affects the Group's long-term commercial or operational viability, with material impacts on economic, environmental or social topics. This matrix combines VTech's approach to identifying and assessing the material concerns of its stakeholders, and its own materiality scoring methodology by following the principles outlined in the Global Reporting Initiative ("GRI") Standards.

Full details of the VTech Sustainability Report 2024 are available on sustainability.vtech.com/reports_policies.

Sustainability Report and Disclosure

VTech has annually published its Sustainability Report since the financial year 2014. The purpose of the report is not only to communicate its sustainability strategies, management approaches and performances with its stakeholders, but also comprehensively introduce its ongoing activities for the sustainable development towards the societies and environment in which it operates.

VTech has followed the GRI Standards and its principles of balance, comparability, accuracy, timeliness, clarity, verifiability, completeness and sustainability context for the Group's sustainability report preparation. VTech has also made reference to the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Reporting Guide ("ESG Guide") to define the report content and satisfy its "comply or explain" provisions.

Since the financial year 2024, climate disclosures started to align with the recommendations of the International Sustainability Standards Board's (ISSB) IFRS S2 Climate-related Disclosures. A number of potential physical and transition risks and opportunities related to the climate change, which have impacts on the Company in short, medium and long term, have been identified with development of sustainability initiatives to address in the five year Sustainability Plan.

Awards and Recognitions

VTech's contributions to sustainability have received local and international recognitions. VTech Holdings Limited has remained a constituent of both the Hang Seng Corporate Sustainability Benchmark Index with a rating rose to AA+, and the FTSE4Good Global Index for nine consecutive years. VTech also achieved an elevated rating of AA in the Morgan Stanley Capital International ("MSCI") ESG Rating. VTech was also presented the "ESG Award" in the "Best Corporate Governance and ESG Awards" by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the "Best in ESG Awards" and "Best in Reporting Awards" by BDO Hong Kong, the "Special Categories – Crisis Management" Award by Bloomberg Businessweek/Chinese Edition, as well as the "Outstanding ESG Award", "Best in ESG Practices" and "Best in ESG Report" in the TVB ESG Awards 2023. In addition, VTech received the "8+ Year Award (Enterprise Group)" in the Industry Cares Recognition Scheme organised by the Federation of Hong Kong Industries. It has been designated a "Caring Company" by the Hong Kong Council of Social Service for sixteen consecutive years.



Corporate Governance Report



The Board of Directors (the “Board”) and the management of VTech Holdings Limited (“VTech” or the “Company”) are committed to good corporate governance and the application of the principles including transparency, accountability and independence to achieve sustainable performance of the Company and enhance its value for the shareholders.

VTech and its subsidiaries (the “Group”) also recognise that a comprehensive corporate governance management structure is crucial in helping the Company to implement its strategies and policies effectively and consistently throughout the Group, and safeguard the long-term interests of its shareholders. The Group has also continuously reviewed its policies and procedures to ensure that it meets the requirements of the applicable laws and regulations, industry best practices, global trends, and market expectations. This Corporate Governance Report will also explain how the Group applies the principles of good corporate governance as set out in the Corporate Governance Code, so as to enable the shareholders of the Company to evaluate such application.

Corporate Governance Practices

VTech is incorporated in Bermuda and has its shares listed on the Stock Exchange. The corporate governance rules applicable to the Company are the Corporate Governance Code (the “Code”) set out in Appendix C1 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the “Listing Rules”). Throughout the financial year ended 31 March 2024 (“FY2024”), the Company has complied with all the code provisions of the Code, except for the deviation from code provision C.2.1 of Part 2 of the Code as described below.

Under code provision C.2.1 of Part 2 of the Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Dr. Allan WONG Chi Yun has the combined role of Chairman and Group Chief Executive Officer. As more than half of the Board members are Independent Non-executive Directors, the Board considers that this structure will not impair the balance of power and authority between the Board and the management of the Group. Furthermore, as Dr. Allan WONG Chi Yun is the founder of the Group and has substantial professional experience in the industry, the Board believes that the appointment of Dr. Allan WONG Chi Yun to the combined role of Chairman and Group Chief Executive Officer is beneficial to the sustainable development of the Group and the long-term interests of the shareholders.

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the “Model Code”) set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules regarding securities transactions for the Directors. The Model Code is also extended to apply to specified employees including the senior management of the Group. After having made specific enquiries, all Directors and specified employees confirmed that they had complied with the required standard of dealings set out in the Model Code and its code of conduct regarding securities transactions throughout FY2024.

VTech is also committed to following the ESG Guide set out in Appendix C2 to the Listing Rules. VTech’s Sustainability Report is made available for the public on sustainability.vtech.com/reports_policies and the website of the Stock Exchange. A summary of the 2024 Sustainability Report is provided on pages 36 to 38 of this Annual Report.

VTech Code: Compliance and More

During FY2024, VTech had certain corporate governance practices exceeding the compliance requirements in the following areas:

Our Board

- Our Board comprises nine Directors, of which five are Independent Non-executive Directors, exceeding the requirements of the Listing Rules that at least one-third of the Board (and not less than three Directors) shall be Independent Non-executive Directors.
- All members (instead of just majority of members) of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee are Independent Non-executive Directors.
- VTech conducts regular evaluation on the performance of the Board and its Committees. A summary of the evaluation results is presented to the Board for review and discussion, and presented to the respective Board Committees for follow-up.

Our Disclosures

- VTech announces its interim financial results within 1.5 months after the end of the six-month financial period, and its annual financial results within two months after the end of the financial year. It also publishes its Annual Report and Sustainability Report on its website and sends its Annual Report to the shareholders within three months after the end of the financial year. The announcement and publication periods are shorter than the minimum requirements stipulated in the Listing Rules.
- VTech's Continuous Disclosure Policy has been established since 2013 and is published on its website. The policy guides the Group in monitoring and disclosing potential inside information.

Our Other Practices in Corporate Governance

- In addition to the Directors, the Model Code adopted by VTech is extended to apply to specified employees including the senior management of the Group. This includes the implementation of clearance and approval procedures, as well as the prohibition periods for dealing in VTech securities. Senior management is required to declare that they have complied with the Model Code throughout the relevant financial year twice a year.
- At each of the AGMs held by the Company since 2017, VTech has sought the shareholders' approval for a general mandate (the "Issue Mandate") to be granted to the Directors to issue new shares of the Company of up to 10% of the issued share capital of the Company, which was lower than the maximum limit of 20% as prescribed under the Listing Rules; and, if applicable, with a discount of not more than 10% to the "benchmark price" (with reference to the Listing Rules), which was also lower than the maximum limit of 20% discount for relevant transactions as prescribed under the Listing Rules.
- Starting from the AGM held by the Company since 2018, VTech has not proposed to extend the relevant Issue Mandate granted to the Directors to allot, issue and deal with the additionally issued new shares (with a maximum of 10% of the issued share capital of the Company) to be repurchased by the Company.

Corporate Governance Framework

VTech operates within a clear and effective corporate governance structure. A strong corporate governance framework not only supports the Board and Board Committees to realise the business strategies for the long-term success of the Company, but also facilitates effective and efficient decision-making by the Board and Board Committees. In addition, the framework ensures that both Directors and employees would act within a robust chain of delegated authorities and powers, which could safeguard the compliance with the applicable laws and regulations.

VTech's Culture and Values

VTech's vision is to create sustainable value to improve the lives of people and protect the planet for future generations. This vision guides the Group to pursue its mission to integrate economic growth, environmental protection and social responsibility in its business strategies to design, manufacture and supply innovative and high quality products for the wellbeing of people and benefit of society, aiming to drive sustainable value for its stakeholders and the communities.

A healthy corporate culture across the Group is vital for the Company to achieve its vision and mission towards sustainable growth. At VTech, it is the Board's role to foster a corporate culture with three core principles (as set out below) to guide the behaviours of its employees, and ensure that the Company's vision, values and business strategies are aligned to it.



Culture of Integrity

Integrity underpins the behaviours of VTech's employees in working with each other and conducting business activities with business partners. VTech has human resources management policies in place to promote a caring environment with mutual respect and an inclusive atmosphere in the workplace. As for business ethics, the Group's Code of Conduct and Anti-Corruption Policy have defined the behavioural guidelines for its employees. All of these policies are supported by mandatory and regular training courses to instill and reinforce the Group's values of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly.

For details, please refer to the "Sustainability Pillars" – "Our People" and "Governance and Business Ethics" sections of the 2024 Sustainability Report.



Culture of Accountability

VTech's culture of accountability starts from the strong leadership of the Board, with delegation of authorities to its Board Committees, Executive Board, Executive Committees comprising senior management of the respective product lines, and to each individual employee throughout the Group. With clear objectives and goals in the annual budgets, three-year business plan and five-year Sustainability Plan approved by the Board, augmented by open communication and a transparent performance evaluation system for each individual staff, VTech's employees are committed to and accountable for achieving the targets for the long-term success of the Company.

For details, please refer to the "Leadership" section of this Corporate Governance Report.



Culture of Innovation

In an ever-changing business environment, a culture of innovation, which supports and encourages creative thinking and sharing of new ideas in the workplace, is crucial for the Group to continuously design and develop innovative and high-quality products for the wellbeing of people and benefit of society. It also facilitates VTech to strengthen its operational excellence in the factory operations with innovative solutions to continuously improve its productivity, and incorporate sustainability aspects in the business operations, which include various green manufacturing and sustainable supply chain initiatives, to combat climate change and drive sustainable growth of the Company.

For details, please refer to "Sustainability Pillars" – "Product Responsibilities and Value Chain Management" and "Environment" sections of the 2024 Sustainability Report.

Board's Focus and Activities

The Board is responsible for ensuring the effectiveness of the Group's corporate governance framework throughout the Company. It also recognises that effective oversight and leadership over the businesses and affairs of the Company focusing on the following areas, are critical to the sustainable development of the Company:



During FY2024, the Board examined and discussed the following items in respect of the five areas of focus:

Formulation of Business Strategies and Policies

The Board undertook an in-depth and comprehensive review of the Group's strategies. It covered the Group's position in the Company's major markets and product lines, leading drivers of change in the industry and markets, and development of product innovation and marketing strategies to seize business opportunities. As part of the three-year business plan and budget review process, the Board considered and approved the Group's three-year business plan for the financial years ending 31 March 2024 to 31 March 2026 and budget for the financial year ending 31 March 2025.

Risk Management and Internal Control

The Board acknowledges that it is responsible for reviewing the risk management and internal control systems. As such, the Board, through the Audit Committee and the Risk Management and Sustainability Committee, reviews the overall effectiveness of the Group's systems of internal control over financial, operational and compliance issues, risk management process, information systems security and effectiveness of financial reporting and compliance with the Listing Rules.

Leadership and People

Human resources management, including a leadership succession plan, is crucial to the Company's long-term success. The Board continuously reviews the Group's human resources management strategy to attract, develop, retain and motivate key talents across the whole organisation. It also encourages management to train the younger generation with the ability to navigate through the challenging environment and engage with important stakeholders of the Group.

Performance Monitoring

The Board approved the Group's Annual Report for FY2024 and the Group's Interim Report for the six months ended 30 September 2023. In approving the Annual Report and Interim Report, the Board also approved the financial statements and ensured that the statements gave a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group.

Stakeholder Engagement

Stakeholder engagement is the process through which we stay connected with our customers, employees, shareholders, investors, suppliers, business partners and the wider communities in which we operate. In order to strengthen the Company's market leadership in the businesses requiring technological advancement, the Board members and management exchanged opinions and agreed on the strategic direction to engage the younger generation in product innovation and development. The Company also actively engages with its shareholders and investors through physical and virtual meetings as well as investment conferences to provide timely information on the Group's business performance and development.

Commitment to Good Corporate Governance

(1) Leadership

Board of Directors

The Board is responsible for the stewardship of the Group, overseeing its conduct and affairs to create sustainable value for the benefits of its shareholders, and for the long-term success of the Company.

Except for the matters reserved for the Board decisions, which affect the Company's overall strategic policies, financial position and shareholders, the Board may delegate part of its functions and duties as well as the day-to-day operational responsibilities to the Executive Board and Executive Committees, specifying matters which require approval by the Board in accordance with the Group's approval policy.

Matters reserved for the Board decisions include, but not limited to, the following:

- deliberation of three-year business plans, risk management, internal control, sustainability strategies, activities and performance progress against the sustainability target;
- preliminary announcements of interim and final results, interim and annual reports, and sustainability reports;
- dividend policy;
- annual budgets;
- major corporate activities such as material acquisitions and disposals, and connected transactions; and
- Directors' appointment, re-election and removal.

Board Composition

The Board currently comprises three Executive Directors, one Non-executive Director and five Independent Non-executive Directors. The Board considers that the composition is well balanced in terms of experience, competencies, expertise, diversity and skills, with a strong independent element ensuring the impartiality of the Board's decision-making process and oversight of the management. The Independent Non-executive Directors are executives of high calibre with diversified industry expertise and bring a wide range of skills and experience to the Group. They bring to the Company independent judgement on issues of strategy, performance, risk and human resources management through their contribution at Board meetings.

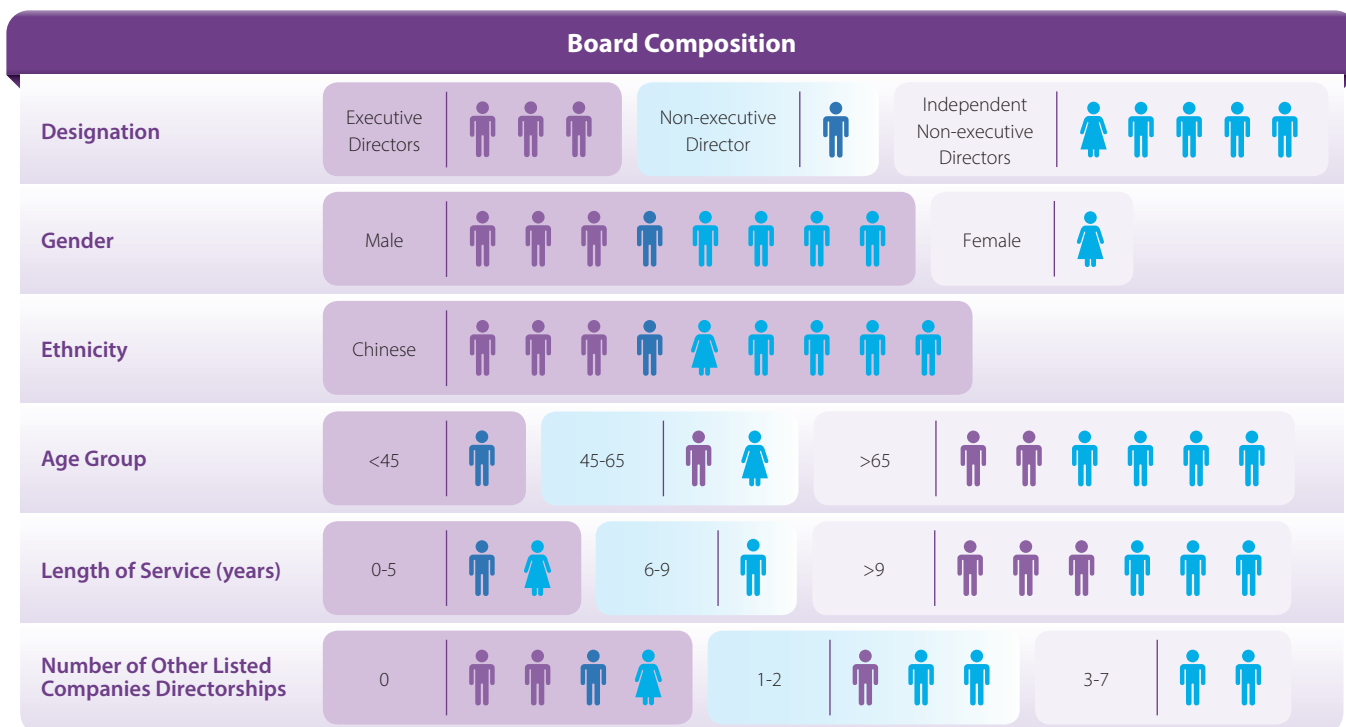
Commitment to Good Corporate Governance (Continued)

(1) Leadership (Continued)

Board Composition (Continued)

Details of all Directors and their biographies, including relationship between the Board members, are set out on pages 85 to 87 of this Annual Report.

The Board composition and Board skills and experience are set out below:



- Executive Directors
- Non-executive Director
- Independent Non-executive Directors

Commitment to Good Corporate Governance (Continued)

(1) Leadership (Continued)

Board Composition (Continued)

		Industry and Manufacturing	Mainland China	Global Business	Technology	Logistics / Supply Chain	Environmental, Social & Governance	Accounting / Finance / Legal & Compliance / Risk Management
 Executive Directors	Allan WONG Chi Yun <i>(Chairman and Group Chief Executive Officer)</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	PANG King Fai	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Andy LEUNG Hon Kwong	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
 Non-executive Director	William WONG Yee Lai	✓		✓	✓			
 Independent Non-executive Directors	William FUNG Kwok Lun	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	GAN Jie	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
	KO Ping Keung	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	
	Patrick WANG Shui Chung	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	WONG Kai Man	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
Total (in number):		9	8	9	9	5	8	7
Total (in percentage):		100%	89%	100%	100%	56%	89%	78%

In addition, the Directors disclose to the Company the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organisations and other significant commitments with an indication of the time involved twice a year. The Directors are also reminded to notify the Company in a timely manner of any changes to such information.

Commitment to Good Corporate Governance

(Continued)

(1) Leadership (Continued)

Board Committees

The Board has four Board Committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Risk Management and Sustainability Committee. The Board has delegated authority to various Board Committees to deal with specific matters. The Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee, the Remuneration Committee, and the Risk Management and Sustainability Committee were established with defined terms of reference which are no less exacting than those set out in the applicable provisions of the Code. The composition and terms of reference of the Board Committees are reviewed and updated periodically to ensure that they remain appropriate and in line with the Group's business and changes in governance practices.

Executive Board

The Executive Board consists of three Executive Directors, the President of Telecommunication Products and the Group Chief Financial Officer. It is responsible for overseeing the daily operations of the Group under the Board's delegation with support from senior management to review and manage the business, operational and financial performance as well as risk management and internal control of the Group.

As for the responsibilities of day-to-day operations, except for the specific matters which require the approval by the Executive Board in accordance with the Group's approval policy, they are delegated from the Executive Board to the Executive Committees and senior management of the respective product lines. The members of the Executive Committees are also responsible for ensuring that a similar process of delegation is in place within his or her department or responsible areas.

Executive Committees

The Executive Committees' members include the Executive Director(s), President(s) and senior management of the respective product lines appointed by the Executive Board from time to time. Day-to-day management of the product lines is delegated from the Executive Board to the Executive Committees of the respective product lines in accordance with the Group's approval policy. The Board retains control of the key decisions and certain "reserved matters" which will be reviewed annually.

Commitment to Good Corporate Governance (Continued)

(1) Leadership (Continued)

Executive Committees (Continued)



+  Executive Directors

*  Independent Non-executive Directors

 Senior Management

Commitment to Good Corporate Governance

(Continued)

(2) Effectiveness

Board Evaluation

The Board recognises the importance and benefits of conducting regular evaluations of its performance. In addition to the ongoing review by the Nomination Committee on the composition and structure of the Board, the Board has adopted a structured process to evaluate its own performance and Directors' contribution every two years since 2017.

The Board evaluation was conducted in the form of a questionnaire completed by all members of the Board and Board Committees with the aim of improving the effectiveness of the Board and the Board Committees. The scope of the evaluation focused on the composition and diversity, as well as effectiveness of the performance, of the Board and the Board Committees. The evaluation questionnaire consisted of both quantitative elements based on the ratings to each question, as well as qualitative recommendations on any areas of improvement.

A summary of the 2023 evaluation results, which was anonymous and prepared by the company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary"), was presented to the Board for review and discussion at the Board meeting in May 2023. The summary indicated that the members of the Board and Board Committees broadly agreed that the Board and Board Committees had operated satisfactorily. They were also satisfied, in general, with the composition and effectiveness of each Board Committee. The evaluation results, with recommendations, were also presented to the respective Board Committees for their follow-up actions of improvement.

Board Diversity

As for the diversity of the Board, the Directors were satisfied, in general, with the diversity of the Board and each Board Committee in accordance with the Board Diversity Policy, which requires annual review by the Nomination Committee. The Directors also recognised that the Board's diversity could be further enhanced in the areas of gender and age group. The Board would continue to take initiatives to identify suitable candidates to strengthen the Board's diversity and targeted to at least maintain the current level of female representation of the Board. To develop a pipeline of potential successors to the Board to achieve

gender diversity, the Nomination Committee will select appropriate candidates through various channels and make recommendations to the Board based on the Board Diversity Policy and the Nomination Policy of the Company. For further details of the Board Diversity Policy and Nomination Policy, please refer to the "Nomination Committee Report" section of this Corporate Governance Report.

VTech has also taken, and continues to take, steps to promote diversity at all levels of its workforce. It has a Human Rights Policy with a risk management programme in place to protect and safeguard the human rights of its stakeholders, including the employees. The Group provides equal opportunities to all employees and does not discriminate on the grounds of gender, race, age, nationality, religion, sexual orientation, disability or any other aspects of diversity. It has a target to achieve or maintain the percentage of women in management positions at or above 25%. In FY2024, VTech's global workforce consisted of 42% women, with 27% of management positions held by women. For details of the Group's Human Rights Policy, please refer to the "Respect of Labour and Human Rights" section of the 2024 Sustainability Report.

Appointment and Re-election of Directors

All Directors (including the Non-executive Director and the Independent Non-executive Directors) are appointed for a specific term of three years and are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at least once every three years at the AGMs under the Company's Bye-laws. In accordance with the Company's Bye-laws, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation. In addition, any Directors appointed by the Board during the year, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board, shall hold office until the next AGM and shall be subject to retirement by rotation. A formal letter of appointment is issued to the Directors who were appointed or re-elected during the year. The letter deals with the specific terms of appointment and a range of matters regarding the Director's appointment and responsibilities.

Board Independence

As at 31 March 2024, five out of nine Directors were Independent Non-executive Directors, exceeding the requirements of the Listing Rules that at least one-third of the Board (and not less than three Directors) shall be Independent Non-executive Directors.

Commitment to Good Corporate Governance

(Continued)

(2) Effectiveness (Continued)

Board Independence (Continued)

Mechanism to ensure Independent Views and Input

In order to ensure that independent views and input of the Independent Non-executive Directors are made available to the Board, the Nomination Committee and the Board are committed to assessing the Directors' independence annually with regards to all relevant factors related to the Independent Non-executive Directors, including the following:

- required character, integrity, expertise, experience and stability to fulfill their roles;
- time commitment and attention to the Company's affairs;
- firm commitment to their independent roles and to the Board;
- declaration of conflict of interest in their roles as Independent Non-executive Directors;
- cross directorships or significant links with other Directors;
- no involvement in the daily management of the Company nor in any relationships or circumstances which would affect the exercise of their independent judgement;
- further re-appointment of an Independent Non-executive Director (including a long-serving Independent Non-executive Director) is subject to a separate resolution to be approved by the shareholders; and an assessment on whether the Independent Non-executive Director is still independent and should be re-elected;
- the Chairman meets with the Independent Non-executive Directors regularly without the presence of the Executive Directors and Non-executive Director;
- independent professional advice, as and when required by the Directors; and
- the Independent Non-executive Director as the chairman of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee.

Conflict of Interest

Directors are requested to confirm the direct or indirect interests of theirs and their close associates, if any, in proposals or transactions to be considered by the Board at Board meetings, and are required to abstain from voting (and not to be counted towards the quorum) on the resolution approving the proposals or transactions in which they or their close associates have a material interest.

Independence

The Board has received from each Independent Non-executive Director a written annual confirmation of their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board considers that the five Independent Non-executive Directors are independent in character and judgement and they also meet the independence criteria set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The written annual confirmations from the Independent Non-executive Directors of their independence also covered their respective immediate family members (as defined under the Listing Rules).

The Nomination Committee and the Board have also taken into account the respective contributions to the Board of the Independent Non-executive Directors.

Dr. William FUNG Kwok Lun has diversified industry experience, brings a wide range of skills and experience to the Group and provides valuable insights and independent advice to the Board and the Company, in particular on the areas of logistics and supply chain operations and dealings with global markets.

Professor GAN Jie has extensive experience in both technology innovation and finance. Her areas of expertise include corporate finance, asset management, the Chinese industrial economy, financial regulation, stock markets and entrepreneurship, which enable her to provide valuable and independent guidance to the Board and the Company.

Professor KO Ping Keung has vast knowledge and experience in a wide spectrum of technologies, especially in areas such as advanced integrated circuits and information technology, and his connections with advanced technology providers and start-up companies of all sizes, especially in China, continue to provide great benefits to the Board and the Company.

Commitment to Good Corporate Governance (Continued)

(2) Effectiveness (Continued)

Board Independence (Continued)

Independence (Continued)

Dr. Patrick WANG Shui Chung has vast international experience with extensive knowledge of the manufacturing industry and a deep understanding of the environment in which the Company operates, which enable him to provide valuable insights and independent advice to the Board and the Company.

Mr. WONG Kai Man's strong finance, accounting and tax expertise and his firm commitment to his independent role enable him to provide key strategic guidance to the Board and the Company in areas such as financial review, risk management, compliance and internal control.

The wide breadth of knowledge and diversity of their experience make each of the Independent Non-executive Directors invaluable members of, and active contributors to, the Board. Moreover, they do not hold any cross-directorships or have any significant links with other Directors through involvement in other companies or bodies that could give rise to conflicts of interest in their roles as Independent Non-executive Directors and they are not involved in the daily management of the Company nor in any relationships or circumstances which would affect the exercise of their independent judgment. They continue to demonstrate their ability to provide an independent, balanced and objective view to the affairs of the Company.

The Nomination Committee was satisfied that each of the Independent Non-executive Directors has the required character, integrity and experience to fulfill the role of an Independent Non-executive Director.

Notwithstanding that some Independent Non-executive Directors have served on the Board for more than nine years, the Nomination Committee and the Board are of the view that this does not and would not affect their independent judgement as each of the Independent Non-executive Directors has been providing objective views and independent opinions to the Company over the years. In addition, they have continued to show devotion and a firm commitment to their independent roles and to the Board that they are able to devote sufficient time and attention to the Company's affairs and confirm that they will continue to demonstrate their commitment to their roles.

Any further re-appointment of an Independent Non-executive Director (including a long-serving Independent Non-executive Director) is subject to a separate resolution to be approved by the shareholders. Reasons will be given in the circular to shareholders to explain why the Board believes the Independent Non-executive Director is still independent and should be re-elected. If the proposed Independent Non-executive Director will be holding his or her seventh (or more) listed company directorship, the Board will explain in the circular why the proposed Independent Non-executive Director will still be able to devote sufficient time to the Board.

Professor KO Ping Keung currently holds seven directorships in other listed companies in Hong Kong and China. Taking into account the relevant expertise of Professor KO Ping Keung, the good track records of Professor KO Ping Keung in attending the Company's meetings and providing constructive feedbacks on the Company's affairs from time to time; and that Professor KO Ping Keung has provided a confirmation to the Company that he would ensure to devote sufficient time to the Board and the committees of the Company in which Professor KO Ping Keung is a member. The Nomination Committee and the Board believe that Professor KO Ping Keung would still be able to devote sufficient time to the Board.

Taking into account all the circumstances described above, the Board and the Nomination Committee believe that each of the Independent Non-executive Directors continues to be independent and provides invaluable and independent advice to the Board through his/her extensive knowledge and experience that enhance the diversified representation of the Board and that he/she will persist in upholding his/her commitment to the Company.

Commitment to Good Corporate Governance (Continued)

(2) Effectiveness (Continued)

Board, Board Committees and Shareholders' Meetings

Four Board meetings at approximately quarterly intervals are scheduled during FY2024 with other meetings held as required. Dates of regular Board meetings and Board Committees meetings are scheduled in the prior year to facilitate maximum attendance of Directors. All Committees' meetings are conducted prior to the Board meetings to ensure that all vital matters are reported to the Board in advance and decided upon by the Board in a timely manner. The draft agenda for regular meetings of the Board and Board Committees is usually sent to the Directors at least 14 days before the intended dates of the meetings. Directors are advised to inform the Chairman of the Board and Board Committees before a meeting if they wish to include any matters in the agenda. The agenda, together with the Board papers, are usually sent to the Directors at least three days before the meetings.

Minutes of the meetings of the Board and Board Committees record in sufficient detail the matters considered by the Board and Board Committees, the decisions reached, including any concerns raised by Directors or dissenting views expressed. Draft and final versions of the minutes of the Board meetings and the Board Committees meetings are sent to all Directors or respective Board Committees members for their comment and records within a reasonable period after the meetings are held. Minutes of the Board meetings and the Board Committees meetings are kept by the Company Secretary. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary and independent professional advice may be sought by the Directors if required.

The attendance of individual Directors at Board Meetings ("BM"), Audit Committee Meetings ("ACM"), Nomination Committee Meeting ("NCM"), Remuneration Committee Meetings ("RCM"), Risk Management and Sustainability Committee Meetings ("RMSCM") and Annual General Meeting ("AGM") during FY2024 is set out below:

Meetings attended/Eligible to attend							
		BM	ACM	NCM	RCM	RMSCM	AGM
 Executive Directors	Allan WONG Chi Yun <i>(Chairman and Group Chief Executive Officer)</i>	4/4	–	1/1	–	2/2	1/1
	PANG King Fai	4/4	–	–	–	2/2	1/1
	Andy LEUNG Hon Kwong	4/4	–	–	–	2/2	1/1
 Non-executive Director	William WONG Yee Lai	4/4	–	–	–	–	1/1
 Independent Non-executive Directors	William FUNG Kwok Lun	4/4	2/2	1/1	2/2	–	1/1
	Gan Jie	3/4	2/2	–	–	–	0/1
	KO Ping Keung	4/4	2/2	1/1	2/2	–	1/1
	Patrick WANG Shui Chung	3/4	1/2	1/1	2/2	–	1/1
	WONG Kai Man	3/4	2/2	0/1	1/2	2/2	1/1

Commitment to Good Corporate Governance

(Continued)

(2) Effectiveness (Continued)

Board, Board Committees and Shareholders' Meetings (Continued)

In addition to the regular Board meetings, the Chairman also held regular meetings with the Independent Non-executive Directors without the presence of the Executive Directors and Non-executive Director during FY2024 that provided an open agenda for the Independent Non-executive Directors to raise matters of interest to the Group with the Chairman.

Directors' Training and Professional Development

Every newly-appointed Director has been given a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on appointment.

During FY2024, the Company had organised a one-day training session as part of the continuous professional development conducted by qualified professionals on accounting, taxation, Listing Rules requirements and anti-corruption for the Directors and relevant staff to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Directors also received an annual update by qualified professionals on the Listing Rules update arranged by the Company. Materials on the subject of corporate governance and e-learning provided by the Stock Exchange are also provided to the Directors from time to time. In addition, the Directors attended other external seminars or briefings and read relevant materials on regulatory updates.

All Directors have provided to the Company their records of training which they had received during FY2024. The records are maintained by the Company Secretary for annual review by the Audit Committee.

A summary of their records of training during FY2024 is as follows:

Directors	Attending briefings, trainings, seminars, conference or giving speech	Reading articles, researches, journals and updates
Executive Directors		
Allan WONG Chi Yun (Chairman and Group Chief Executive Officer)	✓	✓
PANG King Fai	✓	✓
Andy LEUNG Hon Kwong	✓	✓
Non-executive Director		
William WONG Yee Lai	✓	✓
Independent Non-executive Directors		
William FUNG Kwok Lun	✓	✓
GAN Jie	✓	✓
KO Ping Keung	✓	✓
Patrick WANG Shui Chung	✓	✓
WONG Kai Man	✓	✓

Note: Training areas include information related to the Company, laws, rules and regulations (including the Listing Rules), accounting standards and business management.

(3) Accountability

Responsibilities in respect of Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for overseeing the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for FY2024 to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at that date and of its financial performance for the year then ended. In doing so, the Directors have adopted the appropriate accounting policies, applied them consistently in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards and made judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable in preparing the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

The Directors are responsible for ensuring the maintenance of proper accounting records, safeguarding of the assets of the Company and taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The management shall provide the Board with monthly updates giving a balanced and understandable assessment of the Company's performance, position and prospects in sufficient detail.

Commitment to Good Corporate Governance

(Continued)

(3) Accountability (Continued)

Responsibilities in respect of Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement by the external auditor of the Company regarding its responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 92 to 94 of this Annual Report.

Company Secretary

The Company Secretary is an employee of the Company, reports to the Chairman and is responsible for providing advice to the Board for ensuring the Board procedures are followed. The Company Secretary has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training and has duly complied with the training requirement under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

Internal Control

The Directors have the overall responsibility for internal control, including risk management, and set appropriate policies having regard to the objectives of the Group. During FY2024, the Board, through the Audit Committee and the Risk Management and Sustainability Committee, reviewed the overall effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control over financial, operational and compliance issues, risk management process, information systems security and effectiveness of financial reporting and compliance with the Listing Rules.

The main features of the Company's risk management and internal control systems comprise:

Internal Control – Internal Control Systems

The Group's internal control systems aim at safeguarding assets from inappropriate use, maintaining proper accounts and ensuring compliance with regulations. The management is primarily responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of the internal control systems. The system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against misstatement or loss, and to manage risks of failure in the operation of the Company. The Company has an internal audit function which monitors the effectiveness of the system and the procedures for monitoring by key operations.

The Group has put in place an organisational structure with formal and clearly defined lines of responsibility and delegation of authority. There are also established procedures for financial planning, capital expenditure, treasury transactions, information and reporting systems, and monitoring of the Group's businesses and their performance.

Internal Control – Internal Audit Department

The Group's Internal Audit Department has been established for more than 20 years and the Internal Audit Department has direct access to the Audit Committee. The Internal Audit Department reviews the effectiveness of the internal control systems. Every three years, the Internal Audit Department carries out a risk assessment on each identified audit area and devises a three-year audit plan according to the nature of business and risk exposures, and the scope of work includes financial and operational reviews.

The three-year audit plan is further divided into three annual audit plans. Every year, the Internal Audit Department reviews the upcoming annual audit plan and makes adjustments to it where appropriate. The three-year audit plan and the annual audit plans, with subsequent adjustments where appropriate, are reviewed and agreed by the Audit Committee. In addition to the agreed schedule of work, the Internal Audit Department conducts other review and investigative work as may be required. The Audit Committee receives summary reports from the Internal Audit Department twice a year, and while the results of internal audit reviews and responses to the recommended corrective actions are also reported to the Executive Directors and senior management. The Internal Audit Department is also responsible for following up the corrective actions to ensure that satisfactory controls are maintained.

As stated in the "Audit Committee Report" section, the Audit Committee is satisfied that the risk management and internal control systems of the Group for FY2024 and up to the date of this Annual Report are effective and adequate. The Company also concurs with the view of the Audit Committee and considers its risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate during FY2024.

Commitment to Good Corporate Governance

(Continued)

(3) Accountability (Continued)

Internal Control – Other Control and Management

Code of Conduct

The Company's policy on the Code of Conduct is also an important part of the Group's internal control process. The Code of Conduct is a written statement of the core standards of behaviour expected by the Group. It includes provisions addressing a wide range of areas and it covers, among others, improper business courtesies, conflicts of interest, handling of confidential and proprietary information and intellectual property, relationships with suppliers, contractors, customers, and business partners, competing with integrity, international trade and interacting with governments, environmental protection, occupational health and safety, respect of labour and human rights, and equal opportunities.

Employees are required to strictly follow the Code of Conduct to ensure the Group operates to the highest standards of business behaviour and ethics in our dealings with customers, business partners, shareholders, employees, and the business community. Employees are required on joining to confirm that they understand and accept the requirements and standards laid down in the Code of Conduct appropriate to their role and position in the Company, and in addition, avail themselves to attend and complete various governance trainings provided online, and provide annual confirmation of compliance in writing. The Code of Conduct is reviewed periodically to align it with the industry best practice and was last updated in April 2022.

Full details of VTech's Code of Conduct are available on www.vtech.com/en/investors/corporate-governance/code-of-conduct.

Whistleblowing Policy

The Group maintains a Whistleblowing Policy to facilitate the raising of matters of serious concern by employees and those who deal with the Company (e.g. customers and suppliers), in confidence and anonymity, without the fear of recrimination. Procedures are established for employees to report complaints and suspected internal malpractices directly to the Group Chief Compliance Officer, who will review the complaints and determine the appropriate mode of investigation and subsequent corrective action. Recommendations on improvements to controls and procedures identified during the course of the investigation are communicated to the respective department's senior management for implementation.

The nature, status and the results of the complaints received under the Whistleblowing Policy are reported to the Chairman of the Audit Committee on a quarterly basis and to the Audit Committee twice a year. No incident of fraud or misconduct was considered to have a material effect on the Group's financial statements or overall operations for FY2024. The Whistleblowing Policy is reviewed periodically to align it with the industry best practice and was last updated in May 2022.

Full details of VTech's Whistleblowing Policy are available on www.vtech.com/en/investors/corporate-governance/whistleblowing-policy.

Anti-Corruption Policy

The Group is committed to achieving the highest standards of business conduct and has zero tolerance for corruption and related malpractice. The Anti-Corruption Policy forms an integral part of the Group's corporate governance framework. Other relevant policies of the framework, including the Code of Conduct, the Policy on Gifts, Entertainment and Gratuities, and the Whistleblowing Policy, outline the Group's expectations and requirements of business ethics, as well as the investigation and reporting mechanism for suspected corruption practices.

The Anti-Corruption Policy sets out the specific behavioural guidelines that VTech personnel and business partners must follow to combat corruption. It demonstrates VTech's commitment to the practice of ethical business conduct and the compliance with the anti-corruption laws and regulations that apply to its local and foreign operations. Every employee, officer and member of the Board must act with the utmost integrity, defined not only by the applicable laws and regulations, but also by the determination to do the right thing in all circumstances.

Regular training for employees to enhance their understanding of the policy requirements is organised. The annual declaration made by our staff under the Code of Conduct includes their confirmation of the compliance with the Policy. The Anti-Corruption Policy is reviewed periodically to align it with the applicable laws and regulations and was last updated in May 2022.

Full details of VTech's Anti-Corruption Policy are available on www.vtech.com/en/investors/corporate-governance/anti-corruption-policy.

Commitment to Good Corporate Governance

(Continued)

(3) Accountability (Continued)

Internal Control – Other Control and Management (Continued)

Risk Register

As part of its process used to review the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems and to resolve material internal control defects (if any), the Company maintains a Risk Register to record the major and identifiable risks in the critical functions in the operation of the Company. The Risk Register is being reviewed by the Risk Management and Sustainability Committee twice a year. At management level, department representatives of each key business unit/function maintain a risk register documenting the key risks and the response measures for the relevant risk. To facilitate the review of the Risk Register by the Risk Management and Sustainability Committee, the Internal Audit Department will review the operation of the risk management framework, including the effectiveness of reporting to the appropriate management, and the continuing operation of appropriate risk responses.

Liability Insurance for the Directors

The Company purchases annually Directors' and officers' liability insurance for members of the Board to provide protection against claims arising from the lawful discharge of duties by the Directors.

(4) Shareholder Engagement

Continuous Disclosure Policy

The Company has established a Continuous Disclosure Policy to set out the Company's procedures for monitoring developments in our businesses for inside information and communicating such information with our shareholders, analysts, media and other stakeholders in accordance with the inside information disclosure requirement under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and the Listing Rules. The Continuous Disclosure Policy is reviewed periodically to align it with the applicable laws and regulations as well as the industry best practice and was last updated in May 2022.

Full details of VTech's Continuous Disclosure Policy are available on www.vtech.com/en/investors/corporate-governance/continuous-disclosure-policy.

Shareholders' Rights

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between shareholders and the Board. An AGM shall be held in each year at the time and place determined by the Board.

Procedure for shareholders to convene special general meeting

Under the Company's Bye-laws, in addition to regular AGMs, the Board, on the requisition of shareholders of the Company holding not less than 10% of the paid-up capital of the Company, may convene a special general meeting to address specific issues of the Company within 21 days from the date of deposit of written notice to the registered office of the Company. The requisition(s) must state the purposes of the meeting, and must be signed by the requisitioner(s).

Procedure for shareholders to propose resolution at AGM

Shareholders holding not less than 5% of the total voting rights of all the shareholders or not less than 100 shareholders may propose any resolutions at the AGM and circulate to other shareholders a written statement with respect to the matter to be dealt with at the AGM by sending a written notice of their proposals to the Company Secretary at the Company's principal office at the address of 23rd Floor, Tai Ping Industrial Building, Block 1, 57 Ting Kok Road, Tai Po, New Territories, Hong Kong, or by email to investor_relations@vtech.com.

Procedure for shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director

The procedures for proposing a person for election as Director at a general meeting are set out in the "Corporate Governance" under the "Investors" section of the Company's website.

Procedure for shareholders to send enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may send their enquiries requiring the Board's attention to the Company Secretary at the Company's principal office at the address of 23rd Floor, Tai Ping Industrial Building, Block 1, 57 Ting Kok Road, Tai Po, New Territories, Hong Kong or by email to investor_relations@vtech.com.

Commitment to Good Corporate Governance

(Continued)

(4) Shareholder Engagement (Continued)

Annual General Meeting

VTech's AGM is held in July each year. The AGM, which is attended by the Directors, senior management, external auditor and lawyer, is an important event for the Board to communicate with its shareholders on the Group's business performance and affairs every year.

In order to ensure that the Group's shareholders have sufficient time to review the AGM notices, annual report and financial statements, all the AGM related documents are despatched to the shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the AGM.

VTech also conducts all voting at the AGM by poll with the whole process scrutinised by the Company's share registrar in attendance of the AGM. Procedures for conducting the poll are explained at the AGM prior to taking the poll. The results of the voting on the resolutions are announced and posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The 2024 AGM will be held on 24 July 2024. The Notice of the 2024 AGM, which constitutes part of a circular to the shareholders, will be sent together with this Annual Report. The Notice, the circular which sets out details of the business to be conducted at the 2024 AGM, and the proxy form will be available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. The results of the voting on the proposed resolutions will be published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company after the 2024 AGM is held.

Changes in Constitutional Documents

During FY2024, the Directors obtained the approval of the shareholders at the 2023 AGM to amend the existing Bye-laws of the Company and for the adoption of the new Bye-laws, for the purposes of bringing the Bye-laws in line with the Core Shareholder Protection Standards set out in Appendix A1 to the Listing Rules, and providing for an electronic or a hybrid meeting where the shareholders of the Company may attend the shareholders' meetings of the Company by electronic means in addition to a traditional physical meeting, where the shareholders of the Company can only attend physically. Appropriate housekeeping amendments were also proposed to bring the Bye-laws of the Company in line with the major amendments proposed.

The updated version of the Bye-laws of the Company is available for download from the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

Shareholders Communication Policy

The Company has established a Shareholders Communication Policy to set out the procedures for providing shareholders and the investment community with ready, equal and timely access to balanced and understandable information about the Company. This is to enable shareholders to exercise their rights in an informed manner, and to allow shareholders and the investment community to engage actively with the Company.

Shareholders and the investment community may at any time make a request for publicly available Company information or communicate their view to the Company by email to investor_relations@vtech.com, by post addressed to the Company's principal office, via the contact form on the Company's website or through the Company's share registrar.

The Company reviews the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders Communication Policy annually. The most recent review was conducted in May 2024 and the effectiveness of the policy was confirmed, as multiple channels of communication and engagement were in place and adopted.

The methods used to communicate with the shareholders and the investment community are set out in the "Investor Relations" section of this Annual Report from page 82 to 84. Full details of VTech's Shareholders Communication Policy are available on www.vtech.com/en/investors/corporate-governance/shareholders-communication-policy.

Financial Key Dates

The financial calendar highlighting important dates for the shareholders in 2024 is set out in the "Investor Relations" section of this Annual Report and is also available on the Company's website.

Commitment to Good Corporate Governance

(Continued)

(4) Shareholder Engagement (Continued)

Dividend Policy

The Company has established a Dividend Policy to set out the guidelines for the Board to determine (i) whether dividends are to be declared and paid; and (ii) the level of the dividend to be paid to the shareholders. It is the policy to allow the shareholders to participate in the Company's profits whilst retaining adequate reserves for future growth.

Normally, the Company pays dividends twice a year, which are the interim dividend and final dividend. In determining and recommending the frequency, amount and form of any dividends in any financial year/period, the Board shall consider the following factors:

- actual and expected financial performance of the Group;
- global economic conditions and other factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance of the Group;
- the Group's business strategies, current and future operations, liquidity position and capital requirements, including future cash commitments and investment needs to sustain the long-term growth aspect of the business;
- any restrictions on payment of dividends in the Company's Bye-laws or which may be imposed by the Group's lenders; and
- any other factors that the Board deems appropriate.

Audit Committee Report

Committee Members

The Audit Committee is chaired by Mr. WONG Kai Man, with Dr. William FUNG Kwok Lun, Professor GAN Jie, Professor KO Ping Keung and Dr. Patrick WANG Shui Chung as members. All of the members are Independent Non-executive Directors.

Roles and Responsibilities

The Audit Committee has been established to assist the Board in fulfilling its overseeing responsibilities for financial reporting, risk management, corporate governance functions, and evaluation of internal control systems and internal auditing processes. It also ensures that the Group complies with all applicable laws and regulations.

The Audit Committee is also responsible for overseeing the effectiveness of formal procedures for employees to raise any matters of serious concerns and is required to review any reports made by the Internal Audit Department in this regard.

Furthermore, the Audit Committee acts as the key representative body for overseeing the Group's relationship with the external auditor, reviews and monitors the external auditor's independence and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards.

Mr. WONG Kai Man, as the chairman of the Audit Committee, has the appropriate financial management expertise as required under the Listing Rules. The Audit Committee had held two meetings during FY2024. In addition to the Audit Committee members, the meetings were attended by the Group Chief Executive Officer, the Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, the Group Chief Financial Officer and the external auditor of the Company.

Terms of Reference

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are available on www.vtech.com/en/investors/corporate-governance/board-committees.

Highlights of the Committee's Work in FY2024

The work performed by the Audit Committee during FY2024 included, but not limited to, reviewing the following before recommending them to the Board for consideration and approval:

- the Group's audited consolidated financial statements and reports for the year ended 31 March 2023;
- the report from the external auditor for the year ended 31 March 2023;
- the corporate governance report setting out the corporate governance policies and practices in the 2023 Annual Report in compliance with the Code;
- the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management for the year ended 31 March 2023;
- the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, financial reporting and internal audit functions, and those relating to the ESG reporting for the year ended 31 March 2023;
- the Policy on Provision of Non-Assurance Services by Auditor;
- the fee level and nature of non-audit work performed by the external auditor for the year ended 31 March 2023;
- the re-appointment of the external auditor and its remuneration for FY2024;
- the key ESG issues, performance (including risks and strategies) and the 2023 Sustainability Report;
- the Group's unaudited Interim Financial Report and unaudited interim results for the six months ended 30 September 2023;
- the report from the external auditor based on limited agreed-upon procedures on the Group's unaudited interim results for the six months ended 30 September 2023;

Audit Committee Report (Continued)

Highlights of the Committee's Work in FY2024 (Continued)

- the corporate governance section setting out the corporate governance policies and practices in the 2023/2024 Interim Report in compliance with the Code;
- the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group;
- the respective audit plans of the internal and external auditors;
- the significant findings by the Internal Audit Department and recommendations for corrective actions; and
- the reports made by Internal Audit Department under the Whistleblowing Policy.

On the date of this Annual Report, the Audit Committee reviewed the Group's audited consolidated financial statements and reports for FY2024 in conjunction with the Company's external auditor and senior management before recommending them to the Board for consideration and approval. The financial results of the Group for FY2024 have been reviewed with no disagreement by the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee has also reviewed and approved the revised Policy on Provision of Non-Assurance Services by Auditor, the key ESG issues and the related risks and strategies, and the 2024 Sustainability Report.

In addition to the above, the Audit Committee assisted the Board in meeting its responsibilities for maintaining an effective system of internal control and risk management during FY2024. It reviewed the process by which the Group evaluates its control environment and risk assessment procedures, and the way in which business and control risks are managed twice a year.

It should be noted that a system of internal control and risk management, no matter how well it is designed and operated, can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance that the objectives of the system of internal control, such as safeguarding assets from inappropriate use, material transactions being executed according to the Group's policies or ensuring compliance with regulations, are met. As a result, it should not be expected that a system of internal control will prevent or detect all errors and frauds.

Based on the information received from the management (including the Risk Management and Sustainability Committee and Data Security Governance Board), the external auditor and the Internal Audit Department, the Audit Committee is satisfied that the overall financial and operational controls, risk management and internal control systems, and the internal audit function of the Group for FY2024 and up to the date of this Annual Report are effective and adequate.

Internal Audit

The Audit Committee reviews the report prepared by the Head of Internal Audit. The report covered the implementation status of the annual internal audit plan, whistleblowing complaints received and the corresponding status of investigation, as well as the effectiveness and adequacy of the Group's overall financial and operational control. The annual internal audit plan for the upcoming financial year was presented to the Audit Committee for review and approval.

External Auditor

The Audit Committee meets with the external auditor to review the nature, scope and results of its audit with senior management. The external audit engagement partner is subject to periodical rotation of not more than seven years.

During FY2024, the fees in respect of audit services and non-audit services provided by KPMG, the external auditor, are summarised below:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Audit services	0.8	0.8
Audit related services	0.1	0.1
Tax services	0.8	0.6
Other advisory services	0.1	–

Nomination Committee Report

Committee Members

The Nomination Committee is chaired by Dr. William FUNG Kwok Lun, with Professor KO Ping Keung, Dr. Patrick WANG Shui Chung, Mr. WONG Kai Man and Dr. Allan WONG Chi Yun as members. The majority of the members of the Nomination Committee are Independent Non-executive Directors.

Roles and Responsibilities

The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the structure, size and diversity of the Board and monitoring the implementation of the Nomination Policy and the Board Diversity Policy for appointment to the Board as appropriate.

The Nomination Committee is also responsible for assessing the independence of the Independent Non-executive Directors, including the annual confirmation of the independence of the Independent Non-executive Directors, the assessment on their ability to devote sufficient time to the Board and the length of service of the proposed Independent Non-executive Directors according to the requirements of the Listing Rules, and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of the Directors and succession planning for the Directors.

Nomination Policy

The Nomination Policy sets out the selection criteria and procedures for the Nomination Committee to select and recommend suitable candidates for directorship. These criteria and procedures are designed to assist and enable the Board to have all the relevant information and necessary recommendations for determining the suitability of a candidate for appointment so that the Board shall continue to have a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements and ongoing and future development of the Company's business.

The Nomination Committee shall consider a variety of factors in assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate for directorship, including but not limited to the following selection criteria:

- Board Diversity Policy that takes into consideration a number of factors including gender, age, cultural and educational background, skills, knowledge, industry and professional experience, business perspectives and the legitimate interests of the Company's principal shareholders;
- accomplishment and experience appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business;
- commitment in respect of sufficient time, interest and attention to the Company's business; and
- compliance with the criteria of independence under the Listing Rules for the appointment of an Independent Non-executive Director.

If the Board recognises the need to appoint a new Director subject to the provisions of the Company's Bye-laws, the Nomination Committee would generally adopt the following procedures:

- the Nomination Committee, with or without assistance from external agencies, will identify candidates in accordance with the selection criteria and factors including such other factors as may be considered by the Nomination Committee from time to time;
- the Nomination Committee will consider and evaluate the merits of each identified candidate;
- the Nomination Committee will recommend the candidate(s) considered most suitable for the Board's consideration and, if the Board deems fit, appointment as a Director in accordance with the Company's Bye-laws;

Nomination Committee Report (Continued)

Roles and Responsibilities (Continued)

Nomination Policy (Continued)

- the Board will decide on the appointment based upon the recommendation of the Nomination Committee; and
- the Company Secretary shall ensure all disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules regarding the appointment are duly complied.

In considering the re-appointment of any existing member(s) of the Board, the Nomination Committee shall review the retiring Director's overall contribution to the Company as well as the selection criteria set out in the Nomination Policy and the Board Diversity Policy. The Nomination Committee will then make recommendations to the Board for its consideration, with the Board determining whether to recommend the proposed Directors for re-election at the annual general meeting.

Candidates for appointment as Directors may also be sourced internally or externally through various channels such as using the services of specialist executive search firms. The aim is to appoint individuals of the highest calibre in their area of expertise and experience.

During FY2024, the Nomination Committee concluded that no further change to the Nomination Policy was needed.

Full details of VTech's Nomination Policy are available on www.vtech.com/en/investors/corporate-governance/nomination-policy.

Board Diversity Policy

The Board Diversity Policy sets out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The Company believes that a diverse board will include and make good use of a broad range of skills, experience, background and technical knowledge. The diversity will be harnessed so that the Company can continue to make sound business decisions and enhance the quality of its performance, and to provide strong and insightful governance.

With a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development, the Company makes diversity in the Board an essential element in its corporate strategy. In designing the Board's composition, diversity is considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, skills, knowledge, industry and professional experience, business perspectives and the legitimate interests of the Company's principal shareholders. Due regard is given to the benefits that each diversity aspect may have for the Board.

To ensure the effectiveness and relevance of the Board Diversity Policy, the Nomination Committee will review it annually. It will discuss any revisions that may be required, and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

During FY2024, the Nomination Committee concluded that no further change to the Board Diversity Policy was needed.

The Nomination Committee also periodically reviews the measurable objectives relevant to the Board composition in accordance with the Board Diversity Policy, and monitors the progress on achieving those objectives to ensure that the policy is implemented effectively. The Nomination Committee was satisfied that the current composition and size of the Board are appropriate for the time being and will continue to identify suitable candidates to enrich the Board's skills and diversity to strengthen the Board's capability and support its strategic decision-making.

Full details of VTech's Board Diversity Policy are available on www.vtech.com/en/investors/corporate-governance/board-diversity-policy.

Nomination Committee Report (Continued)

Terms of Reference

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are available on www.vtech.com/en/investors/corporate-governance/board-committees.

Highlights of the Committee's Work in FY2024

The Nomination Committee had held one meeting during FY2024. The work performed by the Nomination Committee during FY2024, included, but not limited to, discussing the following:

- structure, size and diversity of the Board;
- Board Diversity Policy;
- Nomination Policy;
- independence of the Independent Non-executive Directors;
- re-election of retiring Directors at the 2024 AGM;
- succession planning for the Directors; and
- mechanism that independent views and input are available to the Board.

The Nomination Committee was also satisfied with the Board's diversity in terms of independence, skills, industry and professional experience, cultural and educational background as well as the length of service of the Board members. As for the gender and age composition, the Nomination Committee considered that enhancement of gender and age diversities should be beneficial to the Group's sustainable development.

Remuneration Committee Report

Committee Members

The Remuneration Committee is chaired by Dr. Patrick WANG Shui Chung, with Dr. William FUNG Kwok Lun, Professor KO Ping Keung and Mr. WONG Kai Man as members. All of the members are Independent Non-executive Directors.

Roles and Responsibilities

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for reviewing all elements of the Executive Directors' and senior management's remunerations and making recommendations to the Board. The Remuneration Committee reviews the emoluments of Executive Directors and senior management based on skills, knowledge and performance, together with reference to the salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities, the prevailing market conditions, the financial performance of the Company, employment conditions elsewhere in the Group, and the desirability of performance-based remuneration linking rewards to corporate and individual performance. In addition, the Remuneration Committee is also responsible for reviewing and approving matters relating to the share schemes under the Listing Rules.

Terms of Reference

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available on www.vtech.com/en/investors/corporate-governance/board-committees.

Highlights of the Committee's Work in FY2024

The Remuneration Committee had held two meetings during FY2024. The work performed by the Remuneration Committee during FY2024 included, but not limited to, discussing and reviewing the following before recommending them to the Board for consideration and approval:

- policy for the remuneration of Executive Directors and senior management;
- proposed annual salaries increment for Executive Directors and senior management;

- performance-related remuneration packages for Executive Directors and senior management, including the grant of share options to a member of the senior management under the Share Option Scheme, and the grant of share awards to Executive Directors and senior management under the Share Award Scheme subject to achievement of certain targets for FY2025. The management bonus and long-term incentive awards for Executive Directors and senior management, which are linked to corporate and individual performance, and the financial performance of the business for which they are responsible, have been reviewed and approved by the Remuneration Committee; and
- adoption of the 2023 Share Option Scheme and the 2023 Share Award Scheme.

The Remuneration Committee also reviewed and approved the grant of awarded shares to the management staff (who are neither Executive Directors nor senior management) under the 2011 Share Award Scheme during FY2024.

There is no vesting period, performance target or clawback mechanism attached to the share awards granted to the management staff under the 2011 Share Award Scheme during the year.

The Remuneration Committee is of the view that the absence of a vesting period and any performance targets for the awards granted to the management staff is appropriate considering that the grant of the awarded shares to the management staff serve as a recognition of their past contribution to the Group based on the overall business performance achieved or outstanding performance in the preceding financial year, and incentivise them to continuously contribute to the operation, development and long-term growth of the Group.

The Remuneration Committee also believes that even without a clawback mechanism, the grant of the awarded shares could retain such management staff to continue serving the Group whilst at the same time providing these employees incentive in achieving the goals of the Group, which is in line with the purpose of the Share Award Scheme and aligns the interest of the management staff with that of the Company and its shareholders.

Remuneration Committee Report (Continued)

Directors' Fees

The Board has adopted a practice to review the fees for the Directors, in particular the remuneration of the Independent Non-executive Directors, every five years and ensure that they are remunerated on a fair and reasonable basis. The consideration factors include the responsibilities taken on by the Directors, the commitment of their time spent in fulfilling their roles, as well as the workload associated with their memberships of the respective Board committees. The review of the Directors' fees is also conducted with reference to, among other things, the average annual remuneration of directors of similar listed companies in Hong Kong as well as the other major manufacturing companies.

The Non-executive Director and Independent Non-executive Directors receive no compensation from the Company other than the fees for the Directors disclosed below.

The last revision of the Directors' fees from the year ended 31 March 2022 was approved by the shareholders at the 2021 AGM.

The current fees for all Directors and for the Directors who also serve on the relevant Board committees are set out as follows:

	Current Fee per annum US\$
Board of Directors	
Basic Directors' Fees	35,000
Audit Committee	
Chairman	10,000
Member	5,000
Nomination Committee	
Chairman	5,000
Member	3,000
Remuneration Committee	
Chairman	5,000
Member	3,000

Further details of the Directors' emoluments are set out in note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Risk Management and Sustainability Committee Report

Committee Members

The Risk Management and Sustainability Committee is chaired by Dr. Allan WONG Chi Yun with Dr. PANG King Fai, Mr. Andy LEUNG Hon Kwong, Mr. WONG Kai Man, Mr. Hillson CHEUNG Hoi, Ms. Shereen TONG Ka Hung and Mr. CHANG Yu Wai as members. It comprises three Executive Directors, one Independent Non-executive Director, the President of Telecommunication Products, the Group Chief Financial Officer, and the Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit.

Roles and Responsibilities

The Risk Management and Sustainability Committee is responsible for monitoring and reviewing the risk management and internal control systems, as well as the sustainability strategies, performance and activities of the Group on a regular basis. It also reports any significant findings to the Audit Committee twice a year.



The Risk Management and Sustainability Committee has also developed an internal risk management structure at both management and operational levels, which has clearly defined the roles and responsibilities in managing potential risks in the respective areas, and set up procedures for execution of the Group's Business Continuity Plan ("BCP") in the event of disruption. The Business Continuity Management ("BCM") programme not only helps identify and mitigate the Group's potential operational risks, but also increases its resilience capability to resume operations in an effective and timely manner, thus ensuring that it always has a smooth business operation.

The Risk Management and Sustainability Committee is also delegated with the authority from the Board to provide vision and strategic direction for the Group's sustainability activities, review its sustainability strategies and improvement activities, assess how the policies are implemented in achieving the sustainability goals and targets, and monitor the performance progress twice a year.

Terms of Reference

The terms of reference of the Risk Management and Sustainability Committee are available on www.vtech.com/en/investors/corporate-governance/board-committees.

Highlights of the Committee's Work in FY2024

The Risk Management and Sustainability Committee had held two meetings during FY2024 to review the Group's risk management and internal control systems, and its sustainability strategies, policies and activities.

The Risk Management and Sustainability Committee has developed a framework for the management and control of risks in the Group. Risks are being formally identified and recorded in a risk register (the "Risk Register") for key operations. This Risk Register is updated regularly and the major risks are reviewed from time to time by the Risk Management and Sustainability Committee.

Risk Management and Sustainability Committee Report (Continued)

Highlights of the Committee’s Work in FY2024 (Continued)

During FY2024 and up to the date of this Annual Report, the Risk Management and Sustainability Committee reviewed and approved the 2024 Sustainability Report, which informs the Group’s stakeholders of its sustainability strategies and activities, and the performance progress against its sustainability targets and five-year Sustainability Plan 2025. The relevant disclosures in the 2024 Annual Report have also been reviewed by the Risk Management and Sustainability Committee before recommending them to the Audit Committee for consideration and approval. The Risk Management and Sustainability Committee has reviewed the following major risks and the respective risk mitigation measures reported in the Risk Register, with risk ratings broadly the same as the last financial year:

Major Risks	Risk Description	Risk Mitigation Measures
 <p>Legal and Regulatory Compliance</p>	<p>Regulatory Change and Compliance: VTech operates globally with sales and business activities across the world, it needs to comply with the relevant laws and regulations applicable to the Group, including the privacy ordinances and personal data protection regulations in the respective countries. Compliance failure may result in legal costs for litigation, monetary penalty, disruption of operations and damage to the Group’s reputation.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Engage external counsels to provide regular updates and legal guidance on the compliance with the latest applicable laws and regulations; Provide regular trainings for staff who are responsible for ensuring compliance with the relevant laws and regulations; Take appropriate legal measures to protect technological know-how and trade secrets, apply for and register IP Rights protection.
	<p>Patents, trademarks, designs, copyrights (collectively Intellectual Property Rights (“IP Rights”)): VTech not only needs to protect the IP Rights for the products developed by the Group, but also to ensure that it does not infringe the IP Rights of any third parties.</p>	
 <p>Information Technology (“IT”)</p>	<p>Cybersecurity and IT Risks: Cyber-attacks and data breaches may disrupt the Group’s operations and incur reputational damages.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Regularly review the cyber security threat trends, continuously adopt applicable new technologies and harden the IT infrastructure; In FY2024, VTech implemented a comprehensive Endpoint Detection & Response solution that leverages AI and behaviour models to strengthen real-time threat detection and response capabilities. Additional fit-for-purpose security monitoring controls are also in place to proactively enhance infrastructure security while maintaining business productivity. These cover our network gateways, computing devices and business systems; Engage external professionals to conduct cyber security audit and deep-dive review of the Group’s IT systems and network on a regular basis; Cultivate a cyber resilience culture through regular cyber security awareness training and tests for staff across the Group.
	<p>Customer Data Protection: Potential exposure of customer personal data due to cyber-attack may lead to liability claims, loss of revenue and violation of personal data regulations, as well as incurring monetary penalty.</p>	


Risk Management and Sustainability Committee Report (Continued)

Highlights of the Committee's Work in FY2024 (Continued)

Major Risks	Risk Description	Risk Mitigation Measures
 Geo-political	<p>US Tariff against China Exports: The geo-political tensions between China and the US bring political uncertainties and the cost of products manufactured in China is increased as a result of the tariff imposed by the US.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In addition to the manufacturing facilities in China, Malaysia and Mexico, the Group continuously expands its global footprint of manufacturing site strategically outside Asia.
	<p>International Sanctions and Trade Embargo: The increasing uncertainty and concerns over the political environment and changes in laws and regulations in one or several countries may increase the cost of operations (e.g. inflation in consumables and commodities) and expose the Group to potential liabilities and criminal penalties.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Closely monitor the development and assess the potential impacts of trade embargoes and sanctions on the Group's business. Relevant parties within the Group regularly access the official sources to obtain the latest trade embargoes and sanctions list in order to avoid having business transactions and dealings, directly or indirectly, with sanctioned entities or in sanctioned territories.
 Business Continuity	<p>Risk of Business Disruption: External disasters (e.g. floods, fire) and crisis (e.g. pandemic, critical systems and infrastructure breakdown) could disrupt the operations and business across the Group.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> VTech has a BCM system in place to identify potential events of business disruption, assess the identified risks, establish risk mitigation measures and control mechanism, and monitor and review the effectiveness of the implementation of the relevant measures developed under the Business Continuity Plan; Responsible management team in each office and factory of the Group regularly reviews and updates the Business Continuity Plan in order to mitigate the business disruption risk of the Group; Disaster recovery drills are carried out periodically to ensure the plan is in place.
 Operational	<p>Procurement & Supplier Management: The Group has a wide range of products, some of which may be reliant on a few component suppliers for production. Disruption of supply of any of its critical component parts may affect the Group's product availability.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continuously identify and assess the risks of shortage in supply of critical components; Ensure broad supplier sourcing and avoid single source of supply whenever practicable; Continuously monitor and proactively work with the critical suppliers on the longer term of components delivery schedule; Effective supplier risk management framework to reduce risk due to safety, quality failure or non-compliance with regulatory requirements.
	<p>Logistics & Supply Chain Management: Global shortage of containers and vessels may affect the Group's manufacturing productivity as well as the delivery of materials from suppliers and shipments of products to customers.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continuously work closely with different shipping carriers and logistic services providers to arrange advance booking of containers, and optimise the efficiency with different shipping routes to overseas countries.


Risk Management and Sustainability Committee Report (Continued)

Highlights of the Committee’s Work in FY2024 (Continued)

Major Risks	Risk Description	Risk Mitigation Measures
 Operational	<p>Human Resources Management: Due to the ever-changing market environment and the technological innovation requirements of the Group’s businesses, the Group faces intense competition to recruit and retain skilled and experienced staff to support its business growth and the long-term success of the Company.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continuously review and improve the working environment, including precautionary measures to protect the health and safety of employees in a pandemic; • Continuously review the employee compensation and benefits with reference to the industry best practices; • Continuously develop talent and leadership teams with career development and succession plans in each layer of senior management; • Continuously improve staff productivity with technological enhancement and process automation.
	<p>Climate-related Risks: Extreme weather incidents caused by climate change may disrupt the Group’s operations and business activities. New regulatory requirements in relation to climate change on the Group’s operations, products and services may also increase its operating costs and affect the Group’s production capacity. There are also growing expectations from stakeholders over ESG related disclosures and actions taken by the Company.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • VTech has established a five-year Sustainability Plan 2025 with projects and initiatives in place to minimise its impact on the environment and mitigate climate-related risks. These include increasing the use of sustainable materials in the Group’s products, recycling its products in a responsible way, increasing the use of renewable energy, reducing the consumption of natural resources in its production process, as well as using more eco-friendly transportation modes in its supply chain management; • Details of the climate-related risks of the Group are set out on pages 42 to 46 of the 2024 Sustainability Report.



Risk Management and Sustainability Committee Report (Continued)

Highlights of the Committee's Work in FY2024 (Continued)

Major Risks	Risk Description	Risk Mitigation Measures
 Financial	<p>Credit Risk: This is mainly attributable to the ability of the Group's customers to continue paying for the goods and services provided by the Company and its subsidiaries.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The majority of the Group's sales are on open credit with varying payment terms from 30 to 90 days. Certain open credit sales are covered by credit insurance or bank guarantees in order to mitigate the credit risk;
	<p>Currency Risk: This is mainly arising from the sales and purchases that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the operations to which they relate. The foreign currencies of the Group are primarily denominated in Renminbi, Euro, Pounds Sterling, Canadian Dollars and Australian Dollars.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Group principally uses forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge the foreign exchange risks in the ordinary course of business in order to mitigate its currency risks; • Details of the financial risks of the Group are set out in note 24 to the consolidated financial statements.
	<p>Inventory Risk: The Group's production schedule is based on customer orders and forecasts, taking into account historical trends, results of market research and current market information.</p> <p>As actual orders are affected by consumers' acceptance of products, strength of competing products, changes in buying patterns of consumers as well as the overall economic conditions, unexpected changes in these factors may result in excess inventory.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Group actively monitors its inventory position and assesses the net realisable value of slow moving and excess stocks with reference to latest sales forecasts, anticipated future selling prices and the stock ageing report. Stocks are written down to their net realisable value where this falls below their cost.

Risk Management and Sustainability Committee Report (Continued)

Highlights of the Committee's Work in FY2024 (Continued)

Major Risks	Risk Description	Risk Mitigation Measures
 <p>Reputational</p>	<p>Product Design, Quality and Safety: The Group designs, manufactures and supplies a wide range of products to various countries. Failure to maintain an effective quality management system at the product development stage, in the manufacturing process and throughout the supply chain may have material adverse impact on the Group's business and operations, brand image and loyalty of its customers.</p> <p>Brand Risk: In the competitive market environment, brand recognition and good customer experience are important success factors for the Group. Failure to engage with the customers may adversely affect the Group's financial results with loss of customer loyalty and revenue.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Group has implemented a comprehensive quality management system framework with quality assurance policies and procedures in place to monitor product quality and reliability, starting from the product development stage, on an on-going basis. These include inspection of incoming materials, quality audits in the manufacturing process, quality evaluation of finished products and after-sales quality management; • All VTech's manufacturing facilities are certified with ISO 9001, which ensures our products are of the highest quality standard. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In order to continually strengthen its market leadership and international brand recognition, the Group actively monitors its competitive position and keeps abreast of the latest technological advancement for development of its products; • Through the Group's leadership in technological innovation and customer-centric strategies, it continues to design, manufacture and supply high quality and innovative products to enrich user experience and drive brand awareness of its customers globally.
 <p>Business Ethics</p>	<p>Business Integrity Risk: The Group is subject to the risk of fraud and/or unlawful activities on the part of employees and third parties, such as corruption, lack of transparency in business transactions, leakage of confidential information, non-compliance with the Group's policies and regulatory requirements, which could result in significant financial and reputational losses of the Group.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Whistleblowing channel is available to report misconduct and non-compliance issues for further investigation; • Timely update the Code of Conduct and Anti-Corruption Policy with reference to the latest applicable laws and regulations, and provide regular integrity trainings for the employees to reinforce the Group's values of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly; • Conduct regular audits on suppliers' corporate social responsibilities in the areas of Labour, Ethical Standards, Environment and Health & Safety; • Regular declaration of any conflict of interest incident by the management and staff; • Appropriate controls around transactions and payments to third parties.

Risk Management and Sustainability Committee Report (Continued)

Highlights of the Committee's Work in FY2024 (Continued)

The Risk Management and Sustainability Committee ensures that any new and emerging risks are promptly identified, evaluated and appropriate actions are taken by the management. This requires the active and frequent participation by the process owner of each function in identifying risks affecting its business and implementing measures to reduce such risks, as well as active monitoring on the progress of the improvements in internal control procedures.

Data Security Governance Board

The Data Security Governance Board was established with defined terms of reference reporting to the Risk Management and Sustainability Committee. It is chaired by the Group Chief Executive Officer and comprises the Group President, the Chief Executive Officer of Contract Manufacturing Services, the President of Telecommunication Products, the Group Chief Financial Officer, the Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, and the Group Chief Information Officer.

The Data Security Governance Board is responsible for the decision-making, implementation, enforcement, oversight and periodic review of the Data Security Policy and practices, as well as the cybersecurity risks and mitigation measures of the Group. It also ensures that the Group's data security practices are compliant with international and local laws and regulations, including but not limited to, the applicable privacy ordinances and data protection regulations in the respective countries such as the General Data Protection Regulation in Europe.

The Data Security Governance Board has reviewed and monitored the implementation and execution of the Data Security Policy and practices of the Group to ensure compliance with the latest privacy ordinances and data protection regulations in the various jurisdictions in which the Group operated during FY2024 and up to the date of this Annual Report. It has also reviewed the progress of implementation of the data breach preventive measures, system technology enhancement and staff trainings for mitigating the Group's exposure to cybersecurity risks and meeting the industry standards.

During FY2024 and up to the date of this Annual Report, the Risk Management and Sustainability Committee has reviewed and approved the meeting minutes of the Data Security Governance Board.

Overall Risks Assessment

Based on the risk assessments prepared by the process owner of each function and the respective management teams, the Risk Management and Sustainability Committee considered that for FY2024:

- An ongoing process is in place for identifying, evaluating and monitoring the major risks faced by the Group and functioning effectively; and
- Risk mitigation measures have been developed to ensure that the major emerging and existing risks are identified and reported to the Risk Management and Sustainability Committee are managed effectively to mitigate the risks of disruption to the Group's business and operations.

Sustainability Performance

The Risk Management and Sustainability Committee has also reviewed and monitored the Group's performance on external sustainability indices, which are shown in the following table:

Index Name	FY2024 Score
Hang Seng Corporate Sustainability Benchmark Index	AA+
FTSE4Good Global Index	4.0
MSCI ESG Rating	AA

Product Responsibilities and Value Chain Management



VTech's culture of innovation, which supports and encourages creative thinking and sharing of new ideas in the workplace, not only facilitates its employees to design and develop innovative and high quality products for the wellbeing of people and benefits of society, but also upholds the highest international and local quality and safety standards. VTech's management approach continues to focus on two key management principles – "Design for Excellence" and "Design for People". It is also dedicated to incorporating sustainability concepts into the design of products to make them more eco-friendly and sustainable.

Design for Excellence

VTech's designers and engineers are required to follow the requirements on the Life Cycle Assessment checklist to select more eco-friendly product and packaging materials, reduce the use of materials and energy, maximise the use of reusable items and avoid disposal of recyclable materials to landfill during the product development stage.

VTech continues to improve its manufacturing process to make it more sustainable. For example, in order to minimise the environmental impact of the colouring process, the Group continues to replace solvent-based paint with waterborne paint in its products and packaging, and

adopted the over-molding and inkjet printing technologies in the manufacturing process. In FY2024, waterborne paint was used in about 90% of ELPs and 86% of TEL products. As for packaging, waterborne paint was used in about 99% of ELP packaging and about 86% of TEL product packaging. VTech has also been working on extending the product life cycle from cradle-to-grave to cradle-to-cradle, through the increasing use of sustainable materials for its products and packaging, as well as engaging in post-consumer recycling programmes for its products and packaging.

With its sustainability goal to replace fossil-based virgin plastics with sustainable materials such as recycled, reclaimed, recyclable, plant-based plastics, or Forest Stewardship Council® (FSC)-certified wood, VTech continues to use sustainable materials in its products and packaging with target towards a circular economy. In FY2024, VTech expanded its range of eco-friendly ELPs made from sustainable materials. These included the Snugglepillar with fabrics and stuffing made from recycled polyethylene terephthalate ("PET") bottles, LeapFrog® Nest & Count Turtle Tower™ and LeapFrog® Sorting Build-a-Burger made from reclaimed plastics, as well as LeapFrog® Nature Walk Wooden Activity Walker and the LeapFrog® Pound & Pop Truck with wooden materials sourced from responsibly managed forests certified by the FSC.



Green Electronic Learning Products

In addition, VTech introduced a series of Snom branded desk telephones made from recycled acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS) plastic, and a series of audio interface devices made from recycled aluminium and recycled ABS for a CMS customer.



Snom Phone Made with Recycled Plastic

VTech has also continued to develop Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunication cordless phones with Blue Angel eco-label, and upgraded the power adaptor to the level VI standard with Energy Star eco-label.



Eco-labels

As for the packaging of ELPs, currently 96% of the packaging materials was recyclable, of which about 86% was made from recycled materials. VTech has also eliminated blister in 99% of the ELPs packaging, and continued to replace fossil-based blister packaging with sustainable alternative such as bio-based or recycled PET in new ELPs packaging. In addition, it has eliminated plastic packaging in 80% of the baby monitor products.

In order to support circular economy initiatives for recycling of its products and packaging in a responsible way, VTech has partnered with various leading international recycling companies in its major markets. For post-consumer products recycling, VTech has engaged with TerraCycle® in the US and Electronic Products Recycling Association in Canada. It partnered with Electronic Scrap Recycling on the post-consumer product recycling in the US for telecommunication products. It has also followed the Waste Electrical and

Electronic Equipment Directive in Europe by adding product recycling labels on the product packaging. These recycling programmes provide an easy way for consumers to recycle VTech's ELPs in the respective countries.



Product Recycling Programmes in the US, Canada and Europe

As for post-consumer packaging recycling programmes, VTech has also engaged in various recycling organisations in the US, the UK, France, Australia and New Zealand. Packaging recycling labels such as How2Recycle® and "OPRL" the On-Pack Recycling label have been placed on the product packaging of its ELPs for consumers' easy reference. VTech will continue to explore opportunities to extend these post-consumer products and packaging recycling programmes to other major markets.



Packaging Recycling Programmes in the US, the UK, Australia and New Zealand

VTech is also committed to designing and manufacturing products that meet the highest international and local health and safety standards. All the manufacturing facilities are certified with ISO 9001 Quality Management System. It has implemented a stringent quality control system, from incoming materials inspection, in-process quality audit, finished goods quality assessment, to after-sales management to ensure that its products meet the required specifications and are free from defects at the time of delivery. As product safety is always its number one priority, VTech continues to strengthen its quality assurance and management programmes throughout the whole product life cycle from the early stage of product design, to the after-sales services and warranties.

Product Responsibilities and Value Chain Management

Design for People

As a global leader in the electronic learning products, VTech has launched various new learning toy products to inspire the creativity of children. These



VTech Storytime With Sunny™

included the LeapFrog® Magic Adventures Telescope™, a real telescope which allows children to capture the night sky



LeapFrog® Magic Adventures Telescope™

with up to 110x zoom, and to discover fascinating space facts and celestial bodies by engaging with adventure games. As for Storytime With Sunny™, it is an interactive learning product with over 300 engaging activities and four activity disks, featuring stories, songs, and games, providing children with enjoyable experience while they listen, laugh, and learn.

As for baby care products, VTech has launched the advanced algorithm powered Smart Nursery Baby Monitor. This innovative device is embedded with artificial intelligence technology, enabling unique safeguard functionalities such as Face Detection, Cry Detection, and Danger Zone Alert. With these baby care features, parents can quickly respond and make necessary adjustments to ensure their baby's comfort and safety. Additionally, all video recording footage and data are securely stored with VTech's unparalleled security measures to protect customer privacy and personal information.



Smart Nursery Baby Monitor using AI technology

VTech is committed to delivering high quality products to customers while upholding the highest legal and ethical standards for its marketing activities to protect the rights of its consumers. It has a Responsible Marketing and Labelling Policy in place to ensure that the Group adheres to the applicable regulatory requirements on responsible marketing for the provision and communication of accurate and reliable marketing information about its products and services to its customers, particularly children.

Sustainable Supply Chain

A sustainable supply chain management is crucial for the Group's sustainable operations. VTech has a well-established "Supply Chain Management System" to monitor the quality and sustainability performance of its suppliers. In order to mitigate environmental and social risks throughout the supply chain, VTech has established a Supplier Code of Conduct, Conflict Minerals Policy, and Modern Slavery and Transparency in Supply Chains Statement according to international and industry standards including the United Nations Global Compact and the Responsible Business Alliance (collectively "VTech Supplier Policy"). All suppliers are required to comply with the VTech supplier CSR requirements in relation to human rights, labour practices, health and safety, business ethics, minerals sourcing as well as environmental protection. VTech actively monitors its suppliers to ensure they do not procure products that contain 3TG, cobalt and mica originated from CAHRAs, and requires suppliers to perform due diligence which aligns with the OECD Due Diligence Guidance and the Conflict Minerals Reporting Template ("CMRT").

VTech also collaborates with its suppliers to provide a safe, inclusive and sustainable workplace for their employees, and promote ethical sourcing practices with suppliers' commitment to VTech Supplier Code of Conduct. In FY2024, VTech continued to conduct supplier engagement workshops for its suppliers virtually. It also provided suppliers with hands-on training and guidance for suppliers to achieve continuous improvement in their sustainability performance.

Environment



As an environmentally conscious and sustainable company, VTech is committed to protecting the environment and mitigating the impacts of

climate change with target towards a circular economy. Its culture of innovation also facilitates VTech to strengthen its operational excellence with innovative solutions to continuously improve its productivity, and incorporate sustainability concepts in the business operations. It recognises that climate change could create uncertainties in its business development. In the five-year Sustainability Plan 2025, VTech has developed “Climate Change Strategy” to assess how climate change could affect its business operations, identified the associated risks and opportunities, and developed sustainability initiatives to address them in the coming five years.

In response to climate change, VTech has been assessing and enhancing the monitoring measures of its climate-related risks and environmental impacts while upholding the TCFD recommendations since FY2020. VTech also enriched the content for the disclosures of its climate-related risks and opportunities in its Sustainability Report 2024 with reference to the IFRS S2 Climate-related Disclosures standard published by the ISSB. Climate scenarios were identified and incorporated into the risk assessment process, and the impacts of physical and transition risks of climate change on business were evaluated under different timeframes. The assessment results help VTech to build stronger resilience against the climate-related risks with regard to their impact, and seize the opportunities of low-carbon future in its business development.



Application of Solar Technology

Two key principles – “produce for quality” and “produce for efficiency” – are the main drivers for the manufacturing process improvement. VTech has been implementing the low cost automation and lean manufacturing programmes to maximise its resources utilisation and improve the productivity without compromising the quality of its products, while aiming to reduce the potential

environmental impacts throughout the manufacturing process.

The major environmental impacts from VTech’s operations relate to energy and water consumption, waste production and logistics. VTech has incorporated the 3Rs (Reduce, Reuse, and Recycle) principle into its manufacturing process, and established energy and resources management system to better utilise the resources in its manufacturing process, aiming to reduce the energy and water consumption, minimise the waste production and improve the reuse rate of resources.

VTech aims to operate its manufacturing processes and facilities in a manner that minimises the impacts to the environment, and ensure that its operations are compliant with all the relevant environmental, legal and regulatory requirements. By implementing the high performance production chain and lean manufacturing programmes, it has improved the resources efficiency and productivity while maintaining the green manufacturing practice. In addition, VTech has increased its use of renewable energy by accelerating the installation of solar panels at its manufacturing sites in FY2024, which covered around 28,000 square metres of its production buildings. Four of VTech’s overseas offices have also switched to renewable energy providers for their electricity consumption. In FY2024, VTech procured and generated about 3,390 MWh of renewable electricity globally, an increase of 191% compared with FY2023. More solar energy projects are planned for the manufacturing sites in FY2025.

VTech strives to reduce the Scope 3 Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions through the adoption of a green logistic management approach, and choosing the most eco-friendly transportation mode for delivering the incoming materials from suppliers and outgoing products to the customers. These included the relocations of the distribution centres in the US, Canada, Australia and Spain to enhance the logistic efficiency. In FY2024, VTech has set up a new warehouse in France to reduce both the shipment time and distance for delivering products to its French customers.

VTech has also continuously worked with government bodies to minimise the environmental impact of the production facilities. The TEL products manufacturing site has been certified as the “Hong Kong – Guangdong Cleaner Production Excellent Partners” by the Hong Kong Productivity Council and Guangdong Provincial Government in recognition of the positive contribution to improving the air quality and local environment in FY2024 for the

Environment

nine consecutive years. Moreover, the VOCs purification system was recognised as “Demonstration Project” under the Cleaner Production Partnership Programme of Hong Kong Productivity Council in FY2019. All the existing manufacturing sites of the TEL products, ELPs and CMS are certified with the ISO 14001 standard for environmental management, demonstrating that VTech is committed to continuous improvement on environmental protection.

In prior years, VTech had installed a rainwater harvesting system, wastewater treatment system and grey water harvesting system for greenery, cleaning and dormitory consumption at the operation sites. To further reduce freshwater consumption, it has extended the wastewater reuse to the manufacturing processes. The Company has also upgraded the water infrastructure to improve the operational efficiency. To further reduce water consumption, VTech has continued to implement various water saving campaigns at its dormitories and manufacturing sites. With the extensive effort in carrying out different water saving programmes, VTech managed to reduce the total water consumption per production output by 13% compared with FY2020.

As for the waste management in the manufacturing sites, VTech aims to minimise avoidable waste and increase the rate of recycling. VTech has also worked closely with its suppliers by returning plastic recyclables to suppliers for reuse. With such waste reduction and recycling projects in place, VTech achieved recycling rate of 80% in FY2024.

VTech is committed to minimising the potential environmental impacts from its operations with the following principles:

- Comply with all relevant environmental, legal and other statutory requirements
- Maintain an Environmental Management System in line with the requirements of ISO 14001
- Quantify and monitor the significant environmental impacts of our activities, products and services and set specific targets for improvement where appropriate, and review these annually
- Integrate environmental objectives into our business decisions in a cost effective manner
- Require all staff to address environmental responsibilities within normal operating procedures
- Enhance awareness of environmental and resource efficiency issues amongst our customers, suppliers, staff and stakeholders through improvement projects and programmes in the respective areas

In order to meet the above requirements in a sustainable manner, VTech has functional teams comprising individuals from different product lines and departments across the organisation. The environmental policy is reviewed annually to ensure that it is relevant and up to date.



Lean Manufacturing and Low Cost Automation

Our People



VTech aims to provide a safe, inclusive and motivating workplace for its employees. It also promote a culture of integrity with human resources management policies in place to foster a caring atmosphere with mutual respect in the workplace. VTech cares for its employees and recognises that having good staff relations and a motivated workforce play a vital role in the Company's efficient operations. All the existing VTech assembly and plastic factories in mainland China are certified with the Occupational Health and Safety Management Systems (ISO 45001). TEL and CMS assembly factories in mainland China are also certified with Social Accountability (SA 8000) certification and ELPs with Ethical Supply chain Program compliance certification. These external verified certifications demonstrate the compliance with local laws and high quality working conditions.

VTech's human resources management policy builds on four key values – "Communication and Staff Relations", "Advancement in Careers", "Respect of Labour and Human Rights", and "Environment for Our People" (CARE). To ensure the effectiveness of the workplace management system, VTech conducts employee satisfaction survey regularly and has cross functional teams and committees at different manufacturing sites, to determine goals and targets, discuss new projects, and review project progress on improvement of workplace and employees-related issues based on the feedback from the employees.

VTech is dedicated to providing a diverse, equitable and inclusive working environment for its employees. In addition to the gender diversity in its Board of Directors, VTech's global workforce consisted of 42% women, with 27% of management positions held by women.

In respect of human rights, VTech has a Human Rights Policy with risk management programme in place for the Group to protect and safeguard the human rights of its stakeholders including its employees, customers, suppliers and the local communities in which it operates. It supports the internationally-recognised human rights principles laid out in the International Bills of Human Rights and the International Labour Organisation's Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work. Ongoing due diligence process to identify, assess, prevent, and mitigate potential human rights risks is also included in the risk management system. This Human Rights Policy, together with the Group's code of conduct for its employees and its suppliers, facilitate VTech to foster a culture of integrity in the workplace for its employees, and engage in ethical sourcing practices with its suppliers across the supply chain.

To promote health and fitness, VTech sponsored its employees to participate in various charity sport activities. These included the Sowers Action Challenging 12 Hours Charity Marathon, Standard Chartered Hong Kong Marathon, and the Oxfam Trailwalker.



Staff Activities

Our People

In addition, VTech has clearly defined human resources management policies and a transparent performance evaluation system to promote an inclusive working environment with equal opportunity for all employees. The Company has procedures in place to ensure that its policies are properly implemented throughout the Company. Any issues or enquiries raised by the employees through different communication channels will be handled and investigated by the Company with care and in a confidential manner.

VTech recognises open communications is an important element in achieving effective workplace management system. The Company encourages employees to voice out their opinions through various communication channels at all levels throughout the Company. All information, opinions and suggestions gathered from employees are followed up by the employee relations team. VTech also believes staff relationship could be further strengthened by their participations in different kinds of staff activities. It continues to organise various social and sport activities for the employees in different countries.

VTech encourages its employees to develop and advance their careers in the Company. It also actively promotes continuous learning initiatives and a culture of integrity with a wide range of training programmes for the employees to instill and reinforce the Group's values of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly. With the effort in promoting continuous learning, the average training hours per employee is about 83 hours.

Protecting the health and safety of employees is always the Company's top priority. In order to ensure that a safe working environment is provided at all the workplaces worldwide, VTech has continued to implement various precautionary measures in its offices and factories following the local government and World Health Organisation guidelines. It also has Employee Health and Safety (EHS) teams at all the manufacturing sites to conduct the regular health and safety audit, and provide different training programmes for the employees. EHS assessment is conducted for newly purchased equipment to identify and mitigate safety hazards prior to work. Safety trainings and campaigns are regularly promoted to strengthen the workers' involvement in safety management. With the continuous activities and efforts focusing on workplace safety, the health and safety training hours per employee continued to increase compared with the last financial year, and it did not have any work-related fatality case.

The majority of employees in the mainland China manufacturing facilities are from different provinces of the country. VTech recognises that to make them feel at home, and have a sense of belonging while they are living in the dormitories are very important. The Company has continuously upgraded the recreational facilities and dormitories at the manufacturing sites. For examples, in FY2024, dormitories in the TEL and CMS factories in China and Malaysia were refurbished to continuously improve the living environment. The Badminton courts in the CMS factory and the gymnasium cum snooker area in the TEL factory were also renovated for employees to enjoy the sport facilities in leisure time.



Living Environment for Employees

Society

As a responsible corporate citizen, VTech promotes a culture of accountability for the communities in which it operates in various ways, focusing on helping people in need, collaborating with local charities to support the local charitable events, providing training opportunities for young people, nourishing an innovative environment and developing a healthy and green community.

Since the establishment of VTech's voluntary teams in different manufacturing sites and global offices, the Company has participated in various voluntary events, and created a strong social network to assist and support the people in need. It also encourages the employees and their families to participate in the volunteering activities, bringing positive impact to the people and the society. In FY2024, VTech had recruited 2,523 volunteers and contributed over 20,800 volunteering hours for the communities.

VTech also uses its expertise and resources to support the communities in which it operates. It has collaborated with Save the Children, an international charitable organisation supporting marginalised and vulnerable children, to organise fundraising and toys donation events across multiple countries for four consecutive years. These included

a worldwide toy donation programme with over 1,900 electronic learning toys donated by VTech. It also made donations through the participation in "Taste of Childhood", "Christmas Jumper Day" and "Inspire Cup Charity Football Tournament" campaigns. In addition, VTech has been donating US\$1 to Save the Children for every baby monitor and toy sold through our online shops in Canada and Hong Kong, and every baby monitor sold through its online shop in the US for three consecutive years.

VTech has also partnered with local charities to support various charitable activities around the world. In FY2024, the Company made charitable and other donations of over US\$ 176,000. With the dedicated efforts and contributions to the charities, VTech was presented with "Heart to Heart Company" by the Hong Kong Federation of Youth Groups and the Company was the proud recipient of the "8+ Year Award (Enterprise Group)" in the Industry Cares Recognition Scheme presented by Federation of Hong Kong Industries in FY2024. VTech has also been awarded the "Caring Company" by The Hong Kong Council of Social Service for sixteen consecutive years in recognition of the continuous contribution to the Hong Kong community.



Collaboration with Save the Children

Society

VTech recognises that attracting the best talents is important for the sustainable growth of the Company. It regularly recruits interns from local universities and organises various workshops with schools for the young people. The Company continues to offer the scholarship programme to universities in Hong Kong and Mainland China.

VTech scholarships were awarded to 14 engineering students from five universities in Hong Kong including The University of Hong Kong, The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology (HKUST), The Chinese University of Hong Kong (CUHK), City University of Hong Kong (CityU) and The Hong

Kong Polytechnic University. In order to nurture the next generation of sustainability leaders, VTech has partnered with the School of Energy and Environment of CityU and Department of Mechanical and Automation Engineering of CUHK to organise the "VTech Innovation & Sustainability Award".

VTech also participated in a sustainability forum at the TVB ESG Awards 2023 ceremony. It shared its experiences in incorporating eco-friendly practices across its business operations and product life cycle.



Engineering Internship Programme



TVB ESG Awards 2023 Presentation Ceremony Sustainability Forum



VTech Innovation & Sustainability Award



VTech Innovation & Sustainability Award



VTech Scholarships Programmes

VTech is a keen supporter for developing a healthy and green community. It not only dedicates the efforts to minimising the environmental impacts from its operations, but also participates in different community events to develop and promote a healthy and green lifestyle for the employees and the community. The Company has continued to sign up the pledge for Earth Hour. In addition, VTech continued to organise the annual “Global Green Day” with different kinds of

activities to promote a healthy and green lifestyle at its Hong Kong headquarters and overseas offices. These included tree planting events, Eternal Moss Artwork Workshop, Plastic-free Day and E-waste recycling campaign. Those activities not only helped preserve the environment but also raised the employees’ awareness of environmental protection.



Clockwise: Global Green Day in France, Germany, Spain, Hong Kong, the Netherlands, Australia, the US and Malaysia

Investor Relations

In more than three decades since listing on the Stock Exchange, VTech Holdings Limited has enjoyed a positive engagement with shareholders and investors. Strongly committed to transparency, we continuously review our disclosure to ensure it meets regulatory standards and the expectations of the investment community. Regular, open dialogue ensures that shareholders and investors have an accurate and up-to-date view of the Group's activities and financial situation, while providing the Board and senior management with an understanding of their concerns.

Investor Communications

The Group's investor communications are governed by a Shareholders Communication Policy, which is available on the Group's website. This forms the basis of all engagement with shareholders and the investment community.

Our approach to shareholder communication and engagement includes:

Channels	FY2024 Highlights
Annual General Meeting (AGM)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Shareholders are encouraged to attend and vote in person
Investor Meetings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Investor meetings conducted via conference calls, face-to-face and virtual meetings Non-deal roadshows conducted online and in person with investors across the Americas, Asia and Europe
Analyst Briefings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Live webcasts of the Group's interim and annual results announcement
Reports and Announcements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Annual Reports, Interim Reports, Sustainability Reports and all announcements are available on the Group's website
Factory Tours	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Visits to the Group's manufacturing facilities for institutional shareholders
VTech Website 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Policies and codes Notice of AGM and poll results Latest financial information and investor information Analyst briefing and investor call materials Media releases
Investor Relations Email (investor_relations@vtech.com)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Designated email makes two-way communication with shareholders and investors straightforward and efficient

With the COVID-19 pandemic at an end, the Group is again conducting tours of its manufacturing facilities to provide institutional shareholders with firsthand knowledge of its operations. This is a further demonstration of the Group's commitment to transparency and open communication.

Shareholder Value

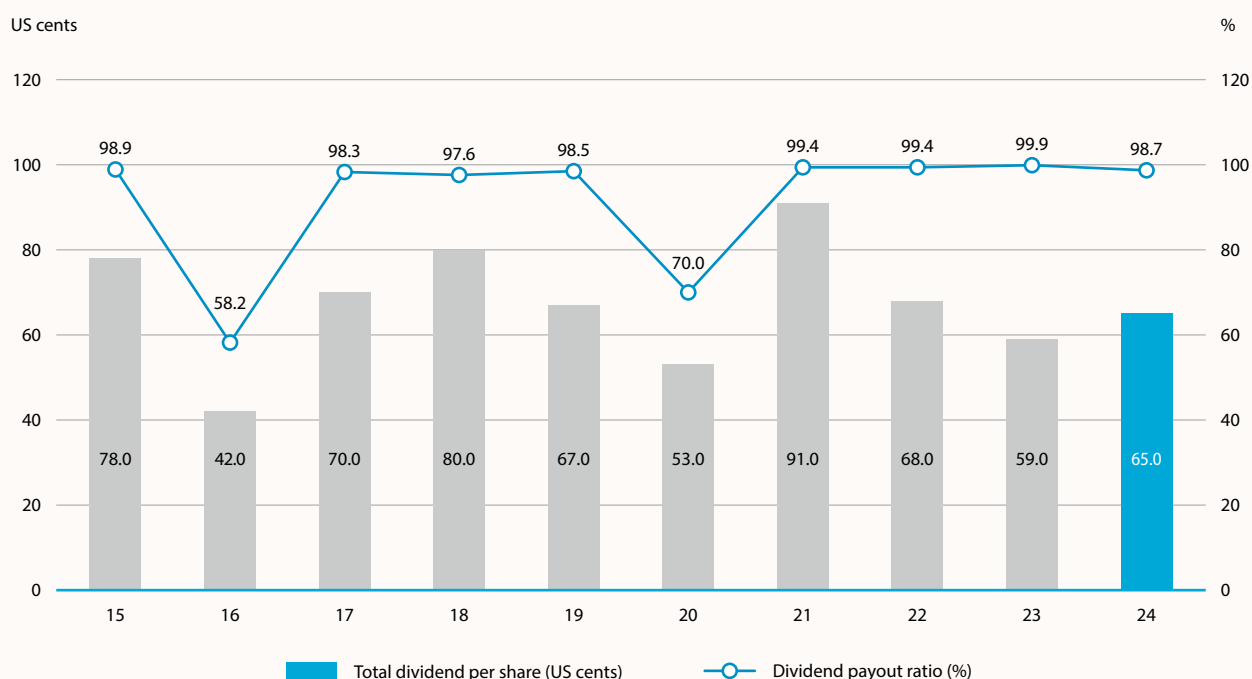
Our goal is to create value for shareholders that is sustainable by way of regular dividend payments and share price performance. Our commitment to sustainability is recognised by inclusion in several key indexes.

Dividend Payments

The dividend payout ratio is determined by factors including the Group's actual and expected financial performance, business strategy, liquidity position and capital requirements.

We are committed to maintaining a consistently high dividend payout ratio. In eight of the past ten years, VTech has returned over 90% of its earnings to shareholders through dividend payments. In total, dividend payments during the past decade have amounted to US\$1,732.3 million. The dividend payout ratio has been reduced only in response to unusual or special events, such as the COVID-19 pandemic and the LeapFrog acquisition.

Total Dividend Per Share and Dividend Payout Ratio in Last 10 Years



In the financial year 2024, the dividend payout ratio was 98.7% of the profit attributable to shareholders of the Company, against 99.9% in the financial year 2023. Despite its high dividend payout ratio, VTech has consistently maintained a strong balance sheet and net cash position.

Further details of the Group's dividend policy are set out in the Corporate Governance report on page 57.

VTech Share Price in Last 10 Years

(1 April 2014 – 31 March 2024)



Share Price Performance

For the year ended 31 March	2024	2023
Highest closing price	HK\$52.1 (18 Jul 2023)	HK\$62.35 (28 Jun 2022)
Lowest closing price	HK\$43.15 (13 & 18 Dec 2023)	HK\$41.75 (31 Oct 2022)

Index Recognition

VTech Holdings Limited is a constituent stock of the Hang Seng Corporate Sustainability Benchmark Index and FTSE4Good Global Index, reflecting the company's commitment to sustainability. The Company has received AA+ and AA ratings in the Hang Seng Corporate Sustainability Benchmark Index and MSCI (Morgan Stanley Capital International) ESG Ratings assessment, respectively, recognising its high levels of environmental, social, and corporate governance performance.

Financial Calendar

19 – 24 July 2024 (both days inclusive)	• Closure of Register of Members – Annual General Meeting
24 July 2024	• 2024 Annual General Meeting
30 July 2024	• Closure of Register of Members – Payment of Final Dividend
8 August 2024	• Payment of Final Dividend
November 2024	• 2024/2025 Interim Results Announcement
May 2025	• FY2025 Annual Results Announcement

Share Listing

Shares of VTech Holdings Limited are:

- Listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
- On the list of Southbound trading through Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect and Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect

Stock Code

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited: 303

Share Information

Board lot: 100 shares

Issued shares as at 31 March 2024: 252,882,466 shares

Dividend

Dividend per ordinary share for the year ended 31 March 2024

- Interim dividend: US17.0 cents per share
- Final dividend: US48.0 cents per share

Share Registrars

Principal

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited
4th Floor North
Cedar House
41 Cedar Avenue
Hamilton HM 12
Bermuda

Hong Kong Branch

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited
Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre
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Fax: +852 2865 0990
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Website: www.vtech.com/en/investors

Directors and Senior Management

Biographical Details of Directors

Allan WONG Chi Yun, GBS, MBE, JP, aged 73, Executive Director, Chairman and Group Chief Executive Officer, co-founded the Group in 1976. Dr. WONG holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Electrical Engineering from The University of Hong Kong, a Master of Science degree in Electrical and Computer Engineering from the University of Wisconsin, Madison and an Honorary Doctorate of Technology from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He is the deputy chairman and an independent non-executive director of The Bank of East Asia, Limited, and an independent non-executive director of China-Hongkong Photo Products Holdings Limited. Dr. WONG is a member of the Chief Executive's Council of Advisers of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. Dr. WONG is the father of Mr. William WONG Yee Lai, the Non-executive Director.

PANG King Fai, aged 68, Executive Director and President of the Group, holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Engineering from The University of Hong Kong, a Master of Philosophy degree from Imperial College of Science, Technology and Medicine, London and a Doctor of Philosophy degree in Electrical Engineering from Stanford University. He is a fellow of the Institution of Engineering and Technology. Dr. PANG joined the Group in 2004 as Group Chief Technology Officer and was promoted to the position of President of the Group in 2009. He has over 20 years of experience in design engineering for consumer electronics products.

Andy LEUNG Hon Kwong, aged 65, Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of Contract Manufacturing Services, holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Electrical and Electronic Engineering from the University of Newcastle upon Tyne in the United Kingdom and a Master of Business Administration degree from Oklahoma City University in the United States. He is also responsible for overseeing the China Services Department of the Group. Mr. LEUNG joined the Group in 1988, left the Group in 1990 and re-joined in 1991. He became the Chief Executive Officer of Contract Manufacturing Services in 2002 after serving as General Manager for nine years. Mr. LEUNG has over 30 years of experience in the electronics and manufacturing industry.

William WONG Yee Lai, aged 44, appointed as a Non-executive Director in 2019. Mr. WONG attended Southern Methodist University in Computer Science. Mr. WONG is the founder and the Chief Executive Officer of Playality Limited ("Playality"). Playality was a leading Hong Kong online and social gaming company. Mr. WONG started such business in December 2011 and within a year, he (who was also the architect behind Playality's data analytics engine) led the company to much success, with its Grand Poker game being popular in the poker genre on a global social media platform. Previously, Mr. WONG was the founder and the Chief Executive Officer of Ality Limited, a company which developed an internet connected digital photo frame with instant messaging and web content streaming features and its products were sold at well-known retail chain stores. Mr. WONG is the son of Dr. Allan WONG Chi Yun, an Executive Director, the Chairman and Group Chief Executive Officer.

William FUNG Kwok Lun, SBS, OBE, JP, aged 75, appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director in 2001. Dr. FUNG holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Engineering from Princeton University and a Master of Business Administration degree from the Harvard Graduate School of Business. He was awarded the degrees of Doctor of Business Administration, *honoris causa*, by The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, by The Hong Kong Polytechnic University and by Hong Kong Baptist University and a degree of Doctor of Letters, *honoris causa*, by Wawasan Open University of Malaysia. Dr. FUNG is the group deputy chairman of the Fung Group, a Hong Kong based multinational engaged in trading, logistics, distribution and retailing. He is the chairman and a non-executive director of Convenience Retail Asia Limited and an independent non-executive director of Sun Hung Kai Properties Limited and The Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels, Limited. Formerly, he was the group non-executive chairman of Li & Fung Limited until October 2020. Dr. FUNG has held key positions in major trade associations. He is the past chairman of the Hong Kong General Chamber of Commerce (1994-1996), the Hong Kong Committee for the Pacific Economic Cooperation (1993-2002) and the Hong Kong Exporters' Association (1989-1991). He was a Hong Kong Special Administrative Region delegate to the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (1998-2003). He was awarded the Silver Bauhinia Star by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in 2008.

GAN Jie, aged 54, appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director in 2023. Professor GAN Jie holds a Bachelor of Science degree from Nanjing University, a Certificate of two-year Master Studies from Peking University, and a Doctor of Philosophy degree from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. She is currently a Professor of Finance and was previously an Associate Dean at Cheung Kong Graduate School of Business. She was a Professor (formerly as Assistant Professor and Associate Professor) of Finance at The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology from 2002 to 2010 and an Assistant Professor (tenure track) at Columbia Business School from 2000 to 2002.

KO Ping Keung, JP, aged 73, appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director in 2018. Professor KO holds a Bachelor of Science (Honours) degree from The University of Hong Kong, a Doctor of Philosophy degree and a Master of Science degree from the University of California at Berkeley. He is an Emeritus Professor of Electronic & Computer Engineering and the former Dean of the School of Engineering of The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology. He was the vice chairman of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science Department of the University of California at Berkeley (1991-1993) and a member of Technical staff, Bell Labs, Holmdel (1982-1984). Professor KO is currently an independent non-executive director of Henderson Investment Limited, Henderson Land Development Company Limited and Q Technology (Group) Company Limited. Professor KO is also an independent director of Primarius Technologies Co., Ltd., the shares of which are listed on the Science and Technology Innovation Board of the Shanghai Stock Exchange, and a director of Beken Corporation, the shares of which are listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, Smartsens Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., the shares of which are listed on the Science and Technology Innovation Board of the Shanghai Stock Exchange and Googol Technology Co., Ltd., the shares of which are listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange ChiNext market.

Biographical Details of Directors (Continued)

Patrick WANG Shui Chung, SBS, JP, aged 73, appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director in 2001. Dr. WANG obtained his Bachelor of Science and Master of Science degrees in Electrical Engineering and received an Honorary Doctorate of Engineering from Purdue University in Indiana, the United States. Dr. WANG is currently the chairman and chief executive of Johnson Electric Holdings Limited and a non-executive director of Tristate Holdings Limited. He is also a member of the HKSH Medical Group Limited's Clinical Governance Committee.

WONG Kai Man, BBS, JP, aged 73, appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director in 2012. Mr. WONG holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Physics from The University of Hong Kong and a Master of Business Administration degree from The Chinese University of Hong Kong. He is a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, the United Kingdom and a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. WONG is a retired audit partner of PricewaterhouseCoopers with 32 years of professional accounting experience. He was a member of the Growth Enterprise Market Listing Committee of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (1999-2003), a non-executive director of the Securities and Futures Commission (2009-2015) and a member of the Accounting and Financial Reporting Council (2014-2021). He is currently an independent non-executive director of SUNeVision Holdings Limited. Mr. WONG also serves on the boards of a number of non-governmental organisations.

Biographical Details of Senior Management

Group

Hillson CHEUNG Hoi, aged 56, President of Telecommunication Products, is responsible for overseeing the Telecommunication Products Branded and ODM business worldwide, and the manufacturing operations of both the Telecommunication Products and Electronic Learning Products. Mr. CHEUNG joined the Group in 2000 as Factory Manager for the Electronic Learning Products and rejoined the Group in 2007. Prior to rejoining the Group, he held management positions in a number of areas including product development, factory operations and supply chain management in the electronic manufacturing industry. Mr. CHEUNG holds a Bachelor of Engineering degree in Manufacturing Engineering from City University of Hong Kong and a Master of Business Administration degree from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology.

CHU Chong Yeong, aged 64, Group Chief Technology Officer, is responsible for overseeing the product development of the Electronic Learning Products as well as contributing to the Group in establishing technology strategies and product development directions. Dr. CHU joined the Group in 2009. Prior to joining the Group, he held senior vice president positions at SiS (a listed company in Taiwan) and ESS Technology (a listed company in the United States). He had worked in the Silicon Valley for 20 years specialising in integrated circuit and software developments for the consumer electronics industry. Dr. CHU holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Computer Science from Columbia University, and a Master of Science degree and a Doctor of Philosophy degree in Electrical Engineering from Stanford University.

Kent CHEUNG King Fai, aged 62, Managing Director of Contract Manufacturing Services, is responsible for the operations of both China and Malaysia plants of Contract Manufacturing Services. Mr. CHEUNG joined the Group in 1989, was promoted to the position of General Manager and Managing Director of Contract Manufacturing Services in 2006 and 2019 respectively. Mr. CHEUNG has over 30 years of experience in the electronic and manufacturing industry. Mr. CHEUNG holds a Master of Business degree from The University of Newcastle, Australia.

Rix CHAN Ching Pun, aged 53, Managing Director of Contract Manufacturing Services, is responsible for the operations of both China and Mexico plants of Contract Manufacturing Services. Mr. CHAN joined the Group in 1996, was promoted to the position of General Manager and Managing Director of Contract Manufacturing Services in 2007 and 2019 respectively. Mr. CHAN has over 25 years of experience in the electronic and manufacturing industry. Mr. CHAN holds a Bachelor of Engineering degree in Electronic Engineering from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University and a Master of Business Administration degree from City University of Hong Kong.

Biographical Details of Senior Management

(Continued)

Group (Continued)

Shereen TONG Ka Hung, aged 55, Group Chief Financial Officer, is responsible for the Group accounting and tax, legal and financial, as well as information technology and human resources management functions. Ms. TONG joined the Group in 1994 and held management positions in a number of areas including internal audit and financial control of the Group. Ms. TONG holds a Master of Laws degree in Compliance and Regulation from The University of Hong Kong, a Master of Business Administration degree from Manchester Business School, the United Kingdom, a Master of Science degree in Information Systems from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University and a Bachelor of Laws degree from Manchester Metropolitan University, the United Kingdom. She is an associate member of the Chartered Institute of Bankers, the United Kingdom and the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants, the United Kingdom, and a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

CHANG Yu Wai, aged 64, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, joined the Group in 2000 after spending eight years with one of the leading international accounting firms in Hong Kong. He has over 15 years of experience in professional accounting and auditing. Mr. CHANG holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Mathematics and Management Sciences from the University of Manchester Institute of Science and Technology. Mr. CHANG is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales.

International

Gilles SAUTIER, aged 68, International President, is responsible for the Electronic Learning Products in Europe, Australia, Latin America and South Africa. He is also responsible for the support centre in the Netherlands which takes care of finance, logistics management and IT systems for the European sales companies. Mr. SAUTIER joined the Group in 2000. With over 35 years of experience in marketing, sales and management in the toy industry, he held various management positions in Kenner-Parker, Spear's Games, Ideal Toys and Majorette. Mr. SAUTIER holds a Bachelor degree in Law from the University of Paris and a Master of Business Administration degree from L'ESSEC, a French business school.

Edward Phillip MEDICA, aged 68, President of VTech Electronics North America, L.L.C., is responsible for the Electronic Learning Products in the United States. Mr. MEDICA joined the Group in 2014 and established the Electronic Learning Products operations in Australia during that year. He has over 35 years of experience in the toy industry, having held senior marketing, sales, licensing and general management roles for both publicly listed and privately owned toy companies. Mr. MEDICA also served as a director of the Australian Toy Association. Mr. MEDICA holds a Master of Business Administration degree from Deakin University.

Gordon CHOW, aged 68, President of VTech Technologies Canada Ltd., is responsible for both the Telecommunication Products in North America and Electronic Learning Products in Canada. He established the Canadian operations in 1986. Mr. CHOW was a director of the Jays Care Foundation. He served as a member of the President's Advancement Council of British Columbia Institute of Technology and a director of the BCIT Foundation. He was also a member of the Royal Roads University – MBA Advisory Board, a director of the Canadian Toy Association and a member of the Board of Governors of Crofton House School in Vancouver. Mr. CHOW holds a Bachelor of Commerce degree from the University of British Columbia and was a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of British Columbia.

Alec Louis ANDERSON, aged 56, President of VTech Communications, Inc., is responsible for the Telecommunication Products in the United States. Mr. ANDERSON joined the Group in 2015 as the Vice President of Finance of the Telecommunication Products in the United States. Prior to joining the Group, he held executive management positions for over 25 years, with over 12 years in the consumer products industry. Mr. ANDERSON holds a Bachelor's degree in Business from California State University, San Bernardino and is a license holder of the California Board of Accountancy Certified Public Accountants.

Report of the Directors

The Directors have pleasure in presenting their report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2024.

Principal Activity

The principal activity of the Group is design, manufacture and distribution of consumer electronic products.

Group Results and Dividends

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2024 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on page 95.

An interim dividend of US17.0 cents (2023: US17.0 cents) per ordinary share was paid to the shareholders on 20 December 2023. The Board has recommended the payment of a final dividend of US48.0 cents (2023: US42.0 cents) per ordinary share in respect of the year ended 31 March 2024, payable on 8 August 2024 to the shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company as at the close of business on 30 July 2024, subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company at the 2024 AGM.

The final dividend will be payable in United States dollars save that those shareholders with a registered address in Hong Kong will receive an equivalent amount in Hong Kong dollars which will be calculated at the rate of exchange as quoted to the Company by The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited at its middle rate of exchange prevailing on 26 July 2024.

Business Review

Further discussion and analysis of the Group's activities as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) can be found in the preceding sections of this Annual Report set out on pages 3 to 84 and they form part of this Report of the Directors. Further details relating to the Group's relationships with its key stakeholders and the Group's environmental policies and performance can be found in the Company's 2024 Sustainability Report, which is available on the Company's website: sustainability.vtech.com/reports_policies.

Group Financial Summary

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 141.

Tangible Assets

Details of the movements in tangible assets of the Group during the financial year are shown in note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

Share Capital and Share Options

Details of the movements in share capital and share options of the Company during the financial year are set out in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

Reserves

Movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company and the reserves available for distribution to the shareholders of the Company during the financial year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 97 and 98 and in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

Donations

During the financial year, the Group made charitable and other donations in an aggregate amount of approximately US\$177,000.

Directors

The Directors who held office during the financial year and up to the date of this Report of the Directors were:

Executive Directors

Allan WONG Chi Yun (*Chairman and Group Chief Executive Officer*)
PANG King Fai
Andy LEUNG Hon Kwong

Non-executive Director

William WONG Yee Lai

Independent Non-executive Directors

William FUNG Kwok Lun
GAN Jie
KO Ping Keung
Patrick WANG Shui Chung
WONG Kai Man

At the 2024 AGM, Mr. Andy LEUNG Hon Kwong, Dr. William FUNG Kwok Lun and Professor KO Ping Keung shall retire as Directors by rotation in accordance with Bye-law 112 of the Company's Bye-laws. All of the above Directors, being eligible, shall offer themselves for re-election as Directors at the 2024 AGM.

Brief biographical details of the Directors and the senior management are set out on pages 85 to 87 of this Annual Report.

Permitted Indemnity Provision

Pursuant to the Bye-laws of the Company, a permitted indemnity provision for the benefit of the Directors is currently in force and was in force throughout the financial year. The Company has also purchased the Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance to provide adequate protection against claims arising from the lawful discharge of duties by the directors of the Company and its subsidiaries throughout the financial year.

Directors' Service Contracts

None of the Directors has a service contract with any company in the Group which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

Directors' Interests in Contracts

No transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its specified undertakings (as such term is defined in the Companies (Directors' Report) Regulation (Cap. 622D of the Laws of Hong Kong)) was a party and in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director was materially interested, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of or during the financial year.

Directors' Interests in Competing Business

None of the Directors is interested in any competing interests which need to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules.

Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares or Debentures

Save for the share option scheme and the share award scheme disclosed below and in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements, at no time during or at the end of the financial year was the Company, or any of its specified undertakings, a party to any arrangement whose objects were to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

Incentive Schemes

The Company operates a share option scheme and a share award scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to the eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations.

Share Option Scheme

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "2021 Share Option Scheme") on 13 July 2021. The Company sought and obtained the approval from the shareholders at the 2023 AGM held on 19 July 2023 (the "Adoption Date") to make certain amendments to the 2021 Share Option Scheme and to adopt the amended share option scheme (the "2023 Share Option Scheme"). For the purpose of this Annual Report, references to the Share Option Scheme refer to the 2021 Share Option Scheme and/or 2023 Share Option Scheme, as the context requires.

Details of the 2023 Share Option Scheme and the movements in relation to the share options granted pursuant to the Share Option Scheme are set out in note 22(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

Share Award Scheme

The Company adopted a share purchase scheme (the "2011 Share Award Scheme") on 30 March 2011. The Company sought and obtained the approval from the shareholders at the 2023 AGM on the Adoption Date to make certain amendments to the 2011 Share Award Scheme and to adopt the amended share award scheme (the "2023 Share Award Scheme"). For the purpose of this Annual Report, references to the Share Award Scheme refer to the 2011 Share Award Scheme and/or the 2023 Share Award Scheme, as the context requires.

Details of the Share Award Scheme and the movements in relation to the awarded shares (including the shares awarded pursuant to the French Subplan) are set out in note 22(c) to the consolidated financial statements.

Pursuant to the Share Award Scheme, the total amount paid to purchase 322,900 shares (31 March 2023: 252,000 shares) on the Stock Exchange during the year ended 31 March 2024 was approximately US\$2.0 million (31 March 2023: US\$1.5 million). Further, 180,000 new shares (31 March 2023: 200,000 shares) were issued to the trustee under the scheme mandate of the Company pursuant to the Share Award Scheme.

Directors' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures

As at 31 March 2024, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as adopted by the Company, were as follows:

Name of Director	Number of ordinary shares			Equity derivatives			Approximate percentage of shareholding (Note 8)
	Personal Interest	Family Interest	Other Interest	Share options (Note 7)	Invested ordinary shares under Share Award Scheme (Note 7)		
						Total	
Allan WONG Chi Yun	13,887,609	–	74,101,153 (Note 1) 4,667,037 (Note 2)	166,667	100,000	92,922,466	36.75%
PANG King Fai	441,600	–	–	120,000	30,000	591,600	0.23%
Andy LEUNG Hon Kwong	681,600	–	–	200,000	50,000	931,600	0.37%
William WONG Yee Lai	–	–	74,101,153 (Notes 1&3)	–	–	74,101,153	29.30%
William FUNG Kwok Lun	449,430	5,000 (Note 4)	592,200 (Note 5)	–	–	1,046,630	0.41%
Patrick WANG Shui Chung	162,000	–	–	–	–	162,000	0.06%

Report of the Directors

Directors' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures (Continued)

Notes:

- (1) These shares were beneficially owned as to 1,416,325 shares by Honorex Limited ("Honorex"), as to 65,496,225 shares by Conquer Rex Limited ("Conquer Rex") and as to 7,188,603 shares by Twin Success Pacific Limited ("Twin Success"). Each of Honorex and Conquer Rex was wholly owned by Twin Success. Twin Success was wholly owned by Surplus Assets Limited ("Surplus Assets"). Surplus Assets was wholly owned by Butterfield Trust (Asia) Limited ("Butterfield") which acts as the trustee of The Allan Wong 2020 Trust, a discretionary trust of which Dr. Allan WONG Chi Yun is the founder and one of the beneficiaries. Surplus Assets was therefore deemed to have an aggregate indirect interest in 74,101,153 shares and Twin Success was also deemed to have an aggregate indirect interest in 66,912,550 shares. Surplus Assets was wholly owned by Butterfield which was deemed to be interested in 74,101,153 shares by virtue of the SFO.
- (2) These shares were held by a company wholly-owned by Dr. Allan WONG Chi Yun.
- (3) Mr. William WONG Yee Lai is one of the discretionary beneficiaries of The Allan Wong 2020 Trust, a discretionary trust of which Dr. Allan WONG Chi Yun is the founder. As a director of the Company and a discretionary beneficiary of The Allan Wong 2020 Trust, Mr. William WONG Yee Lai has a duty of disclosure under the SFO in relation to the shares held by Butterfield.
- (4) These shares were held by a company beneficially owned by the spouse of Dr. William FUNG Kwok Lun.
- (5) These shares were held by a company beneficially owned by Dr. William FUNG Kwok Lun.
- (6) All the interests stated above represented long positions.
- (7) Please also refer to note 22(b) and note 22(c) to the consolidated financial statements for further details on the share options and awarded shares in which the Directors and chief executive of the Company were interested.
- (8) The approximate percentage of shareholding is calculated based on 252,882,466 shares of the Company in issue as at 31 March 2024.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2024, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

Substantial Shareholdings

As at 31 March 2024, other than the interests of the Directors and chief executive of the Company as disclosed above, shareholders who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company of 5% or more which fell to be disclosed to the Company under Part XV of the SFO or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO, were as follows:

Name of shareholder	Capacity	Number of shares (Note 3)	Approximate percentage of shareholding (Note 4)
Butterfield Trust (Asia) Limited	Trustee (Note 1)	74,101,153	29.30%
Surplus Assets Limited	Interest of controlled corporation (Note 1)	74,101,153	29.30%
Twin Success Pacific Limited	Interest of controlled corporations and beneficial owner (Notes 1&2)	74,101,153	29.30%
Honorex Limited	Beneficial owner (Note 1)	1,416,325	0.56%
Conquer Rex Limited	Beneficial owner (Note 1)	65,496,225	25.90%

Notes:

- (1) Please refer to Note (1) disclosed under the section headed "Directors' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures" in this Report of the Directors.
- (2) Twin Success Pacific Limited was interested in 7,188,603 shares as beneficial owner and 66,912,550 shares as interest of controlled corporations.
- (3) All the interests stated above represented long positions.
- (4) The approximate percentage of shareholding is calculated based on 252,882,466 shares of the Company in issue as at 31 March 2024.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2024, the Company had not been notified by any persons (other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which fell to be disclosed to the Company under Part XV of the SFO or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

Public Float

Based on the information publicly available and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained at least 25% of the total issued share capital of the Company to be held by the public at all times during the year ended 31 March 2024 and up to the date of this Report of the Directors.

Management Contracts

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 March 2024.

Securities Purchase Arrangements

At the 2023 AGM, shareholders renewed the approval of a general mandate authorising the Directors to effect repurchases of the Company's shares up to a limit of 10% of the shares in issue as at that date.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Listed Securities

The Company and its subsidiaries did not purchase, sell or redeem any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 March 2024.

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the trustee of the Share Award Scheme, pursuant to the rules and trust deed of the Share Award Scheme of the Company, purchased on the Stock Exchange a total of 322,900 shares of the Company for an aggregate consideration of approximately US\$2.0 million.

Major Customers and Suppliers

For the year ended 31 March 2024, the aggregate amount of purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers represented less than 30% of the Group's total value of purchases. The Group's largest customer accounted for approximately 12.6% of the Group's revenue and the Group's five largest customers in aggregate accounted for approximately 39.7% of the Group's revenue during the financial year.

Dr. Allan WONG Chi Yun is interested in 2,326 shares (representing less than 0.0001% of the total issued shares) in the parent company of the Group's largest customer.

Mr. William WONG Yee Lai is interested in 5,261 shares (representing less than 0.0001% of the total issued shares) in the parent company of the Group's largest customer.

Dr. William FUNG Kwok Lun is interested in 90,000 shares and 18,000 shares (each representing less than 0.01% of the total issued shares respectively) in the respective parent companies of two of the Group's five largest customers.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2024, as far as the Directors are aware, none of the Directors, their associates or any shareholders (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's issued shares) had an interest in the customers noted above.

Pre-emptive Rights

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Bye-laws of the Company and there are no statutory restrictions against such rights under the laws of Bermuda in which the Company is incorporated.

Auditor

The Group's consolidated financial statements have been audited by KPMG, which shall retire and, being eligible, offer itself for re-appointment at the 2024 AGM.

On behalf of the Board

Allan WONG Chi Yun

Chairman

Hong Kong, 21 May 2024

Independent Auditor's Report



To the Shareholders of VTech Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of VTech Holdings Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") set out on pages 95 to 140, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2024, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2024 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs") issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board ("IAASB"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards)* ("the Code") together with any ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Bermuda, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Assessing the valuation of stocks

Refer to note 15 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on page 119.

The Key Audit Matter

Stocks held at the year end comprise a wide range of products including electronic learning products and telecommunication products.

Sales of stocks in the electronic products industry can be volatile due to keen competition in the market and consumer demand frequently changing. The Group typically sells or disposes of slow moving stocks at a markdown from the original price. Accordingly, the actual future selling prices of some items of stocks may fall below their cost.

Management assesses the net realisable value of slow moving and excess stocks with reference to the stock ageing report and / or anticipated future selling prices. Stocks are written down to their net realisable value where this falls below their cost.

We identified the valuation of stocks as a key audit matter because determining appropriate stock write-downs involves predicting the excess quantities of stocks which will remain unused or unsold after the end of the reporting period and the markdowns necessary to sell such slow moving stocks, which can be inherently uncertain and which requires the exercise of significant management judgement.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures to assess the valuation of stocks included the following:

- evaluating the Group's stock write-down policy with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards;
- assessing whether the stock write-downs recognised at the reporting date were consistent with the Group's stock write-down policy by recalculating the stock write-downs based on the relevant parameters in the policy;
- examining the subsequent utilisation or release of stock write-downs recorded as at 31 March 2023 and additional write-down recognised in the current year in respect of stocks on hand as at 31 March 2023 to assess whether the judgement made by management in estimating the write-downs in the prior year indicated possible management bias;
- assessing, on a sample basis, whether items in the stock ageing report were classified within the appropriate ageing bracket by comparing individual items in the report with underlying documentation;
- enquiring of the director of each division and senior members of the sales team about any expected changes in plans for markdowns or disposals of slow moving stocks and comparing their representations with actual production and sales transactions subsequent to the reporting date; and
- evaluating, on a sample basis, whether stocks were stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value at the reporting date by comparing the sales prices of stocks subsequent to the reporting date with their carrying values as at 31 March 2024.

Information other than the consolidated financial statements and auditor's report thereon

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the consolidated financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Independent Auditor's Report

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Lee Ka Nang.

KPMG
Certified Public Accountants
8th Floor, Prince's Building
10 Chater Road
Central, Hong Kong

21 May 2024

Consolidated Financial Statements

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

For the year ended 31 March 2024

	Note	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Revenue	1	2,145.7	2,241.7
Cost of sales		(1,510.8)	(1,608.0)
Gross profit		634.9	633.7
Other net (expenses) / income	2	(0.7)	1.7
Selling and distribution costs		(278.4)	(294.0)
Administrative and other operating expenses		(77.9)	(77.6)
Research and development expenses		(81.7)	(83.3)
Operating profit	1(b)	196.2	180.5
Net finance expense	2	(4.9)	(12.0)
Profit before taxation	2	191.3	168.5
Taxation	4	(24.7)	(19.3)
Profit for the year and attributable to shareholders of the Company		166.6	149.2
Earnings per share (US cents)	6		
– Basic		66.0	59.1
– Diluted		65.9	59.1

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31 March 2024

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Profit for the year	166.6	149.2
Other comprehensive income for the year		
Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Effect of remeasurement of net assets on defined benefit scheme, net of deferred tax	0.5	(2.0)
	0.5	(2.0)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Fair value gains on hedging, net of deferred tax	2.0	0.4
Realisation of hedging reserve, net of deferred tax	(0.9)	(2.5)
Exchange translation differences	(9.9)	(20.5)
	(8.8)	(22.6)
Other comprehensive income for the year	(8.3)	(24.6)
Total comprehensive income for the year	158.3	124.6

The notes and material accounting policies on pages 100 to 140 form part of these financial statements. Details of dividends payable to shareholders of the Company attributable to the profit for the year are set out in note 5.

Consolidated Financial Statements

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 March 2024

	Note	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Non-current assets			
Tangible assets	7	68.9	74.9
Advance payment for acquisition of non-current assets	8	22.7	–
Right-of-use assets	9	140.9	162.8
Intangible assets	10	14.7	15.3
Goodwill	11	36.1	36.1
Interest in an associate	12	3.8	3.8
Investments	13	1.2	1.9
Net assets on defined benefit retirement scheme	21(b)	6.3	5.6
Deferred tax assets	14(b)	8.7	9.2
		303.3	309.6
Current assets			
Stocks	15	348.0	475.5
Debtors, deposits and prepayments	16	283.7	324.3
Taxation recoverable	14(a)	5.2	10.5
Deposits and cash	17	322.1	198.5
		959.0	1,008.8
Current liabilities			
Creditors and accruals	18	(418.8)	(468.5)
Provisions for defective goods returns and other liabilities	19	(23.4)	(25.6)
Lease liabilities	20	(18.4)	(16.6)
Taxation payable	14(a)	(12.6)	(6.5)
		(473.2)	(517.2)
Net current assets		485.8	491.6
Total assets less current liabilities		789.1	801.2
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred tax liabilities	14(b)	(3.2)	(3.2)
Lease liabilities	20	(140.3)	(163.3)
Long service payment liabilities	21(c)	(0.6)	–
		(144.1)	(166.5)
Net assets		645.0	634.7
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	22(a)	12.6	12.6
Reserves		632.4	622.1
Total equity		645.0	634.7

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 21 May 2024.

Allan WONG Chi Yun
Director

PANG King Fai
Director

The notes and material accounting policies on pages 100 to 140 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31 March 2024

	Attributable to shareholders of the Company								Total equity US\$ million
	Note	Share capital US\$ million	Share premium US\$ million	Shares held for Share Award Scheme US\$ million	Exchange reserve US\$ million	Capital reserve US\$ million	Hedging reserve US\$ million	Revenue reserve US\$ million	
At 1 April 2022		12.6	160.8	(0.3)	(11.3)	0.3	3.0	513.7	678.8
Changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2023									
Comprehensive income									
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	149.2	149.2
Other comprehensive income									
Fair value gains on hedging, net of deferred tax		-	-	-	-	-	0.4	-	0.4
Realisation of hedging reserve, net of deferred tax		-	-	-	-	-	(2.5)	-	(2.5)
Exchange translation differences		-	-	-	(20.5)	-	-	-	(20.5)
Effect of remeasurement of net assets on defined benefit scheme, net of deferred tax		-	-	-	-	-	-	(2.0)	(2.0)
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	(20.5)	-	(2.1)	(2.0)	(24.6)
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	(20.5)	-	(2.1)	147.2	124.6
Final dividend in respect of the previous year		-	-	-	-	-	-	(128.9)	(128.9)
Interim dividend in respect of the current year	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	(42.9)	(42.9)
Equity-settled share based payments: Share Option Scheme	22(b)&23(b)	-	-	-	-	0.4	-	-	0.4
Shares issued under Share Option Scheme	23(b)	-	0.9	-	-	-	-	-	0.9
Shares issued under Share Award Scheme	23(b)	-	1.6	(1.6)	-	-	-	-	-
Shares purchased for Share Award Scheme	22(c)&23(b)	-	-	(1.5)	-	-	-	-	(1.5)
Vesting of shares of Share Award Scheme	22(c)&23(b)	-	-	3.3	-	-	-	-	3.3
At 31 March 2023		12.6	163.3	(0.1)	(31.8)	0.7	0.9	489.1	634.7

The notes and material accounting policies on pages 100 to 140 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Financial Statements

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2024

	Note	Attributable to shareholders of the Company							Total equity US\$ million
		Share capital US\$ million	Share premium US\$ million	Shares held for Share Award Scheme US\$ million	Exchange reserve US\$ million	Capital reserve US\$ million	Hedging reserve US\$ million	Revenue reserve US\$ million	
At 1 April 2023		12.6	163.3	(0.1)	(31.8)	0.7	0.9	489.1	634.7
Changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2024									
Comprehensive income									
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	166.6	166.6
Other comprehensive income									
Fair value gains on hedging, net of deferred tax		-	-	-	-	-	2.0	-	2.0
Realisation of hedging reserve, net of deferred tax		-	-	-	-	-	(0.9)	-	(0.9)
Exchange translation differences		-	-	-	(9.9)	-	-	-	(9.9)
Effect of remeasurement of net assets on defined benefit scheme, net of deferred tax		-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	(9.9)	-	1.1	0.5	(8.3)
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	(9.9)	-	1.1	167.1	158.3
Final dividend in respect of the previous year	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	(106.2)	(106.2)
Interim dividend in respect of the current year	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	(43.0)	(43.0)
Equity-settled share based payments: Share Option Scheme	22(b)& 23(b)	-	-	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.1
Shares option lapsed during the year		-	-	-	-	(0.2)	-	0.2	-
Shares issued under Share Award Scheme	23(b)	-	1.1	(1.1)	-	-	-	-	-
Shares purchased for Share Award Scheme	22(c)& 23(b)	-	-	(2.0)	-	-	-	-	(2.0)
Vesting of shares of Share Award Scheme	22(c)& 23(b)	-	-	3.1	-	-	-	-	3.1
At 31 March 2024		12.6	164.4	(0.1)	(41.7)	0.6	2.0	507.2	645.0

The notes and material accounting policies on pages 100 to 140 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 March 2024

	Note	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Operating activities			
Operating profit		196.2	180.5
Depreciation of tangible assets	2	33.2	34.7
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	2	21.6	21.1
Amortisation of intangible assets	2	0.6	0.7
Fair value loss on investments measured at fair value through profit or loss	2	0.7	0.3
(Gain) / Loss on disposal of tangible assets	2	(0.3)	0.6
Share-based payment expenses: Share Award Scheme	2	3.1	3.3
Share-based payment expenses: Share Option Scheme	2	0.1	0.4
Decrease in stocks		127.5	77.8
Decrease in debtors, deposits and prepayments		40.3	60.0
Decrease in creditors and accruals		(48.2)	(100.3)
Decrease in provisions for defective goods returns and other liabilities		(1.6)	(2.7)
Increase in net assets on defined benefit scheme		(0.1)	(0.3)
Cash generated from operations		373.1	276.1
Interest received / (paid)		2.9	(4.1)
Interest on lease liabilities		(7.8)	(7.9)
Taxes paid		(13.0)	(25.3)
Net cash generated from operating activities		355.2	238.8
Investing activities			
Purchase of tangible assets	7	(32.4)	(27.9)
Advance payment on purchase of non-current assets		(22.7)	–
Proceeds from disposal of tangible assets		0.7	0.4
Net cash used in investing activities		(54.4)	(27.5)
Financing activities			
Capital element of lease rentals paid	20(b)&(c)	(19.9)	(18.8)
Payment for shares acquired for Share Award Scheme	22(c)	(2.0)	(1.5)
Proceeds from shares issued upon exercise of share options		–	0.9
Dividends paid	5	(149.2)	(171.8)
Net cash used in financing activities		(171.1)	(191.2)
Effect of exchange rate changes		(6.1)	(17.4)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		123.6	2.7
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 April		198.5	195.8
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March	17	322.1	198.5

The notes and material accounting policies on pages 100 to 140 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Material Accounting Policies

A Principal Activities and Organisation

The Group's principal activities and operating segments are set out in note 1 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Company was incorporated in Bermuda. In view of the international nature of the Group's operations, the financial statements are presented in United States dollars.

B Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards ("IASs") and related Interpretations promulgated by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

These financial statements comply with the applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the applicable disclosure provisions of the Listing Rules. Material accounting policies adopted by the Group are set out below.

(i) New and amended IFRSs

The IASB has issued a number of amendments to IFRSs and a new IFRS that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group:

- IFRS 17, *Insurance Contracts*
- Amendments to IAS 8, *Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors: Definition of accounting estimates*
- Amendments to IAS 1, *Presentation of financial statements and IFRS Practice Statement 2, Making materiality judgements: Disclosure of accounting policies*
- Amendments to IAS 12, *Income taxes: Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction*
- Amendments to IAS 12, *Income taxes: International tax reform – Pillar Two model rules*

None of these developments have had a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented. The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

(ii) New Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") guidance on the accounting implications of the abolition of the MPF-LSP offsetting mechanism

As disclosed in note 21(c), in June 2022 the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the "Government") gazetted the Hong Kong Employment and Retirement Schemes Legislation (Offsetting Arrangement) (Amendment) Ordinance 2022 (the "Amendment Ordinance"), which has come into effect

on 1 May 2025 (the "Transition Date"). Once the Amendment Ordinance has taken effect, an employer can no longer use any of the accrued benefits derived from its mandatory contributions to mandatory provident fund ("MPF") scheme to reduce the long service payment ("LSP") in respect of an employee's service from the Transition Date (the abolition of the "offsetting mechanism"). In addition, the LSP in respect of the service before the Transition Date will be calculated based on the employee's monthly salary immediately before the Transition Date and the years of service up to that date.

In July 2023, the HKICPA published "Accounting implications of the abolition of the MPF-LSP offsetting mechanism in Hong Kong" that provides accounting guidance relating to the offsetting mechanism and the abolition of the mechanism. In particular, the guidance indicates that entities may account for the accrued benefits derived from mandatory MPF contributions that are expected to be used to reduce the LSP payable to an employee as deemed contributions by that employee towards the LSP.

To better reflect the substance of the abolition of the offsetting mechanism, the Group has changed its accounting policy in connection with its long service payment liability and has applied the above HKICPA guidance. This has no material impact on the Group's results and financial position for the current and prior periods.

C Basis of Preparation of the Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries and a structured entity (together referred to as the "Group") and the Group's interest in an associate.

These financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis except that derivative financial instruments and investments are stated at their fair value as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of IFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 30.

Material Accounting Policies (Continued)

D Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries and a structured entity and the Group's interest in an associate. All significant inter-company balances and transactions and any unrealised gains arising from inter-company transactions are eliminated on consolidation.

Subsidiaries (including structured entities) are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. An investment in a subsidiary and a structured entity is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses (except for foreign currency transaction gains or losses) arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

The assets and liabilities of the structured entity, VTech Share Award Scheme Trust, are included in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position and the shares held by the VTech Share Award Scheme Trust are presented as a deduction from equity as Shares held for Share Award Scheme.

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, and any related non-controlling interests ("NCI") and other components of equity. Any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary is measured at fair value when control is lost.

Investments in subsidiaries in the Company's statement of financial position are stated at cost less impairment losses (see note (N)(iii)). The financial results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

An associate is an entity in which the Group or the Company has significant influence but not control or joint control, over the financial and operating policies.

An interest in an associate is accounted for using the equity method, unless it is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group classified as held for sale). They are initially recognised at cost, which includes transaction costs. Subsequently, the consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income ("OCI") of those investees, until the date on which significant influence or joint control ceases.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in the associate, the Group's interest is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the investee.

Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity-accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent there is no evidence of impairment.

In the individual company's statement of financial position, investments in associates are stated at cost less impairment losses (see note (N)(iii)).

E Revenue Recognition

Income is classified by the Group as revenue when it arises from the sale of goods and the provision of services.

Further details of the Group's revenue and other income recognition policies are as follows:

(i) Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Sale of Goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when the customer takes possession of and accepts the products. Payment terms and conditions vary by customers and are based on the billing schedule established in the contracts or purchase orders with customers.

Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the customer for more than 12 months, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction with the customer, and interest income is accrued separately under the effective interest method. Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the Group, revenue recognised under that contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. The Group takes advantage of the practical expedient in paragraph 63 of IFRS 15 and does not adjust the consideration for any effects of a significant financing component if the period of financing is 12 months or less.

(ii) Revenue from other sources and other income

(a) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

(b) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

(c) Government grants

Government grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as income in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred.

Material Accounting Policies (Continued)

F Research and Development

Research and development costs comprise all costs that are directly attributable to research and development activities or that can be allocated on a reasonable basis to such activities.

Expenditure on research activities is recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Development expenditure is capitalised only if the expenditure can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable and the group intends to and has sufficient resources to complete development and to use or sell the resulting asset. Otherwise, it is recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Capitalised development expenditure is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses (see note (N)(iii)).

G Translation of Foreign Currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of group companies at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency differences are generally recognised in profit or loss.

However, foreign currency differences arising from the translation of the qualifying cash flow hedges to the extent that the hedges are effective.

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated into US dollars at the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into US dollars at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Foreign currency differences are recognised in OCI and accumulated in the exchange reserve, except to the extent that the translation difference is allocated to NCI.

When a foreign operation is disposed of in its entirety or partially such that control, significant influence or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the exchange reserve related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal. On disposal of a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that foreign operation that have been attributed to the NCI shall be derecognised, but shall not be reclassified to profit or loss. If the Group disposes of part of its interest in a subsidiary but retained control, then the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to NCI. When the Group disposes of only part of an associate or joint venture while retaining significant influence or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

H Goodwill

Goodwill arising on acquisition of businesses is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses and is tested annually for impairment (see note (N)).

I Business Combination

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognised in profit or loss.

J Tangible Assets and Depreciation

The following items of tangible assets are stated at cost, which includes capitalised borrowing costs, less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses (see note (N)(iii)):

- right-of-use assets arising from leases over freehold or leasehold properties where the group is not the registered owner of the property interest; and
- items of tangible assets, including right-of-use assets arising from leases of underlying plant and equipment (see note (M)).

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of tangible assets less their estimated residual values, if any, using the straight line method over their estimated useful lives, and is generally recognised in profit or loss.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Leasehold land	Over the unexpired term of lease
Medium-term and short-term leasehold buildings and leasehold improvements	10 to 50 years or lease term, if shorter
Moulds	1 year
Machinery and equipment	3 to 5 years
Computers, motor vehicles, furniture and fixtures	3 to 7 years

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of tangible assets is recognised in profit or loss. Any related revaluation surplus is transferred from the revaluation reserve to retained profits and is not reclassified to profit or loss.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

Material Accounting Policies (Continued)

K Construction in Progress

Construction in progress represents land and buildings under development and is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note (N)(iii)). Cost comprises the construction costs of buildings and costs paid to acquire land use rights.

Building construction costs are transferred to leasehold buildings when the assets are completed and put into operational use and depreciation will be provided at the appropriate rates in accordance with the depreciation policies (see note (J)).

No depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of construction in progress.

L Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Intangible assets with finite useful life is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses (see note (N)(iii)).

Amortisation is calculated to write off the cost of intangible assets less their estimated residual values using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, if any, and is generally recognised in profit or loss.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Brand	30 years
Technology	5 years

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

M Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. This is the case if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for leases that have a short lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value item. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value item, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. If not capitalised, the associated lease payments are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is recognised using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and are charged to profit or loss as incurred.

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note (N)(iii)).

Refundable rental deposits are accounted for separately from the right-of-use assets in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to investments in non-equity securities carried at amortised cost (see notes (N)(i) and (O)(i)). Any excess of the nominal value over the initial fair value of the deposits is accounted for as additional lease payments made and is included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Group changes its assessment of whether it will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a lease modification, which means a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract, if such modification is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case, the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

In the consolidated statement of financial position, the current portion of long-term lease liabilities is determined as the present value of contractual payments that are due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period.

Material Accounting Policies (Continued)

N Credit Losses and Impairment of Assets

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") on the financial assets measured at amortised cost (including deposits and cash, debtors and deposits).

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Generally, credit losses are measured as the present value of all expected cash shortfalls between the contractual and expected amounts.

The expected cash shortfalls are discounted using the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition or an approximation thereof if the effect is material.

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

ECLs are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months); and
- lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected lives of the items to which the ECL model applies.

The Group measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, except for the following, which are measured at 12-months ECLs:

- Financial instruments that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- Other financial instruments (including loan commitments issued) for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowances for trade receivables and contract asset are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

Significant increases in credit risk

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial instrument (including a loan commitment) has increased significantly since initial recognition and when measuring ECLs, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment, that includes forward-looking information.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset to be in default when:

- The debtor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or
- The financial asset is 90 days past due

ECLs are remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk since initial recognition. Any change in the ECL amount is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss. The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group otherwise determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off.

Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

(ii) Credit losses from financial guarantees issued

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the issuer (i.e. the guarantor) to make specified payments to reimburse the beneficiary of the guarantee (the "holder") for a loss the holder incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantees issued are initially recognised at fair value (being the transaction price, unless the fair value can otherwise be reliably estimated). Where consideration is received or receivable for the issuance of the guarantee, the consideration is recognised in accordance with the Group's policies applicable to that category of asset. Where no such consideration is received or receivable, an immediate expense is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group monitors the risk that the specified debtor will default on the contract and remeasures the above liability at a higher amount when ECLs on the financial guarantees are determined to be higher than the carrying amount in respect of the guarantees.

A 12-month ECL is measured unless the risk that the specified debtor will default has increased significantly since the guarantee is issued, in which case a lifetime ECL is measured. The same definition of default and the same assessment of significant increase in credit risk as described in note (N)(i) apply.

As the Group is required to make payments only in the event of a default by the specified debtor in accordance with the terms of the instrument that is guaranteed, an ECL is estimated based on the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amount that the Group expects to receive from the holder of the guarantee, the specified debtor or any other party. The amount is then discounted using the current risk-free rate adjusted for risks specific to the cash flows.

Material Accounting Policies (Continued)

N Credit Losses and Impairment of Assets (Continued)

(iii) Impairment of other assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial asset (other than inventories and deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or cash-generating units ("CGUs"). Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. They are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the CGU on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the resulting carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

(iv) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Listing Rules, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year.

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of goodwill are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates.

O Other Investments

The Group's policies for investments in securities, other than investments in subsidiaries and associate, are set out below.

Investments in securities are recognised / derecognised on the date the Group commits to purchase / sell the investment. The investments are initially stated at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs, except for those investments measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL") for which transaction costs are recognised directly in profit or loss. For an explanation of how the Group determines fair value of financial instruments (see note 24(e)). These investments are subsequently accounted for as follows, depending on their classification.

(i) Non-equity investments

Non-equity investments are classified into one of the following measurement categories:

- amortised cost, if the investment is held for the collection of contractual cash flows which represent solely payments of principal and interest. Expected credit losses, interest income calculated using the effective interest method (see note (E)), foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.
- Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") – recycling, if the contractual cash flows of the investment comprise solely payments of principal and interest and the investment is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collection of contractual cash flows and sale. Expected credit losses, interest income (calculated using the effective interest method) and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss and computed in the same manner as if the financial asset was measured at amortised cost. The difference between the fair value and the amortised cost is recognised in OCI. When the investment is derecognised, the amount accumulated in OCI is recycled from equity to profit or loss.
- FVPL, if the investment does not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVOCI (recycling). Changes in the fair value of the investment (including interest) are recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Equity investments

An investment in equity securities is classified as FVPL unless the investment is not held for trading purposes and on initial recognition the Group makes an irrevocable election to designate the investment at FVOCI (non-recycling) such that subsequent changes in fair value are recognised in OCI. Such elections are made on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but may only be made if the investment needs the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective. If such election is made for a particular investment, at the time of disposal, the amount accumulated in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) is transferred to retained earnings and not recycled through profit or loss. Dividends from an investment in equity securities, irrespective of whether classified as at FVPL or FVOCI, are recognised in profit or loss as other income (see note (E)).

P Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated on the weighted average or the first-in-first-out basis, and comprises materials, direct labour and an appropriate share of production overheads incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling costs necessary to make the sale.

When stocks are sold, the carrying amount of those stocks is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of stocks to net realisable value and all losses of stocks are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of stocks is recognised as a reduction in the amount of stocks recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

Material Accounting Policies (Continued)

Q Trade and Other Debtors

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration and only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are initially measured at their transaction price. Trade receivables that contain a significant financing component and other receivables are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. All receivables are subsequently stated at amortised cost (see note (N)(i)).

R Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and other short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for ECL (see note (N)(i)).

S Trade and Other Creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, trade and other creditors are stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at invoice amounts.

T Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Where some or all of the expenditure required to settle a provision is expected to be reimbursed by another party, a separate asset is recognised for any expected reimbursement that would be virtually certain. The amount recognised for the reimbursement is limited to the carrying amount of the provision.

U Income Tax

Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it related to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

Current tax comprises the estimated tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustments to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payable or receivable is the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects any uncertainty related to income taxes. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax also includes any tax arising from dividends.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria are met.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for:

- Temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting no taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences;
- Temporary differences related to investment subsidiaries, associates and joint venture to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future;
- Taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill; and
- Those related to the income taxes arising from tax laws enacted or substantively enacted to implement the Pillar Two model rules published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they are to be used. Future taxable profits are determined based on the reversal of relevant taxable temporary differences. If the amount of taxable temporary differences is insufficient to recognise a deferred tax asset in full, then future taxable profits, adjusted for reversals of existing temporary differences, are considered, based on the business plans for individual subsidiaries in the Group. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria are met.

V Employee Benefits

The Group operates a number of defined contribution retirement schemes throughout the world, including Hong Kong, and a defined benefit retirement scheme in Hong Kong. The assets of all schemes are held separately from those of the Company and its subsidiaries.

(i) Defined contribution schemes

Contributions to the defined contribution schemes are at various funding rates that are in accordance with the local practice and regulations. Obligations for contributions relating to the defined contribution schemes are expensed as the related service is provided.

Material Accounting Policies (Continued)

V Employee Benefits (Continued)

(ii) Defined benefit plans

The Group has the following two categories of defined benefit plans:

- Defined benefit retirement scheme registered under the Hong Kong Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance (the “defined benefit retirement scheme”)
- LSP under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance

The Group’s net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods and discounting that amount. For defined benefit retirement scheme, the net obligation is after deducting the fair value of plan assets. For LSP obligations, the estimated amount of future benefit is determined after deducting the negative service cost arising from the accrued benefits derived from the Group’s MPF contributions have been vested with employees, which are deemed to be contributions from the relevant employees.

The calculation of defined benefit obligation is performed by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. For defined benefit retirement scheme, when the calculation results in a benefit to the Group, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the scheme or reduction in future contributions to the scheme.

Remeasurements arising from defined benefit plans, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets in defined benefit retirement scheme (excluding interest) and the effect of any asset ceiling (excluding interest), are recognised immediately in OCI. Net interest expense for the period is determined by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the reporting period to the then net defined benefit liability, taking into account any changes in the net defined benefit liability during the period. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in profit or loss.

(iii) Equity and equity related compensation benefits

For share options granted under the 2021 Share Option Scheme and 2023 Share Option Scheme and shares of the Company granted under the Share Award Scheme (“Awarded Shares”), the fair value of share options and Awarded Shares granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in the capital reserve and Shares held for Share Award Scheme, respectively, within equity. The fair value of share options is measured at grant date using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the share options were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the share options or the Awarded Shares, the total estimated fair value of the share options and Awarded Shares are spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the share options and Awarded Shares will vest.

During the vesting period, the number of share options and Awarded Shares that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged / credited to profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve and Shares held for Share Award Scheme, respectively. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share options and Awarded Shares that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve and Shares held for Share Award Scheme) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company’s shares. The equity amount in respect of share options is recognised in the capital reserve until either the share option is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the share option expires (when it is released directly to revenue reserve).

For those Awarded Shares which are amortised over the vesting periods, the Group revises its estimates of the number of Awarded Shares that are expected to ultimately vest based on the vesting conditions at the end of each reporting period. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged / credited to employee share-based compensation expense in the current year, with a corresponding adjustment to Shares held for Share Award Scheme.

W Shares held for Share Award Scheme

Where the VTech shares are acquired by VTech Share Award Scheme Trust from the market, the consideration of shares acquired from the market (including any directly attributable incremental costs), is presented as Shares held for Share Award Scheme and deducted from total equity.

Upon vesting, the related costs of the vested Awarded Shares purchased from the market and shares acquired from reinvesting dividends received on the Awarded Shares (“dividend shares”) are credited to Shares held for Share Award Scheme, with a corresponding increase in share-based payment expenses for Awarded Shares, and decrease in revenue reserve for dividend shares.

For vesting of forfeited or unallocated shares regranted, the related costs of the forfeited or unallocated shares regranted are credited to Shares held for Share Award Scheme, and the related fair value of the shares regranted are debited to capital reserve. The difference between the cost and the fair value of the shares regranted is credited to share premium if the fair value is higher than the costs, or debited against revenue reserve if the fair value is less than the cost.

X Derivative Financial Instruments

The Group holds derivative financial instruments to manage its foreign currency and interest rate risk exposures. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the host contract is not a financial asset and certain criteria are met.

Derivatives are initially measured at fair value. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with changes therein recognised in profit or loss, except where the derivatives qualify for cash flow hedge accounting or hedges or net investment in a foreign operation.

Material Accounting Policies (Continued)

X Derivative Financial Instruments (Continued)

Cash flow hedges

The Group designates certain derivatives as hedging instruments to hedge the variability in cash flows associated with highly probable forecast transactions arising from changes in foreign exchange rates (cash flow hedges).

When a derivative is designated as a cash flow hedging instrument, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognised in OCI and accumulated in the hedging reserve within equity. The effective portion that is recognised in OCI is limited to the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item, determined on a present value basis, from inception of the hedge. Any ineffective portion is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When the hedged forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial item such as inventory, the amount accumulated in the hedging reserve is removed from the reserve and is included directly in the initial cost of the non-financial item when it is recognised.

For all other hedged forecast transactions, the amount accumulated in the hedging reserve is reclassified through OCI to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment in the same period or periods during which the hedged expected future cash flows affect profit or loss. If the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting or the hedging instrument is sold, expires, is terminated or is exercised, then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively. When hedge accounting is discontinued, the amount that has been accumulated in the hedging reserve remains in equity until the transaction occurs and it is recognised in accordance with the above policy.

If the hedged future cash flows are no longer expected to occur, then the amounts that have been accumulated in the hedging reserve is immediately reclassified through OCI to profit or loss.

Y Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities

A contract asset is recognised when the Group recognises revenue (see note (E)) before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration under the payment terms set out in the contract. Contract assets are assessed for ECL in accordance with the policy set out in note (N)(i) and are reclassified to receivables when the right to the consideration becomes unconditional (see note (Q)).

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays non-refundable consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue (see note (E)). A contract liability is also recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such latter cases, a corresponding receivable is also recognised (see note (Q)).

When the contract includes a significant financing component, the contract balance includes interest accrued under the effective interest method (see note (E)).

Z Dividends

Dividends proposed or declared after the end of the reporting period are not recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

AA Segment Reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

AB Related Parties

- (i) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (a) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (b) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (c) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (ii) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply:
 - (a) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (b) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (c) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (d) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (e) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (f) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (i).
 - (g) A person identified in (i)(a) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (h) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

1 Revenue and Segment Information

(a) Revenue

The principal activity of the Group is design, manufacture and distribution of consumer electronic products. All revenue of the Group is from contracts with customers within the scope of IFRS 15 and recognised at a point in time.

Disaggregation of revenue

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by major products and regions is as follows:

Year ended 31 March 2024	North America US\$ million	Europe US\$ million	Asia Pacific US\$ million	Other Regions US\$ million	Total US\$ million
Electronic Learning Products	415.9	315.6	70.4	8.7	810.6
Telecommunication Products	201.0	77.2	21.3	8.4	307.9
Contract Manufacturing Services	305.7	495.5	226.0	–	1,027.2
Total	922.6	888.3	317.7	17.1	2,145.7

Year ended 31 March 2023	North America US\$ million	Europe US\$ million	Asia Pacific US\$ million	Other Regions US\$ million	Total US\$ million
Electronic Learning Products	471.4	330.1	79.4	10.5	891.4
Telecommunication Products	239.9	96.4	28.4	13.6	378.3
Contract Manufacturing Services	273.5	490.5	208.0	–	972.0
Total	984.8	917.0	315.8	24.1	2,241.7

The Group's customer base is diversified and include one (2023: one) customer with whom transactions have exceeded 10% of the Group's revenue. The revenue from this customer accounted for approximately 13% (2023: 13%) of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 March 2024. Such revenue is attributable to the North America segment.

Details of concentration of credit risk of the Group are set out in note 24(a).

(b) Segment Information

The Group manages its businesses by divisions, which are organised by geography. In accordance with IFRS 8 – *Operating segments* and in a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the following reportable segments.

- North America (including the United States and Canada)
- Europe
- Asia Pacific
- Other Regions, which covers sales of electronic products to the rest of the world

The Company is domiciled in Bermuda. The results of its revenue from external customers located in North America, Europe, Asia Pacific and elsewhere are set out in the table below.

Each of the above reportable segments primarily derives its revenue from the sale of electronic learning products, telecommunication products and products from contract manufacturing services to customers in the relevant geographical region.

All of these products are manufactured in the Group's manufacturing facilities located in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") and Malaysia under the Asia Pacific segment and Mexico under the North America segment.

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's senior executive management monitors the results and assets attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

(i) Segment revenues and results

Revenue is allocated to the reportable segment based on the location of external customers. Expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those geographical locations or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments.

The measure used for reporting segment profit is operating profit.

In addition to receiving segment information concerning operating profit, management is provided with segment information concerning revenue and depreciation and amortisation.

(ii) Segment assets and liabilities

Segment assets include all non-current assets and current assets with the exception of deferred tax assets, taxation recoverable and other corporate assets including intangible assets, goodwill, investments and interest in an associate.

Segment liabilities include creditors and accruals, provisions for defective goods returns and other liabilities, lease liabilities and long service payment liabilities with the exception of taxation payable and deferred tax liabilities.

1 Revenue and Segment Information (Continued)

(b) Segment Information (Continued)

(ii) Segment assets and liabilities (Continued)

Year ended 31 March 2024	North America US\$ million	Europe US\$ million	Asia Pacific US\$ million	Other Regions US\$ million	Total US\$ million
Reportable segment revenue	922.6	888.3	317.7	17.1	2,145.7
Reportable segment profit	89.6	69.6	33.9	3.1	196.2
Depreciation and amortisation	3.3	3.6	48.5	–	55.4
Reportable segment assets	145.5	123.1	924.0	–	1,192.6
Reportable segment liabilities	(84.9)	(29.5)	(487.1)	–	(601.5)

Year ended 31 March 2023	North America US\$ million	Europe US\$ million	Asia Pacific US\$ million	Other Regions US\$ million	Total US\$ million
Reportable segment revenue	984.8	917.0	315.8	24.1	2,241.7
Reportable segment profit	80.0	61.8	34.5	4.2	180.5
Depreciation and amortisation	3.3	3.7	49.5	–	56.5
Reportable segment assets	163.8	108.4	969.4	–	1,241.6
Reportable segment liabilities	(89.2)	(26.5)	(558.3)	–	(674.0)

(iii) Reconciliations of reportable segment assets and liabilities

	Note	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Assets			
Reportable segment assets		1,192.6	1,241.6
Intangible assets	10	14.7	15.3
Goodwill	11	36.1	36.1
Interest in an associate	12	3.8	3.8
Investments	13	1.2	1.9
Taxation recoverable	14(a)	5.2	10.5
Deferred tax assets	14(b)	8.7	9.2
Consolidated total assets		1,262.3	1,318.4
Liabilities			
Reportable segment liabilities		(601.5)	(674.0)
Taxation payable	14(a)	(12.6)	(6.5)
Deferred tax liabilities	14(b)	(3.2)	(3.2)
Consolidated total liabilities		(617.3)	(683.7)

2 Profit Before Taxation

Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging / (crediting) the following:

	Note	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Staff related costs			
– salaries and wages		316.2	337.5
– pension costs: defined contribution schemes	21(a)	23.3	24.8
– expenses recognised in respect of defined benefit plans:			
(i) defined benefit retirement scheme	21(b)	0.9	0.9
(ii) long service payments	21(c)	0.6	–
– severance payments		4.5	3.1
– share-based payment expenses: Share Award Scheme	22(c)	3.1	3.3
– share-based payment expenses: Share Option Scheme	22(b)	0.1	0.4
		348.7	370.0
Cost of inventories	15(b)	1,510.8	1,608.0
Fair value loss on investments measured at fair value through profit or loss (notes (i)&(ii))		0.7	0.3
Government subsidies (notes (i)&(iii))		–	(2.0)
Depreciation of tangible assets	7	33.2	34.7
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	9	21.6	21.1
Amortisation of intangible assets	10	0.6	0.7
(Gain) / loss on disposal of tangible assets		(0.3)	0.6
Auditors' remuneration			
– audit services		0.8	0.8
– audit related services		0.1	0.1
– tax services		0.8	0.6
– other advisory services		0.1	–
Loss allowance for trade debtors	24(a)	0.7	0.3
Reversal of loss allowance for trade debtors	24(a)	(1.2)	(0.2)
Royalties		15.0	10.6
Interest on lease liabilities (note (iv))		7.8	7.9
Other interest (income) / expenses, net (note (iv))		(2.9)	4.1
Provision for defective goods returns	19	11.9	16.2
Net foreign exchange loss		0.7	1.2
Net (gain) / loss on forward foreign exchange contracts			
– Net gain on cash flow hedging instruments reclassified from equity		(1.0)	(2.7)
– Net (gain) / loss on forward foreign exchange contracts		(2.1)	1.3

Notes:

(i) Included in other net (expenses) / income in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

(ii) The Group invests in an investment holding company which has a shareholding in a listed entity that designs and distributes integrated circuit products (the "Investment"). A fair value loss of US\$0.7 million (2023: US\$0.3 million) on the Investment relating to the unsold shareholding in the listed entity was also recorded in the current year.

(iii) This represented employment subsidies received from various governments in response to the outbreak of COVID-19.

(iv) Included in net finance expense in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3 Directors' Emoluments and Individuals with Highest Emoluments

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefit of Directors) Regulation are as follows:

Directors' emoluments

	Fees US\$ million	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind US\$ million	Discretionary bonuses US\$ million	Contributions to retirement benefit schemes US\$ million	Share-based payment: Share Award Scheme US\$ million	Share-based payment: Share Option Scheme (note (x)) US\$ million	Total US\$ million
For the year ended 31 March 2024							
Executive Directors (i)							
Allan WONG Chi Yun (ii & iii)	-	1.1	1.9	0.1	0.6	-	3.7
PANG King Fai (iii)	-	0.6	0.6	-	0.2	-	1.4
Andy LEUNG Hon Kwong (iii)	-	0.7	1.8	0.1	0.3	-	2.9
Non-executive Director							
William WONG Yee Lai (iv)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Independent Non-executive Directors							
William FUNG Kwok Lun (v)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GAN Jie (vi)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KO Ping Keung (vii)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Patrick WANG Shui Chung (viii)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WONG Kai Man (ix)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	2.4	4.3	0.2	1.1	-	8.0
For the year ended 31 March 2023							
Executive Directors (i)							
Allan WONG Chi Yun (ii & iii)	-	1.1	1.5	0.1	0.6	0.1	3.4
PANG King Fai (iii)	-	0.6	0.4	-	0.2	0.1	1.3
Andy LEUNG Hon Kwong (iii)	-	0.6	1.7	0.1	0.3	0.1	2.8
Non-executive Director							
William WONG Yee Lai (iv)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Independent Non-executive Directors							
William FUNG Kwok Lun (v)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GAN Jie (vi)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
KO Ping Keung (vii)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Patrick WANG Shui Chung (viii)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WONG Kai Man (ix)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	2.3	3.6	0.2	1.1	0.3	7.5

Notes:

- (i) The Directors' fee paid to each executive Director, except for Dr. Allan WONG Chi Yun, was US\$35,000 (2023: US\$35,000) per annum. The Directors' fee paid to Dr. Allan WONG Chi Yun was US\$38,000 (2023: US\$38,000) per annum.
- (ii) Included in the emoluments paid to Dr. Allan WONG Chi Yun, a housing benefit of HK\$4,800,000 for the year ended 31 March 2024 (2023: HK\$4,800,000), which was based on the tenancy agreement entered into between the Company and Aldenham Company Limited ("Aldenham"). Aldenham is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of a discretionary trust of which Dr. Allan WONG Chi Yun, is the founder and one of the beneficiaries.
- (iii) Included in the emoluments paid to Dr. Allan WONG Chi Yun, Dr. PANG King Fai and Mr. Andy LEUNG Hon Kwong, an aggregate of 100,000 shares (2023: 100,000 shares), 30,000 shares (2023: 30,000 shares) and 50,000 shares (2023: 50,000 shares) were granted to Dr. Allan WONG Chi Yun, Dr. PANG King Fai and Mr. Andy LEUNG Hon Kwong respectively pursuant to the Share Award Scheme during the year.
- (iv) The Directors' fee paid to Mr. William WONG Yee Lai was US\$35,000 (2023: US\$35,000) per annum.
- (v) The Directors' fee paid to Dr. William FUNG Kwok Lun was US\$48,000 (2023: US\$48,000) per annum.
- (vi) The Directors' fee paid to Professor GAN Jie was US\$40,000 (2023: US\$877 for the period from her date of appointment on 24 March 2023 to 31 March 2023).
- (vii) The Directors' fee paid to Professor KO Ping Keung was US\$46,000 (2023: US\$46,000) per annum.
- (viii) The Directors' fee paid to Dr. Patrick WANG Shui Chung was US\$48,000 (2023: US\$48,000) per annum.
- (ix) The Directors' fee paid to Mr. WONG Kai Man was US\$51,000 (2023: US\$51,000) per annum.
- (x) These include the estimated value of share options granted to the Directors under the Share Option Scheme. The value of these share options is measured according to the Group's Material Accounting Policies for share-based payment transactions as set out in note (V)(iii). The details of these benefits in kind, including the principal terms and number of options granted, are disclosed under the paragraph "Share Option Scheme" in the Report of Directors and note 22(b) to the financial statements.

3 Directors' Emoluments and Individuals with Highest Emoluments (Continued)

Individuals with highest emoluments

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, three (2023: three) are Directors whose emoluments are set out above. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the other two (2023: two) individuals are as follows:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	1.1	1.0
Discretionary bonuses	0.7	0.9
Share-based payment: Share Award Scheme	0.1	0.1
Share-based payment: Share Option Scheme	0.1	0.1
	2.0	2.1

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

	2024 Individuals	2023 Individuals
US\$		
961,001 – 1,025,000	1	1
1,089,001 – 1,153,000	1	1
	2	2

During the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023, there were no amounts paid to Directors and individuals for compensation for loss of office and inducement for joining the Group.

Emoluments of senior management

Other than the Directors' remuneration and emoluments of five highest individuals disclosed above, the emoluments of the senior management whose profiles are included in "Directors and Senior Management" section of this Annual Report fell within the following bands:

	2024 Individuals	2023 Individuals
US\$		
192,001 – 257,000	–	2
257,001 – 320,000	2	1
385,001 – 449,000	1	1
449,001 – 513,000	1	1
513,001 – 577,000	1	–
577,001 – 641,000	–	2
641,001 – 705,000	1	1
705,001 – 769,000	1	–
833,001 – 897,000	1	–
	8	8

4 Taxation

Note	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Current tax		
– Hong Kong	13.9	12.0
– Overseas	11.2	7.0
(Over) / Under-provision in respect of prior years		
– Hong Kong	–	0.2
– Overseas	(1.0)	(1.3)
Deferred tax		
– Origination and reversal of temporary differences	0.6	1.4
	24.7	19.3
Current tax	24.1	17.9
Deferred tax	0.6	1.4
	24.7	19.3

- Hong Kong Profits Tax has been calculated at the rate of 16.5% (2023: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year.
- Overseas taxation has been calculated at the current rates of taxation prevailing in the jurisdiction in which the Group operates.
- Reconciliation between the effective income tax rate and the statutory domestic income tax rate:

The consolidated effective income tax rate for the year ended 31 March 2024 was 12.9% (2023: 11.5%). The effective income tax rate is reconciled to the statutory domestic income tax rate as follows:

	2024 %	2023 %
Statutory domestic income tax rate	16.5	16.5
Difference in overseas income tax rates	1.6	1.5
Tax effect of non-temporary differences	(5.2)	(6.5)
Effective income tax rate	12.9	11.5

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

5 Dividends

	Note	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Interim dividend of US17.0 cents (2023: US17.0 cents) per share declared and paid	23(b)	43.0	42.9
Final dividend of US48.0 cents (2023: US42.0 cents) per share proposed after the end of the reporting period	22(d)&23(b)	121.4	106.1

The final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period has not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

At a meeting held on 17 May 2023, the Directors proposed a final dividend of US42.0 cents per ordinary share for the year ended 31 March 2023, which was estimated to be US\$106.1 million at the time calculated on the basis of the ordinary shares in issue as at 31 March 2023. The final dividend was approved by shareholders at the annual general meeting on 19 July 2023. The final dividend paid in respect of the year ended 31 March 2023 totaled US\$106.2 million.

6 Earnings Per Share

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are based on the Group's profit attributable to shareholders of the Company of US\$166.6 million (2023: US\$149.2 million).

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the weighted average of 252.6 million (2023: 252.4 million) ordinary shares in issue during the year after adjusting for shares held for Share Award Scheme.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2024 was based on 252.6 million ordinary shares (2023: 252.4 million) which is the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year after adjusting for shares held for Share Award Scheme and the number of dilutive potential Awarded Shares under the Company's Share Award Scheme.

7 Tangible Assets

	Land and buildings US\$ million	Leasehold improvements US\$ million	Moulds, machinery and equipment US\$ million	Computers, motor vehicles, furniture and fixtures US\$ million	Construction in progress US\$ million	Total US\$ million
Cost						
At 1 April 2022	62.0	35.9	406.4	165.4	6.9	676.6
Additions	–	0.9	21.3	5.7	–	27.9
Disposals	–	–	(8.8)	(1.5)	–	(10.3)
Effect of changes in exchange rates	(1.9)	(2.1)	(6.4)	(6.1)	–	(16.5)
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	60.1	34.7	412.5	163.5	6.9	677.7
Additions	0.3	2.7	24.4	5.0	–	32.4
Disposals	–	(0.1)	(10.6)	(0.3)	–	(11.0)
Effect of changes in exchange rates	(2.0)	(1.5)	(6.2)	(4.4)	–	(14.1)
At 31 March 2024	58.4	35.8	420.1	163.8	6.9	685.0
Accumulated depreciation						
At 1 April 2022	40.7	20.8	367.6	153.3	6.9	589.3
Charge for the year	1.6	1.9	24.7	6.5	–	34.7
Written back on disposals	–	–	(7.9)	(1.4)	–	(9.3)
Effect of changes in exchange rates	(1.1)	(0.9)	(4.6)	(5.3)	–	(11.9)
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	41.2	21.8	379.8	153.1	6.9	602.8
Charge for the year	1.5	2.1	24.0	5.6	–	33.2
Written back on disposals	–	(0.1)	(10.2)	(0.3)	–	(10.6)
Effect of changes in exchange rates	(0.7)	(1.0)	(3.9)	(3.7)	–	(9.3)
At 31 March 2024	42.0	22.8	389.7	154.7	6.9	616.1
Net book value at 31 March 2024	16.4	13.0	30.4	9.1	–	68.9
Net book value at 31 March 2023	18.9	12.9	32.7	10.4	–	74.9

7 Tangible Assets (Continued)

Land and buildings comprise:

	Medium-term leasehold land and buildings US\$ million	Short-term leasehold buildings US\$ million	Total US\$ million
Cost			
At 1 April 2022	20.3	41.7	62.0
Effect of changes in exchange rates	(0.8)	(1.1)	(1.9)
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	19.5	40.6	60.1
Additions	0.3	–	0.3
Effect of changes in exchange rates	(1.1)	(0.9)	(2.0)
At 31 March 2024	18.7	39.7	58.4
Accumulated depreciation			
At 1 April 2022	4.0	36.7	40.7
Charge for the year	0.8	0.8	1.6
Effect of changes in exchange rates	–	(1.1)	(1.1)
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	4.8	36.4	41.2
Charge for the year	0.8	0.7	1.5
Effect of changes in exchange rates	(0.2)	(0.5)	(0.7)
At 31 March 2024	5.4	36.6	42.0
Net book value at 31 March 2024	13.3	3.1	16.4
Net book value at 31 March 2023	14.7	4.2	18.9
Net book value of land and buildings at 31 March 2024 comprises:			
Hong Kong			
Medium-term leasehold land and buildings (less than 50 years but not less than 10 years)	1.1	–	1.1
Overseas			
Medium-term leasehold land and buildings	12.2	–	12.2
Short-term leasehold buildings	–	3.1	3.1

8 Advance Payment for Acquisition of Non-Current Assets

At 31 March 2024, an advance payment of US\$22.7 million (2023: US\$Nil) was made for the purchase of certain non-current assets, including both tangible and intangible assets. The transaction was completed on 5 April 2024.

9 Right-of-use Assets

	Leasehold land held for own use (note (i)) US\$ million	Other properties leased for own use (note (ii)) US\$ million	Total US\$ million
Cost			
At 1 April 2022	4.7	241.2	245.9
Additions	–	13.2	13.2
Effect of changes in exchange rates	(0.3)	(15.2)	(15.5)
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	4.4	239.2	243.6
Additions	–	3.6	3.6
Effect of changes in exchange rates	(0.3)	(5.7)	(6.0)
At 31 March 2024	4.1	237.1	241.2
Accumulated depreciation			
At 1 April 2022	0.2	64.9	65.1
Charge for the year	–	21.1	21.1
Effect of changes in exchange rates	–	(5.4)	(5.4)
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	0.2	80.6	80.8
Charge for the year	–	21.6	21.6
Effect of changes in exchange rates	–	(2.1)	(2.1)
At 31 March 2024	0.2	100.1	100.3
Net book value at 31 March 2024	3.9	137.0	140.9
Net book value at 31 March 2023	4.2	158.6	162.8

Notes:

- (i) Included in leasehold land held for own use is the amount of US\$2.6 million (2023: US\$2.8 million) paid for acquisition of certain sites in the PRC.
- (ii) The Group has obtained the right to use other properties as its factory, warehouse and office through tenancy agreement. Some leases include an option to renew the lease for an additional period after the end of the contract term. Where practicable, the Group seeks to include such extension options exercisable by the Group to provide operational flexibility. The Group assesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the options. All future lease payments during the extension periods are included in the measurement of lease liabilities as such options are considered reasonably certain to be exercised.
- (iii) For the year ended 31 March 2024, additions to right-of-use assets include amount of US\$3.6 million (2023: US\$13.2 million) related to the capitalised lease payments payable under new tenancy agreement.
- (iv) For the year ended 31 March 2024, expenses related to short-term leases amounted to US\$12.7 million (2023: US\$14.8 million).

10 Intangible Assets

	Brand US\$ million	Technology US\$ million	Total US\$ million
Cost			
At 1 April 2022, 31 March 2023, 1 April 2023 and 31 March 2024	20.0	1.1	21.1
Accumulated amortisation			
At 1 April 2022	4.0	1.1	5.1
Charge for the year	0.7	–	0.7
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	4.7	1.1	5.8
Charge for the year	0.6	–	0.6
At 31 March 2024	5.3	1.1	6.4
Net book value at 31 March 2024	14.7	–	14.7
Net book value at 31 March 2023	15.3	–	15.3

The amortisation charge for the year is included in administrative and other operating expenses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

11 Goodwill

	US\$ million
Cost	
At 1 April 2022, 31 March 2023, 1 April 2023 and 31 March 2024	36.1

Goodwill arose from the acquisition of the entire equity interest in LeapFrog Enterprises, Inc. ("LeapFrog"), Snom Technology GmbH ("Snom") and VTech Communications (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. ("VTech Malaysia").

Impairment tests for cash generating units containing goodwill

Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash generating units ("CGU") identified as follows:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Electronic Learning Products	23.2	23.2
Snom	7.9	7.9
VTech Malaysia	5.0	5.0
	36.1	36.1

In accordance with IAS 36, *Impairment of Assets*, the Group completed its annual impairment test for goodwill allocated to the Group's various CGUs by comparing their recoverable amounts to their carrying amounts as at the end of the reporting period. Goodwill impairment reviews have been performed at the lowest level of CGU which generates cash flows independently.

The recoverable amount of Electronic Learning Products is determined based on value-in-use calculation. The calculation uses cash flow projections based on a five-year financial budget approved by management, extrapolated perpetually with an estimated general long-term continuous annual growth of not more than 1% (2023: not more than 1%). The discount rate used of approximately 15.6% (2023: 15.6%) is pre-tax and reflects specific risks related to the relevant operation.

The recoverable amount of Snom is determined based on value-in-use calculation. The calculation uses cash flow projections based on a five-year financial budget approved by management, extrapolated perpetually with an estimated general long-term continuous annual growth of not more than 1% (2023: not more than 1%). The discount rate used of approximately 17.1% (2023: 14.4%) is pre-tax and reflects specific risks related to the relevant operation.

The recoverable amount of VTech Malaysia is determined based on value-in-use calculation. The calculation uses cash flow projections based on a five-year financial budget approved by management, extrapolated perpetually with an estimated general long-term continuous annual growth of not more than 1% (2023: not more than 1%). The discount rate used of approximately 16.4% (2023: 15.8%) is pre-tax and reflects specific risks related to the relevant operation.

The budgeted gross margin and net profit margin are determined by management for each individual CGU based on past performance and its expectations for market development. Management believes that any reasonably foreseeable changes in any of the above key assumptions would not cause the carrying amount of goodwill to exceed the recoverable amount.

12 Interest in an Associate

The information of the associate company, which is individually immaterial, is as follows:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
The carrying amount of this associate company in the consolidated financial statements	3.8	3.8
The amount of the Group's share of the associate's		
Post-tax profit	-	-
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	-

13 Investments

At 31 March 2024, investments of US\$1.2 million (2023: US\$1.9 million) represent investments in unlisted companies measured at fair value through profit or loss.

14 Income Tax in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

(a) Current taxation

Current taxation in the consolidated statement of financial position represents:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Provision for profits tax for the year	(25.1)	(19.0)
Provisional profits tax paid	14.2	18.6
	(10.9)	(0.4)
Balance of profits tax payable relating to prior years	3.5	4.4
	(7.4)	4.0
Represented by:		
Taxation recoverable (note)	5.2	10.5
Taxation payable (note)	(12.6)	(6.5)
	(7.4)	4.0

Note: Taxation recoverable / (payable) in the consolidated statement of financial position comprises provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax and overseas tax chargeable at the appropriate current rates of taxation ruling in the relevant jurisdictions and after netting off provisional tax paid.

14 Income Tax in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Continued)

(a) Current taxation (Continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Inland Revenue Department of Hong Kong ("IRD") issued notices of additional assessment amounted to US\$9.3 million for the year of assessment 2017/18 in connection with the tax treatment relating to contract processing arrangement in the PRC.

Having reviewed the merits of the additional tax assessments and taking into account legal advice received, the directors of the Company have determined to strongly contest the additional assessments raised by the IRD. The Group has lodged objections against these additional tax assessments and has applied to hold over the additional tax demanded. The IRD has agreed to the holdover part of the additional tax demanded of US\$4.9 million subject to the purchase of tax reserve certificates ("TRCs") and has agreed to hold over the remaining balance of US\$4.4 million unconditionally. The purchase of TRCs do not prejudice the Group's tax position. No additional tax provision has been made during the year ended 31 March 2024 in respect of the above additional tax assessments.

The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development ("OECD")/G20 Inclusive Framework on Base Erosion and Profit Shifting seeks to tackle tax avoidance, improve the coherence of international tax rules and ensure a more transparent tax environment. Global Anti-Base Erosion Model Rules (Pillar Two) ("BEPS 2.0") represents the first substantial overhaul of international tax rules in almost a century. It proposes mechanisms to ensure multi-national enterprises would pay a minimum level of tax with the rate of 15% on the income arising in each of the jurisdictions where they operate. The Group is closely monitoring the progress of the legislative process in each jurisdiction that the Group has operations. Based on currently available information, the implementation of BEPS 2.0 may have material adverse impact on the Group's effective tax rate and income tax expense in the future.

(b) Deferred tax assets / (liabilities)

The components of deferred tax assets / (liabilities) and the movements for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 are as follows:

	Note	Unutilised tax losses US\$ million	Intangible assets arising from business combination US\$ million	Depreciation of right-of-use assets US\$ million	Other temporary differences US\$ million	Total US\$ million
Deferred tax arising from:						
At 1 April 2022		0.5	(1.9)	4.8	4.1	7.5
Credited / (Charged) to consolidated statement of profit or loss	4	–	0.1	(0.2)	(1.3)	(1.4)
Charged to other comprehensive income		–	–	–	(0.1)	(0.1)
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023		0.5	(1.8)	4.6	2.7	6.0
Credited / (Charged) to consolidated statement of profit or loss	4	–	–	0.3	(0.9)	(0.6)
Credited to other comprehensive income		–	–	–	0.1	0.1
At 31 March 2024		0.5	(1.8)	4.9	1.9	5.5

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity. The following amounts are shown in the consolidated statement of financial position:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Deferred tax assets	8.7	9.2
Deferred tax liabilities	(3.2)	(3.2)
	5.5	6.0

Deferred tax assets are recognised for tax losses carried forward to the extent that realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable. Deferred tax assets of US\$7.0 million (2023: US\$7.5 million) arising from unused tax losses sustained in the operations of certain subsidiaries of US\$32.8 million (2023: US\$37.9 million) have not been recognised as the availability of future taxable profits against which the assets can be utilised is not considered to be probable at 31 March 2024.

The tax losses arising from Hong Kong operations do not expire under current tax legislation. The tax losses arising from the operations in the PRC expire 5 years after the relevant accounting year end date in which they arose. The tax losses arising from the operations in the United States in tax years ended prior to 1 January 2019 expire up to 20 years after the relevant accounting year end date in which they arose, depending on the relevant jurisdictions.

15 Stocks

(a) Stocks in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Raw materials	134.5	183.2
Work in progress	49.3	47.1
Finished goods	164.2	245.2
	348.0	475.5

Stocks carried at net realisable value at 31 March 2024 amounted to US\$11.2 million (2023: US\$44.9 million).

(b) The analysis of the amount of stocks recognised as an expense and included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss is as follows:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Carrying amount of stocks sold	1,508.5	1,585.9
Write-down of stocks	13.0	29.0
Reversal of write-down of stocks	(10.7)	(6.9)
	1,510.8	1,608.0

The reversal of write-down of stocks arose due to an increase in estimated net realisable value of certain products as a result of change in consumer preferences.

16 Debtors, Deposits and Prepayments

Note	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Trade debtors (Net of loss allowance of US\$6.5 million (2023: US\$6.9 million))	224.6	277.2
Other debtors, deposits and prepayments	56.5	43.8
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	281.1	321.0
Forward foreign exchange contracts held as cash flow hedging instruments	2.6	3.3
	283.7	324.3

All of other debtors, deposits and prepayments apart from the amounts of US\$6.6 million (comprised largely of rental deposits) (2023: US\$7.2 million) are expected to be recovered or recognised as an expense within one year.

At the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade debtors, based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
0-30 days	136.0	155.8
31-60 days	58.4	98.6
61-90 days	23.2	15.8
>90 days	7.0	7.0
Total	224.6	277.2

The majority of the Group's sales are on letters of credit and on open credit with varying terms of 30 to 90 days. Certain open credit sales are covered by credit insurance or bank guarantees. Further details on the Group's credit policy and credit risk arising from trade debtors are set out in note 24(a).

17 Deposits and Cash

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Short term bank deposits	202.8	127.6
Cash at bank and in hand	119.3	70.9
	322.1	198.5

Deposits and cash as at 31 March 2024 include US\$17.3 million (2023: US\$12.6 million) placed with banks in the PRC, the remittance of which is subject to relevant rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC government.

18 Creditors and Accruals

Note	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Trade creditors	199.8	252.3
Contract liabilities	7.3	6.0
Other creditors and accruals	210.9	205.8
Forward foreign exchange contracts held as cash flow hedging instruments	0.8	4.4
	418.8	468.5

18 Creditors and Accruals (Continued)

(a) Ageing Analysis

At the end of the reporting period, an ageing analysis of trade creditors by invoice date is as follows:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
0-30 days	78.0	74.9
31-60 days	36.6	68.4
61-90 days	46.5	38.4
>90 days	38.7	70.6
Total	199.8	252.3

(b) Contract Liabilities

The Group may bill in advance of performance in manufacturing arrangements for certain customers. Contract liabilities in the prior years of US\$18.7 million (2023: US\$16.9 million) were recognised as revenue during the year ended 31 March 2024 upon the transfer of control over the products to the customers.

The Group has applied the practical expedient in paragraph 121 of IFRS 15 to exempt the disclosure of revenue expected to be recognised in the future arising from contracts with customers in existence at the reporting date for its sales contracts for electronic products as the performance obligations had an original expected duration of one year or less.

(c) Other Creditors and Accruals

Other creditors and accruals comprised largely accruals for staff costs, advertising and promotion expenses, rebates and allowances to customers, and miscellaneous operating expenses.

Other creditors and accruals are expected to be settled or recognised as income within one year or are repayable on demand.

19 Provisions for Defective Goods Returns and Other Liabilities

At 31 March 2024, provisions of US\$23.4 million (2023: US\$25.6 million) include provision for defective goods returns of US\$13.8 million (2023: US\$15.8 million) and other liabilities of US\$9.6 million (2023: US\$9.8 million).

Movement of provision for defective goods returns is as follows:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
At 1 April	15.8	18.3
Additional provision charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss	15.0	16.2
Utilised during the year	(17.0)	(18.7)
At 31 March	13.8	15.8

The Group undertakes to repair or replace items that fail to perform satisfactorily in accordance with the terms of the sales. A provision is recognised for expected return claims, which included cost of repairing or replacing defective goods, loss of margin and cost of materials scrapped, based on past experience of the level of repairs and returns.

20 Lease Liabilities

(a) At 31 March 2024, the lease liabilities were repayable as follows:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Within 1 year	18.4	16.6
After 1 year but within 2 years	22.5	20.7
After 2 years but within 5 years	63.5	62.3
After 5 years	54.3	80.3
	140.3	163.3
	158.7	179.9

(b) Reconciliation of lease liabilities arising from financing activities:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
At 1 April	179.9	197.1
Changes from financing cash flows:		
– Capital element of lease rentals paid	(19.9)	(18.8)
Exchange adjustments	(4.9)	(11.6)
Other change:		
– Increase in lease liabilities from entering into new leases or reassessments during the year	3.6	13.2
At 31 March	158.7	179.9

(c) Total cash outflow for leases

Amounts included in the consolidated statement of cash flows for lease rentals paid comprise the following:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Within operating cash flows	20.5	22.7
Within financing cash flows	19.9	18.8
	40.4	41.5

21 Post-Employment Benefits

The Group operates a defined benefit scheme and defined contribution schemes in Hong Kong and overseas. The defined contribution scheme operated in Hong Kong complies with the requirements under the Mandatory Provident Fund (“MPF”) Ordinance. In addition, the employees employed under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance are also entitled to long service payment if the eligibility criteria are met.

The defined benefit retirement scheme and LSP are defined benefit plans. The analysis of the carrying amount of defined benefit plan obligations is as follows:

	Note	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Net assets on defined benefit retirement scheme	21(b)	6.3	5.6
Long service payment liabilities	21(c)	(0.6)	–
		5.7	5.6

21 Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

(a) Defined contribution schemes

For the defined contribution schemes operated for overseas employees and Hong Kong employees under the MPF Ordinance, the retirement benefit costs expensed in the consolidated statement of profit or loss amounted to US\$22.3 million (2023: US\$23.8 million) and US\$1.0 million (2023: US\$1.0 million) respectively.

(b) Defined benefit retirement scheme

For the defined benefit retirement scheme (the "Scheme") operated for Hong Kong employees, contributions made by the Group during the year were calculated based on advice from Willis Towers Watson Hong Kong Limited ("Willis Towers Watson"), independent actuaries and consultants. The Scheme is valued annually. The latest actuarial valuation was completed by Willis Towers Watson as at 31 March 2024 using the projected unit credit method.

- (i) For the defined benefit retirement scheme, the amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position are as follows:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Fair value of Scheme assets	30.5	31.0
Present value of funded defined benefit retirement obligations	(24.2)	(25.4)
Net assets on defined benefit retirement scheme recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position	6.3	5.6

A portion of the above obligations is expected to be recovered after more than one year. However, it is not practicable to segregate this amount from the amounts payable in the next twelve months, as future contributions will also relate to future services rendered and future changes in actuarial assumptions and market conditions. The Group expects to pay US\$1.0 million in contributions to defined benefit retirement scheme in the year ending 31 March 2025.

- (ii) Movement in fair value of Scheme assets:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
At 1 April	31.0	34.4
Interest income on Scheme assets	0.9	0.7
Return / (loss) on Scheme assets excluding interest income	0.4	(3.0)
Actual Group's contributions	1.0	1.0
Actual benefits paid	(2.7)	(2.0)
Administrative expenses paid from Scheme assets	(0.1)	(0.1)
At 31 March	30.5	31.0

- (iii) Movement in present value of defined benefit retirement obligations:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
At 1 April	25.4	27.0
Actuarial losses / (gains) arising from changes in liability experience	0.2	(0.2)
Actuarial gains arising from changes in financial assumptions	(0.4)	(1.0)
Actuarial losses arising from changes in demographic assumptions	–	0.1
Interest cost	0.8	0.5
Current service cost	0.9	1.0
Actual benefits paid	(2.7)	(2.0)
At 31 March	24.2	25.4

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit retirement obligations is 4.0 years (2023: 4.4 years).

- (iv) The amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are as follows:

	Note	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Current service cost		0.9	1.0
Net interest income on net defined benefit asset		(0.1)	(0.2)
Administrative expenses paid from Scheme assets		0.1	0.1
Amounts recognised in profit or loss	2	0.9	0.9
Actuarial gains		(0.2)	(1.1)
(Return) / loss on Scheme assets excluding interest income		(0.4)	3.0
Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income		(0.6)	1.9
Total defined benefit retirement expense		0.3	2.8

- (v) Scheme assets consist of the following:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Equity securities:		
– Financial institutions	2.2	2.4
– Non-financial institutions	7.9	9.4
	10.1	11.8
Bonds:		
– Government	10.5	9.2
– Non-government	9.4	8.9
	19.9	18.1
Cash and others	0.5	1.1
	30.5	31.0

21 Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

(b) Defined benefit retirement scheme (Continued)

(vi) The significant actuarial assumptions used as at 31 March 2024 (expressed as weighted average) and sensitivity analysis are as follows:

	2024	2023
Discount rate	3.4%	3.0%
Future salary increases	3.0%	3.0%

The below analysis shows how the net assets on defined benefit scheme as at 31 March 2024 would have increased / (decreased) as a result of a 0.25% point change in the significant actuarial assumptions:

	Increase in 0.25% point US\$ million	Decrease in 0.25% point US\$ million
Discount rate	0.2	(0.2)
Future salary increases	(0.2)	0.2

The above sensitivity analysis is based on the assumption that changes in actuarial assumptions are not correlated and therefore it does not take into account the correlations between the actuarial assumptions.

(c) Long service payment liabilities

Hong Kong employees that have been employed continuously for at least five years are entitled to long service payments in accordance with the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance under certain circumstances. These circumstances include where an employee is dismissed for reasons other than serious misconduct or redundancy, that employee resigns at the age of 65 or above, or the employment contract is of fixed term and expires without renewal. The amount of LSP payable is determined with reference to the employee's final salary (capped at HK\$22,500) and the years of service, reduced by the amount of any accrued benefits derived from the Group's contributions to MPF scheme (see note 21(a)) or Defined benefit retirement plans (see note 21(b)), with an overall cap of HK\$390,000 per employee. Currently, the Group does not have any separate funding arrangement in place to meet its LSP obligation.

In June 2022, the Government gazetted the Amendment Ordinance, which will eventually abolish the statutory right of an employer to reduce its LSP payable to a Hong Kong employee by drawing on its mandatory contributions to the MPF scheme. The Government has subsequently announced that the Amendment Ordinance will come into effect from the Transition Date. Separately, the Government is also expected to introduce a subsidy scheme to assist employers after the abolition.

Among other things, once the abolition of the offsetting mechanism takes effect, an employer can no longer use any of the accrued benefits derived from its mandatory MPF contributions (irrespective of the contributions made before, on

or after the Transition Date) to reduce the LSP in respect of an employee's service from the Transition Date. However, where an employee's employment commenced before the Transition Date, the employer can continue to use the above accrued benefits to reduce the LSP in respect of the employee's service up to that date; in addition, the LSP in respect of the service before the Transition Date will be calculated based on the employee's monthly salary immediately before the Transition Date and the years of service up to that date.

The Group has accounted for the offsetting mechanism and its abolition as disclosed in notes (B)(ii) and (V)(ii).

The Group has determined that the Amendment Ordinance primarily impacts the Group's LSP liability with respect to Hong Kong employees that do not participate in the Group's defined benefit retirement plan. The Amendment Ordinance has no material impact on the group's LSP liability with respect to employees that participate in the Group's defined benefit retirement plan.

The present value of unfunded obligations and its movements are as follows:

	2024 US\$ million
At 1 April	–
Expenses recognised in profit or loss	(0.6)
At 31 March	(0.6)

The weighted average duration of the long service payment liabilities is 8.5 years.

The significant actuarial assumptions used as at 31 March 2024 (expressed as weighted average) and sensitivity analysis are as follows:

	2024
Discount rate	3.7%
Future salary increases	3.0%

The below analysis shows how the long service payment liabilities as at 31 March 2024 would have increased/(decreased) as a result of a 0.25% point change in the significant actuarial assumptions:

	Increase in 0.25% point US\$ million	Decrease in 0.25% point US\$ million
Discount rate	0.1	(0.1)
Future salary increases	–	–

The above sensitivity analysis is based on the assumption that changes in actuarial assumptions are not correlated and therefore it does not take into account the correlations between the actuarial assumptions.

22 Share Capital, Share Option Scheme and Share Award Scheme

(a) Share Capital

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
<i>Authorised</i>		
Ordinary shares: 400,000,000 (31 March 2023: 400,000,000) of US\$0.05 each	20.0	20.0

	2024		2023	
	No. of shares	US\$ million	No. of shares	US\$ million
<i>Issued and fully paid</i>				
Ordinary shares of US\$0.05 each:				
As at 1 April	252,702,466	12.6	252,379,133	12.6
Exercise of share options under the Share Option Scheme	–	–	123,333	–
Issue of new shares under general mandate pursuant to the Share Award Scheme	180,000	–	200,000	–
As at 31 March	252,882,466	12.6	252,702,466	12.6

(b) Share Option Scheme

The Company adopted the 2021 Share Option Scheme on 13 July 2021. To bring the terms of the 2021 Share Option Scheme in line with the amended Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules, the Company sought and obtained the approval from the shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 19 July 2023 (the "Adoption Date") to make certain amendments to the 2021 Share Option Scheme and to adopt the 2023 Share Option Scheme. Following the adoption of the 2023 Share Option Scheme, the 2021 Share Option Scheme has been superseded. While no further options may be granted pursuant to the 2021 Share Option Scheme, any outstanding options granted thereunder prior to the Adoption Date remain valid and are subject to the provisions of the 2021 Share Option Scheme in force as at the relevant grant date(s) of such options. For the purpose of this note, references to the Share Option Scheme refer to the 2021 Share Option Scheme and/or 2023 Share Option Scheme, as the context requires.

A summary of the Share Option Scheme is set out below:

(i) Purpose

The purposes of the Share Option Scheme are (i) to attract potential employees; (ii) to motivate and retain the employees and directors of any members (from time to time) of the Group to support the Group's long term development; and (iii) to provide the Company with a flexible means of giving incentive to, rewarding, remunerating, compensating and/or providing benefits to the eligible participants for their contributions and/or potential contributions to the Group.

(ii) Participants

The participants under the Share Option Scheme are the Directors and the employees of any members of the Group.

(iii) Number of Shares Available for Issue

The total number of share options available for grant under the scheme mandate of the Share Option Scheme as at 1 April 2023 was 24,237,913 shares.

The total number of share options and awards available for grant under the scheme mandates of the Share Option Scheme and the Share Award Scheme as at 31 March 2024 and as at the date of this Annual Report was 25,288,246 shares, representing 10.0% of the shares in issue as at the date of this Annual Report.

(iv) Maximum Entitlement of Each Participant

No participant may receive more than 1% of the total number of shares in issue as options or awards under the Share Option Scheme and any other share scheme(s) in any 12-month period ending on the date of the grant. This limit excludes any options or awards that have lapsed in that period.

22 Share Capital, Share Option Scheme and Share Award Scheme (Continued)

(b) Share Option Scheme (Continued)

(v) Exercise Period and Vesting Period

The period within which a share option may be exercised will be determined by the Board at its absolute discretion but no share option may be exercised later than ten years from the date of its grant.

Under the 2021 Share Option Scheme, the Company may specify any minimum period(s) for which a share option must be held before it can be exercised.

Under the 2023 Share Option Scheme, subject to the Board (including the Remuneration Committee) exercising its discretion to shorten the vesting period, all options granted will be subject to a minimum vesting period of 12 months.

(vi) Payment on Acceptance of Share Option

An offer for the grant of an option under the Share Option Scheme is open for acceptance by the grantee within 30 days from the date of offer. Upon acceptance, the grantee is required to pay a sum of HK\$1.00 (or its equivalent) (or such other reasonable amount as determined by the Board) as consideration for the grant within the said 30-day period.

(vii) Exercise Price

The exercise price of the share option under the Share Option Scheme shall be such price as determined by the Board at its absolute discretion and shall be no less than the highest of:

- (1) the closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant;
- (2) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and
- (3) the nominal value of a share on the date of grant.

(viii) Scheme Life

The 2023 Share Option Scheme has a life of ten years from the Adoption Date and shall expire on 18 July 2033.

22 Share Capital, Share Option Scheme and Share Award Scheme (Continued)

(b) Share Option Scheme (Continued)

The movements in relation to the share options granted (and the number of underlying shares subject to the share options) under the Share Option Scheme during the year ended 31 March 2024 are as follows:

Name/category of grantees	Date of grant (Note ii)	Exercise price per share (HK\$)	Fair value per share as at the date of grant (HK\$)	Exercise period (Note iii)	Number of underlying shares to the share options granted			
					Balance as at 1 April 2023	Granted	Exercised/ cancelled/ lapsed (Notes vi&vii)	Balance as at 31 March 2024
Directors								
Allan WONG Chi Yun (Note iv)	14 Mar 2022	54.00	6.71	31 March 2023 to 30 March 2025	83,333	–	–	83,333
	14 Mar 2022	54.00	7.04	31 March 2024 to 30 March 2026	83,334	–	–	83,334
PANG King Fai	14 Mar 2022	54.00	5.70	31 March 2022 to 30 March 2024	60,000	–	(60,000)	–
	14 Mar 2022	54.00	6.71	31 March 2023 to 30 March 2025	60,000	–	–	60,000
	14 Mar 2022	54.00	7.04	31 March 2024 to 30 March 2026	60,000	–	–	60,000
Andy LEUNG Hon Kwong	14 Mar 2022	54.00	5.70	31 March 2022 to 30 March 2024	100,000	–	(100,000)	–
	14 Mar 2022	54.00	6.71	31 March 2023 to 30 March 2025	100,000	–	–	100,000
	14 Mar 2022	54.00	7.04	31 March 2024 to 30 March 2026	100,000	–	–	100,000
Five highest paid individuals	14 Mar 2022	54.00	6.71	31 March 2023 to 30 March 2025	40,000	–	–	40,000
	14 Mar 2022	54.00	7.04	31 March 2024 to 30 March 2026	40,000	–	–	40,000
	27 Jun 2023	51.15	5.39	1 April 2024 to 31 March 2026	–	20,000	–	20,000
Other employees	14 Mar 2022	54.00	5.70	31 March 2022 to 30 March 2024	50,000	–	(50,000)	–
	14 Mar 2022	54.00	6.71	31 March 2023 to 30 March 2025	50,000	–	–	50,000
	14 Mar 2022	54.00	7.04	31 March 2024 to 30 March 2026	50,000	–	–	50,000
					876,667	20,000	(210,000)	686,667

Notes:

- (i) No share options were granted under the Share Option Scheme in excess of the 1% individual limit.
- (ii) The closing prices per share immediately before the date on which the share options were granted on 14 March 2022 and 27 June 2023 were HK\$52.80 and HK\$49.85 respectively.
- (iii) The vesting period of the share options runs from the date of grant until the commencement of the relevant exercise period.
- (iv) Dr. Allan WONG Chi Yun is an Executive Director, the Chairman, the Group Chief Executive Officer, and a substantial shareholder of the Company.
- (v) The vesting or exercise of the above share options is not subject to the achievement of any performance targets.
- (vi) During the year ended 31 March 2024, 210,000 share options lapsed.
- (vii) During the year ended 31 March 2024, no share options were exercised or cancelled.

22 Share Capital, Share Option Scheme and Share Award Scheme (Continued)

(b) Share Option Scheme (Continued)

The movements in the number of share options outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

	2024		2023	
	Weighted average exercise price	Number of share options	Weighted average exercise price	Number of share options
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	HK\$54.00	876,667	HK\$54.00	1,000,000
Granted during the year	HK\$51.15	20,000	–	–
Exercised during the year	–	–	HK\$54.00	(123,333)
Lapsed during the year	HK\$54.00	(210,000)	–	–
Outstanding at the end of the year	HK\$53.92	686,667	HK\$54.00	876,667
Exercisable at the end of the year	HK\$54.00	666,667	HK\$54.00	543,333

The share options outstanding as at 31 March 2024 had a weighted average remaining contractual life of 1.51 years (31 March 2023: 2.14 years).

The total number of shares that may be issued in respect of the share options and awards granted under all share schemes of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2024 and as at the date of this Annual Report divided by the weighted average number of shares in issue for the year was 0.26% and 0.26% respectively.

Value of share options

The fair values of the share options granted by the Company were determined using the Black-Scholes Options Pricing Model, a commonly used model for estimating the fair value of a share option. The variables and assumptions such as the expected volatility and expected dividend yield used in computing the fair value of the share options are based on the management's best estimates taking into account factors set out in notes (i) and (ii) under the table in the section headed "Fair value of share options and assumptions" below. The value of a share option is determined by different variables which are based on a number of subjective assumptions. Any change in the variables so adopted may materially affect the estimation of the fair value of a share option.

Fair value of share options and assumptions

	Date of grant		
	14 March 2022	14 March 2022	27 June 2023
Exercise period	31 March 2023 to 30 March 2025	31 March 2024 to 30 March 2026	1 April 2024 to 31 March 2026
Fair value of each share option as of the date of grant	HK\$6.71	HK\$7.04	HK\$5.39
Closing share price at the date of grant	HK\$54.00	HK\$54.00	HK\$51.15
Exercise price	HK\$54.00	HK\$54.00	HK\$51.15
Expected volatility (note (i))	35.33%	35.33%	30.59%
Annual risk-free interest rate (based on Hong Kong government bonds)	2.95%	2.95%	3.54%
Expected average life of share options	2.0 years	3.1 years	1.8 years
Expected dividend yield (note (ii))	9.35%	9.35%	8.96%

Notes:

- (i) The volatility measured at the standard deviation of expected share price returns is based on statistical analysis of the Company's daily share prices over the two years immediately preceding the grant date.
- (ii) Expected dividend yield is based on historical dividends over one year prior to the grant date.

For details of the accounting standard and policy adopted for the share options granted under the Share Option Scheme, please refer to "note (V) Employee Benefits (iii) Equity and equity related compensation benefits" under "Material Accounting Policies" to the "Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements" in this Annual Report.

During the year ended 31 March 2024, share-based payment expenses of US\$0.1 million (2023: US\$0.4 million) in respect of the Share Option Scheme were charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

The aggregate fair value at the date of grant on 14 March 2022 of all share options granted under the Share Option Scheme to the Directors and to other employees was US\$0.6 million and US\$0.2 million respectively.

The aggregate fair value at the date of grant on 27 June 2023 of the share options granted under the Share Option Scheme to one of the five highest paid individuals was US\$13,000.

22 Share Capital, Share Option Scheme and Share Award Scheme (Continued)

(c) Share Award Scheme

The Company adopted the 2011 Share Award Scheme on 30 March 2011. To bring the terms of the 2011 Share Award Scheme in line with the amended Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules, the Company sought and obtained the approval from the shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on the Adoption Date to make certain amendments to the 2011 Share Award Scheme and to adopt the 2023 Share Award Scheme. Following the adoption of the 2023 Share Award Scheme, the 2011 Share Award Scheme has been superseded. While no further awards will be granted thereunder, any outstanding awards granted thereunder prior to the Adoption Date remain valid and are subject to the provisions of the 2011 Share Award Scheme in force as at the relevant grant date(s) of such awarded shares. For the purpose of this note, references to the Share Award Scheme refer to the 2011 Share Award Scheme and/or 2023 Share Award Scheme, as the context requires.

The 2023 Share Award Scheme is a share scheme involving the grant of shares and is funded by both existing shares and new shares.

The Company established a French subplan (the "French Subplan") which is applicable to the selected employees who are French residents or who are or may become subject to French tax as a result of awards granted under the Share Award Scheme. The French Subplan is also funded by both new shares and existing shares of the Company.

A summary of the Share Award Scheme is set out below:

(i) Purpose

The purposes of the Share Award Scheme are (i) to attract potential employees; (ii) to motivate and retain the employees to support the Group's long term development; and (iii) to provide the Company with a flexible means of giving incentive to, rewarding, remunerating, compensating and/or providing benefits to the employees for their contributions and/or potential contributions to the Group.

(ii) Participants

The participants under the Share Award Scheme are the Directors and the employees of any members of the Group as the Board may determine or approve.

(iii) Number of Shares Available for Issue

The maximum number of new shares which may be issued in respect of all awards to be granted under the Share Award Scheme, all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme, and all share options and awards to be granted under any other share schemes of the Company shall not be, in aggregate, more than 25,288,246 shares, representing approximately 10% of the shares in issue as at the Adoption Date.

The total number of awards available for grant under the scheme mandate of the Share Award Scheme as at 1 April 2023 was 7,310,873 shares.

The total number of awards and options available for grant under the scheme mandates of the Share Award Scheme and the Share Option Scheme as at 31 March 2024 and as at the date of this Annual Report was 25,288,246 shares, representing 10.0% of the shares in issue as at the date of this Annual Report.

(iv) Maximum Entitlement of Each Participant

There are no limits as to the number of awards to which a participant is entitled under the 2011 Share Award Scheme.

Unless with the approval of the shareholders of the Company, no participant may receive more than 1% of the total number of shares in issue as awards or options under the 2023 Share Award Scheme and any other share scheme(s) in any 12-month period ending on the date of the grant. This limit excludes any options or awards that have lapsed in that period.

(v) Vesting Period

The 2011 Share Award Scheme does not impose any minimum vesting period, except awards granted under the French Subplan.

Under the 2023 Share Award Scheme, subject to the Board (including the Remuneration Committee) exercising its discretion to shorten the period, all awards granted will be subject to a minimum period of 12 months before the awards may be vested where the awards only involve the grant of new shares and do not involve existing shares.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

22 Share Capital, Share Option Scheme and Share Award Scheme (Continued)

(c) Share Award Scheme (Continued)

(vi) Payment on Acceptance of Awarded Shares

No payment is required to be made by the participants upon acceptance of an award or upon the vesting of any shares under the Share Award Scheme.

(vii) Scheme Life

The 2023 Share Award Scheme has a life of ten years from the Adoption Date and shall expire on 18 July 2033.

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the trustee of the Share Award Scheme purchased 322,900 shares (2023: 252,000 shares) on the Stock Exchange to fund the awards under the Share Award Scheme for a total purchase price of approximately US\$2.0 million (2023: US\$1.5 million). Further, 180,000 new shares (2023: 200,000 shares) were issued to the trustee under the general mandate of the Company to fund the awards under the Share Award Scheme at the price of US\$0.05 each.

Details of the awarded shares (including the shares awarded pursuant to the French Subplan) under the Share Award Scheme during the year ended 31 March 2024 are as follows:

Name/ category of grantees	Date of award	Closing price of the shares immediately before the date of award (HK\$)	Fair value per share as at the date of award (HK\$) (Note ii)	Number of awards					Balance as at 31 March 2024	Period during which awards may be vested (Note xi)
				Balance as at 1 April 2023	Granted (Notes iii&iv)	Vested (Notes iv&viii)	Not Vested (Note viii)	Cancelled/ Lapsed (Note x)		
Directors										
Allan WONG Chi Yun (Note i)	21 December 2022	50.00	49.80	100,000	–	(96,400)	(3,600)	–	–	18 May 2023 to 24 May 2023
	19 December 2023	43.15	43.50	–	100,000 (Note vi)	–	–	–	100,000	22 May 2024 to 28 May 2024
PANG King Fai	21 December 2022	50.00	49.80	30,000	–	(28,900)	(1,100)	–	–	18 May 2023 to 24 May 2023
	18 December 2023	43.65	43.15	–	30,000 (Note vi)	–	–	–	30,000	22 May 2024 to 28 May 2024
Andy LEUNG Hon Kwong	21 December 2022	50.00	49.80	50,000	–	(48,200)	(1,800)	–	–	18 May 2023 to 24 May 2023
	18 December 2023	43.65	43.15	–	50,000 (Note vi)	–	–	–	50,000	22 May 2024 to 28 May 2024
Five highest paid individuals										
	1 August 2022	53.55	52.50	17,700	–	(17,700)	–	–	–	1 August 2023 to 7 August 2023
	21 December 2022	50.00	49.80	20,000	–	(15,300)	(4,700)	–	–	18 May 2023 to 24 May 2023
	9 August 2023	46.55	46.90	–	27,000 (Notes vi&vii)	–	–	–	27,000	9 August 2024 to 15 August 2024
	18 December 2023	43.65	43.15	–	30,000 (Note vi)	–	–	–	30,000	22 May 2024 to 28 May 2024
Other employees										
	1 August 2022	53.55	52.50	8,500	–	(8,500)	–	–	–	1 August 2023 to 7 August 2023
	21 December 2022	50.00	49.80	44,000	–	(42,400)	(1,600)	–	–	18 May 2023 to 24 May 2023
	27 June 2023	49.85	51.15	–	185,700 (Note v)	(185,600)	–	(100)	–	27 June 2023 to 3 July 2023
	9 August 2023	46.55	46.90	–	30,600 (Note vi)	(30,600)	–	–	–	9 August 2023 to 15 August 2023
	9 August 2023	46.55	46.90	–	8,600 (Notes vi&vii)	–	–	–	8,600	9 August 2024 to 15 August 2024
	18 December 2023	43.65	43.15	–	44,000 (Note vi)	–	–	–	44,000	22 May 2024 to 28 May 2024
				270,200	505,900	(473,600)	(12,800)	(100)	289,600	

22 Share Capital, Share Option Scheme and Share Award Scheme (Continued)

(c) Share Award Scheme (Continued)

Notes:

- (i) Dr. Allan WONG Chi Yun is an Executive Director, the Chairman, the Group Chief Executive Officer, and a substantial shareholder of the Company.
- (ii) The fair value at the date of grant was determined based on the closing price of the shares on the date of the award. The expected dividends during the period pending the vesting of the awards were also taken into account when assessing the fair value of these awarded shares.
- (iii) During the year ended 31 March 2024, (a) 180,000 awarded shares were granted to Executive Directors and (b) 325,900 awarded shares were granted to certain senior management and employees, with a total fair value of US\$3.1 million.
- (iv) The vesting of the share awards granted to Executive Directors and certain senior management during the year ended 31 March 2024 was subject to the achievement of certain performance targets related to the financial performance of the Group or the financial performance of the business for which the relevant grantee was responsible for the respective year.
- (v) These awarded shares included 180,000 new shares allotted and issued by the Company to the trustee of the Share Award Scheme for the selected participants (not being connected persons of the Company). The balance of the awarded shares was purchased on the Stock Exchange by the trustee of the Share Award Scheme.
- (vi) These awarded shares were purchased on the Stock Exchange by the trustee of the Share Award Scheme.
- (vii) These awarded shares were granted under the French Subplan during the year ended 31 March 2024.
- (viii) (a) 180,000 awarded shares (2022: 180,000 awarded shares) and 64,000 awarded shares (2022: 64,000 awarded shares) were granted to Executive Directors and certain senior management on 21 December 2022 respectively and such awarded shares were vested on 18 May 2023 upon the achievement of certain performance targets for the year ended 31 March 2023. These awarded shares were purchased on the Stock Exchange by the trustee of the Share Award Scheme.
(b) During the year ended 31 March 2024, 6,500 awarded shares and 6,300 awarded shares granted to Executive Directors and certain senior management on 21 December 2022 respectively were not vested as the prerequisite performance targets for the year ended 31 March 2023 for vesting were not met.
(c) The performance targets for the vesting of the awarded shares granted for the year ended 31 March 2023 relate to the financial performance of the Group or the financial performance of the business for which the relevant grantee was responsible for the respective year.
- (ix) During the year ended 31 March 2024, no awarded shares (2023: Nil) were cancelled.
- (x) During the year ended 31 March 2024, 100 awarded shares (2023: Nil) lapsed.
- (xi) The vesting period of the share awards runs from the date of grant until the commencement of the period during which the relevant awards may be vested.
- (xii) The weighted average closing price of the shares immediately before the various dates on which the awarded shares were vested for the year ended 31 March 2024 was HK\$49.60.
- (xiii) During the year ended 31 March 2024, no awarded shares (2023: Nil) were granted to the Non-executive Directors.
- (xiv) No grants of awarded shares under the Share Award Scheme were in excess of the 1% individual limit.
- (xv) No purchase price is required to be paid by the participants for the awarded shares.

For details of the accounting standard and policy adopted for the share awards granted under the Share Award Scheme, please refer to "note (V) Employee Benefits (iii) Equity and equity related compensation benefits" under "Material Accounting Policies" to the "Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements" in this Annual Report.

The total number of shares that may be issued in respect of the share options and awards granted under all share schemes of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2024 and as at the date of this Annual Report divided by the weighted average number of shares in issue for the year was 0.26% and 0.26% respectively.

As at 31 March 2024, a total of 300,500 shares (31 March 2023: 271,300 shares) were held in trust by the trustee under the Share Award Scheme of which 35,600 shares (31 March 2023: 26,200 shares) were held in trust by the trustee under the French Subplan which were granted to the eligible French employees of the Group and remain unvested. Dividends derived from the shares held under the said trust will be reinvested to acquire further shares.

During the year ended 31 March 2024, share-based payment expenses of US\$3.1 million (31 March 2023: US\$3.3 million) in respect of the awarded shares were charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

(d) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholder returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

The Group has no bank borrowings as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023. Adjusted capital comprises all components of equity less unaccrued proposed dividends.

In order to monitor its capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends to be paid to shareholders, issue new shares, return capital to shareholders or raise new debt financing.

The Group's adjusted capital at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 is as follows:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Total equity	645.0	634.7
Less: Proposed dividends	(121.4)	(106.1)
	523.6	528.6

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

23 Reserves

(a) The Group

Details of the movements in reserves of the Group during the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

(b) The Company

	Note	Shares held for Share Award Scheme						Total equity
		Share capital	Share premium	Exchange reserve	Capital reserve	Revenue reserve	US\$ million	
		US\$ million	US\$ million	US\$ million	US\$ million	US\$ million	US\$ million	US\$ million
At 1 April 2022		12.6	160.8	(0.3)	(1.0)	0.3	254.6	427.0
Changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2023								
Comprehensive income								
Profit for the year		–	–	–	–	–	127.5	127.5
Total comprehensive income for the year		–	–	–	–	–	127.5	127.5
Final dividend in respect of the previous year		–	–	–	–	–	(128.9)	(128.9)
Interim dividend in respect of the current year	5	–	–	–	–	–	(42.9)	(42.9)
Equity-settled share based payments: Share Option Scheme	22(b)	–	–	–	–	0.4	–	0.4
Shares issued under Share Option Scheme		–	0.9	–	–	–	–	0.9
Shares issued under Share Award Scheme		–	1.6	(1.6)	–	–	–	–
Shares purchased for Share Award Scheme	22(c)	–	–	(1.5)	–	–	–	(1.5)
Vesting of shares of Share Award Scheme	22(c)	–	–	3.3	–	–	–	3.3
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023		12.6	163.3	(0.1)	(1.0)	0.7	210.3	385.8
Changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2024								
Comprehensive income								
Profit for the year		–	–	–	–	–	147.1	147.1
Total comprehensive income for the year		–	–	–	–	–	147.1	147.1
Final dividend in respect of the previous year	5	–	–	–	–	–	(106.2)	(106.2)
Interim dividend in respect of the current year	5	–	–	–	–	–	(43.0)	(43.0)
Equity-settled share based payments: Share Option Scheme	22(b)	–	–	–	–	0.1	–	0.1
Shares options lapsed during the year		–	–	–	–	(0.2)	0.2	–
Shares issued under Share Award Scheme		–	1.1	(1.1)	–	–	–	–
Shares purchased for Share Award Scheme	22(c)	–	–	(2.0)	–	–	–	(2.0)
Vesting of shares of Share Award Scheme	22(c)	–	–	3.1	–	–	–	3.1
At 31 March 2024		12.6	164.4	(0.1)	(1.0)	0.6	208.4	384.9

Reserves of the Company available for distribution to shareholders amounted to US\$208.4 million (2023: US\$210.3 million).

23 Reserves (Continued)

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves

The application of share premium account is governed by the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda.

The exchange reserve comprises exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations.

The hedging reserve comprises the effective portion of the cumulative net change in fair value of hedging instruments used in cash flow hedges pending subsequent recognition of the hedged cash flows.

The capital reserve comprises the portion of the grant date fair value of unexercised share options granted to employees of the Company that has been recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for share-based payments in note (V)(iii).

24 Financial Risk Management and Fair Values

Exposure to credit, currency, interest rate and liquidity risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business. The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade debtors. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents and derivative financial assets is limited because the counterparties are banks, for which the Group considers to have low credit risk.

The Group does not provide any guarantees which would expose the Group to credit risk.

Trade debtors

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer rather than the industry or country in which the customers operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. At the end of the reporting period, 12.1% (2023: 10.2%) and 42.1% (2023: 38.1%) of the total trade debtors was due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers respectively.

The majority of the Group's sales are on letters of credit and on open credit with varying terms of 30 to 90 days. Certain open credit sales are covered by credit insurance or bank guarantees.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade debtors at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade debtors as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023:

	2024		
	Expected loss rate %	Gross carrying amount US\$ million	Loss allowance US\$ million
Current (not past due)	0.1%	213.4	(0.1)
1-30 days past due	5.1%	11.7	(0.6)
31-60 days past due	90.9%	2.2	(2.0)
61-90 days past due	100.0%	1.5	(1.5)
More than 90 days past due	100.0%	2.3	(2.3)
	2.8%	231.1	(6.5)

	2023		
	Expected loss rate %	Gross carrying amount US\$ million	Loss allowance US\$ million
Current (not past due)	0.1%	267.5	(0.4)
1-30 days past due	23.8%	13.0	(3.1)
31-60 days past due	92.6%	2.7	(2.5)
61-90 days past due	100.0%	0.4	(0.4)
More than 90 days past due	100.0%	0.5	(0.5)
	2.4%	284.1	(6.9)

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past year. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data have been collected, current conditions, recent settlement experience and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the trade debtors. As at 31 March 2024, the overall expected loss rate was 2.8% (2023: 2.4%) which reflected the settlement experience on the trade debtors.

Movement in the loss allowance account in respect of trade debtors during the year is as follows:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
At 1 April	6.9	7.4
Amounts written off during the year	(0.1)	(0.5)
Loss allowance recognised	0.7	0.3
Reversal of loss allowance	(1.2)	(0.2)
Effect of changes in exchange rates	0.2	(0.1)
At 31 March	6.5	6.9

24 Financial Risk Management and Fair Values (Continued)

(b) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk primarily through sales and purchases that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the operations to which they relate. As the Hong Kong Dollar ("HKD") is pegged to United States Dollar ("USD"), the Group does not expect any significant movements in the HKD/USD exchange rate. The currencies giving rise to foreign currency risk are primarily denominated in Euro ("EUR"), Pounds Sterling ("GBP"), Canadian dollars ("CAD"), Australian dollars ("AUD") and Renminbi ("RMB"). The Group manages this risk as follows:

(i) Hedges of foreign currency risk in forecast transactions

The Group uses forward exchange contracts to manage its currency risk until the settlement date of foreign currency receivables or payables. The Group designates those forward exchange contracts as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges and does not separate the forward and spot element of a forward exchange contract but instead designates the forward exchange contract in its entirety in a hedging relationship. Correspondingly, the hedged item is measured based on the forward exchange rate.

The Group enters into forward foreign exchange contracts in order to hedge the currency risk in respect of highly probable forecast sales transactions. Forward foreign exchange contracts are matched with anticipated future cash flows. As at 31 March 2024, the notional principal amounts of these outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts were US\$155.0 million (2023: US\$38.4 million) with net positive fair value of US\$2.4 million (2023: net positive fair value of US\$2.2 million) recognised as derivative financial instruments.

In addition, the Group uses forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge the exchange rate fluctuation for the purchase of RMB in respect of highly probable forecast transactions for the Group's PRC operations. Forward foreign exchange contracts are matched with anticipated future cash flows. As at 31 March 2024, the notional principal amounts of these outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts for hedging highly probable forecast transactions were US\$57.2 million (2023: US\$202.1 million) with net negative fair value of US\$0.6 million (2023: net negative fair value of US\$3.3 million) recognised as derivative financial instruments.

The Group does not anticipate any material adverse effect on its financial position resulting from its involvement in these financial instruments, nor does it anticipate non-performance by any of its counterparties.

The Group enters into derivative transactions under International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) master agreements providing offsetting mechanism under certain circumstances. At 31 March 2024 and 2023, the Group has not offset any of the financial instruments as no parties have exercised their rights to offset the recognised amounts in the financial statements.

The Group applies a hedge ratio of 1:1 and determines the existence of an economic relationship between the forward exchange contracts and the highly probable forecast transactions based on their currency amounts and the timing of their respective cash flows. The main sources of ineffectiveness in these hedging relationships are:

- the effect of the counterparty's and the Group's own credit risk on the fair value of the forward exchange contracts which is not reflected in the change in the value of the hedged cash flows attributable to the forward rate; and
- changes in the timing of the hedged transactions.

The following table details the forward exchange contracts that have been designated as cash flow hedges of the Group's highly probable forecast transactions at the end of the reporting period:

	2024		2023	
	Foreign currency million	US\$ million	Foreign currency million	US\$ million
Notional amount				
– Sell CAD	9.8	7.4	–	–
– Sell GBP	25.1	31.1	0.7	0.8
– Sell EUR	104.8	116.5	32.0	37.6
– Buy RMB	406.1	57.2	1,355.2	202.1

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Carrying amount (note)		
– Asset	2.6	3.3
– Liability	(0.8)	(4.4)

Note: Forward exchange contract assets and liabilities are included in the "Debtors, Deposits and Prepayments" (note 16) and "Creditors and Accruals" (note 18) line items in the consolidated statement of financial position respectively.

The forward exchange contracts have a maturity of less than one year from the reporting date and have an average exchange rate between the respective foreign currencies and USD as follows:

	2024	2023
USD to CAD	1.32810	–
GBP to USD	1.26550	1.18320
EUR to USD	1.11150	1.17400
USD to RMB	7.10120	6.70564

24 Financial Risk Management and Fair Values (Continued)

(b) Currency risk (Continued)

(i) Hedges of foreign currency risk in forecast transactions (Continued)

The following table provides a reconciliation of the hedging reserve in respect of foreign currency risk and shows the effectiveness of the hedging relationships:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Balance at 1 April	0.9	3.0
Effective portion of the cash flow hedge recognised in other comprehensive income	1.2	(2.2)
Related tax	(0.1)	0.1
Balance at 31 March	2.0	0.9
Change in fair value of the derivative instruments during the year	3.3	(3.5)
Hedging ineffectiveness recognised in profit or loss	(2.1)	1.3
Effective portion of the cash flow hedge recognised in other comprehensive income	1.2	(2.2)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

A sensitivity analysis was performed at 31 March 2024 to measure the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax and total equity that would arise if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant. In this respect, it is assumed that the pegged rate between HKD and USD would be materially unaffected by any changes in movement in value of the USD against other currencies.

Management estimated that a 5% appreciation / depreciation of EUR, GBP, CAD, AUD and RMB against USD respectively would not have a material effect on the Group's profit after taxation and equity attributable to shareholders for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

The sensitivity analysis performed represents an aggregation of the instantaneous effects on each of the Group entities' profit after tax and total equity measured in the respective functional currencies.

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rates had been applied to re-measure those recognised assets or liabilities held by the Group which expose the Group to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period, including inter-company payables and receivables within the Group which are denominated in a currency other than the functional currencies of the lender or the borrower. The analysis excludes differences that would result from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2023.

(c) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk through the impact of interest rates changes on income-earning financial assets. The following table indicates their effective interest rates at the end of the reporting period.

Deposits and cash

	2024		2023	
	Effective interest rate	US\$ million	Effective interest rate	US\$ million
Variable rate	1.33%	119.3	0.21%	70.9
Fixed rate	3.43%	202.8	1.63%	127.6

Interest rate sensitivity

At the end of the respective reporting period, if interest rates had been increased by 25 basis points and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit after tax and total equity would increase by approximately US\$0.3 million and US\$0.3 million for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 respectively. This is mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rate changes on its variable rate income-earning financial assets including floating rate deposits and cash. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2023.

(d) Liquidity risk

Cash management of the Company and wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Group are substantially centralised at the Group level. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

24 Financial Risk Management and Fair Values (Continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The following tables detail the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's derivative and non-derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay:

	Note	Carrying amount US\$ million	Contractual undiscounted cash flows				
			Total US\$ million	Within 1 year or on demand US\$ million	More than 1 year but less than 2 years US\$ million	More than 2 years but less than 5 years US\$ million	After 5 years US\$ million
At 31 March 2024							
Trade creditors	18	199.8	199.8	199.8	–	–	–
Other creditors and accruals	18	210.9	210.9	210.9	–	–	–
Lease liabilities	20(a)	158.7	206.3	25.7	25.7	65.7	89.2
Derivatives settled gross:							
Forward foreign exchange contracts							
– cash flow hedge	24(b)(i)						
– outflow			209.8	209.8	–	–	–
– inflow			(211.6)	(211.6)	–	–	–
At 31 March 2023							
Trade creditors	18	252.3	252.3	252.3	–	–	–
Other creditors and accruals	18	205.8	205.8	205.8	–	–	–
Lease liabilities	20(a)	179.9	214.1	26.0	25.9	66.6	95.6
Derivatives settled gross:							
Forward foreign exchange contracts							
– cash flow hedge	24(b)(i)						
– outflow			238.3	238.3	–	–	–
– inflow			(237.2)	(237.2)	–	–	–

(e) Fair values measurement

The fair values of debtors, deposits and prepayments, deposits and cash and creditors and accruals approximate their carrying amounts due to the short-term maturities of these assets and liabilities.

Financial instruments carried at fair value

The Group's financial instruments are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in IFRS 13, *Fair Value Measurement*. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified and determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair values measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date
- Level 2 valuations: Fair values measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available
- Level 3 valuations: Fair values measured using significant unobservable inputs

24 Financial Risk Management and

Fair Values (Continued)

(e) Fair values measurement (Continued)

The table below analyses financial instruments measured at fair value at the reporting date by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised. The amounts are based on the values recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position. All fair value measurements below are recurring.

	Fair value measurements categorised into			
	Fair value US\$ million	Level 1 US\$ million	Level 2 US\$ million	Level 3 US\$ million
At 31 March 2024				
Assets:				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	2.6	-	2.6	-
Investments	1.2	-	-	1.2
Liabilities:				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	(0.8)	-	(0.8)	-
At 31 March 2023				
Assets:				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	3.3	-	3.3	-
Investments	1.9	-	-	1.9
Liabilities:				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	(4.4)	-	(4.4)	-

During the years ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy classifications. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

Valuation techniques and inputs used in Level 2 fair value measurements

The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts in Level 2 is determined by discounting the difference between the forward exchange rates at the end of the reporting period and the contractual forward exchange rates.

Information about Level 3 fair value measurements

	Valuation techniques	Significant unobservable inputs	Sensitivity to changes in significant unobservable inputs
Investments	Net asset value approach	Fair value of individual assets less liabilities of the business ("the Business Net Assets")	The estimated fair value would increase if the fair value of the Business Net Assets is higher
		Marketability discount of 10%	The estimated fair value would decrease if the marketability discount is higher

As at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023, the fair value of investment is determined using net asset value and adjusted for the marketability discount.

As at 31 March 2024, it is estimated that with other variables held constant, an increase / decrease of 5% (2023: 5%) in each of the unobservable inputs would have increased / decreased the net assets as follows:

	Increase / (decrease) in unobservable inputs	Increase / (decrease) in net assets	
		2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Fair value of the Business Net Assets	5% (5%)	0.1 (0.1)	0.1 (0.1)
Marketability discount	5% (5%)	(0.1) 0.1	(0.1) 0.1

The movements during the year in the balance of these Level 3 fair value measurements are as follows:

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Investments:		
At 1 April	1.9	2.2
Fair value loss	(0.7)	(0.3)
At 31 March	1.2	1.9

25 Commitments

(a) Capital commitments for property, plant and equipment

	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Authorised but not contracted for	26.1	33.6
Contracted but not provided for	8.4	7.2
	34.5	40.8

(b) Other commitments

Certain wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Group (the "licensees") entered into certain licensing agreements with various third party licensors for the granting of certain rights to use the relevant cartoon characters in the Group's electronic learning products. Under these licensing agreements, the licensees are required to make royalty payments to the licensors, calculated as a percentage of net sales of the relevant character licensed products, subject to certain minimum aggregate royalty payments. The percentage of royalty payable varies over time and between licensed characters. There is no maximum royalty payment. The aggregate minimum royalty payments as at 31 March 2024 amounted to US\$2.0 million (2023: US\$1.5 million), of which US\$1.5 million is payable in the financial year ending 31 March 2025 and the remaining US\$0.5 million is payable before the financial year ending 31 March 2028.

26 Contingent Liabilities

- (a) Certain subsidiaries of the Group are involved in litigation arising in the ordinary course of their respective businesses and are involved in certain accusations of infringements of intellectual property and complaints related to products liability. Having reviewed the outstanding claims and taking into account legal advice received, the Directors are of the opinion that even if the claims are found to be valid, there will be no material adverse effect on the financial position of the Group.
- (b) As at 31 March 2024, there were contingent liabilities in respect of guarantees given by the Company on behalf of subsidiaries relating to overdrafts, short term loans and credit facilities of up to US\$329.1 million (2023: US\$329.1 million). The Company has not recognised any deferred income for the guarantees given in respect of borrowings and banking facilities for subsidiaries as their fair value cannot be reliably measured and their transaction price was Nil.

As at 31 March 2024, the Directors do not consider it is probable that a claim will be made against the Company under any of the guarantees given by the Company.

27 Company-level Statement of Financial Position

	Note	2024 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million
Non-current asset			
Investments in subsidiaries	27(a)	227.5	227.5
Current assets			
Amounts due from subsidiaries		333.2	336.4
Deposits and cash		0.8	0.7
		334.0	337.1
Current liabilities			
Amounts due to subsidiaries		(174.9)	(177.6)
Creditors and accruals		(1.7)	(1.2)
		(176.6)	(178.8)
Net current assets			
		157.4	158.3
Net assets			
		384.9	385.8
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	22(a)	12.6	12.6
Reserves	23(b)	372.3	373.2
Total equity			
		384.9	385.8

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 21 May 2024.

Allan WONG Chi Yun
Director

PANG King Fai
Director

27 Company-level Statement of Financial Position (Continued)

(a) Principal subsidiaries

Details of the Company's interest in those subsidiaries which materially affect the results or assets of the Group as at 31 March 2024 are set out below:

Name of subsidiary	Particulars of issued and paid up capital	Percentage of interest held by the Group	Principal activity
<i>Incorporated / established and operating in Hong Kong:</i>			
VTech Communications Limited	1,000 ordinary shares 5,000,000 deferred shares	*100	Design, manufacture and sale of electronic products
VTech Electronics Limited	5,000,000 ordinary shares	*100	Design, manufacture and distribution of electronic products
VTech Telecommunications Limited	1,000 ordinary shares 5,000,000 deferred shares	*100	Design, manufacture and distribution of telecommunication products
Perseus Investments Limited	1,000 ordinary shares 1,000 deferred shares	100	Property holding
Valentia Investment Limited	1,000 ordinary shares 1,000 deferred shares	100	Property holding
VTech Finance Limited	1,000,000 ordinary shares	*100	Provision of group financing services
<i>Incorporated / established and operating in Australia:</i>			
VTech Telecommunications (Australia) Pty Limited	AUD1	*100	Sale of telecommunication products
VTech Electronics (Australia) Pty Limited	AUD1	*100	Sale of electronic products
<i>Incorporated / established and operating in Canada:</i>			
VTech Technologies Canada Ltd.	Class A CAD5,000 Class B CAD195,000	*100 *100	Sale of telecommunication and electronic products
<i>Incorporated / established and operating in France:</i>			
VTech Electronics Europe S.A.S.	EUR450,000	*100	Sale of electronic products
<i>Incorporated / established and operating in Germany:</i>			
VTech Electronics Europe GmbH	EUR500,000	*100	Sale of electronic products
VTech IAD GmbH	EUR25,000	*100	Development of broadband connectivity software
Snom Technology GmbH	EUR144,578	*100	Design, manufacture and distribution of telecommunication products
<i>Incorporated / established and operating in Malaysia:</i>			
VTech Communications (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	MYR66,319,533	*100	Manufacture of consumer electronic products
VTech Telecommunications (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	MYR2,500,000	*100	Manufacture of telecommunication and electronic products
<i>Incorporated / established and operating in the Netherlands:</i>			
VTech Electronics Europe B.V.	EUR18,100	*100	Sale of electronic products

27 Company-level Statement of Financial Position (Continued)

(a) Principal subsidiaries (Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Particulars of issued and paid up capital	Percentage of interest held by the Group	Principal activity
<i>Incorporated / established and operating in the People's Republic of China:</i>			
VTech (Dongguan) Communications Limited**	HK\$111,200,000	*100	Manufacture of electronic products
VTech (Dongguan) Electronics Limited**	HK\$64,800,000	*100	Manufacture of electronic products
VTech (Dongguan) Electronics Industrial Co., Ltd.**	HK\$18,725,011	*100	Manufacture and sale of electronic products
VTech (Dongguan) Plastic Products Co., Ltd.**	HK\$20,000,000	*100	Manufacture of plastic products
VTech (Dongguan) Telecommunications Limited**	HK\$52,500,000	*100	Manufacture of telecommunication products
VTech (Dongguan) Telecommunications Electronics Limited**	RMB4,000,000	*100	Manufacture and sale of electronic products
VTech (Qingyuan) Plastic & Electronics Co., Ltd.**	HK\$293,000,000	*100	Manufacture of plastic products
VTech Telecommunications (Shenzhen) Limited**	HK\$5,000,000	*100	Sale of telecommunication products
VTech Electronics Industrial (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd**	HK\$10,000,000	*100	Sale of telecommunication and electronic products
<i>Incorporated / established and operating in Singapore:</i>			
VTech Communications Trading (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	SGD100	*100	Group procurement services
<i>Incorporated / established and operating in Spain:</i>			
VTech Electronics Europe, S.L.	EUR500,000	*100	Sale of electronic products
<i>Incorporated / established and operating in the United Kingdom:</i>			
VTech Electronics Europe Plc	GBP500,000	*100	Sale of electronic products
<i>Incorporated / established and operating in the United States:</i>			
VTech Electronics North America, L.L.C.	US\$22,212,997	*100	Sale of electronic products
VTech Communications, Inc.	US\$300,000	*100	Sale of telecommunication products
LeapFrog Enterprises, Inc.	US\$100 common stock	*100	Development of electronic products

* Indirectly held by subsidiary companies

** Wholly-owned foreign enterprise

27 Company-level Statement of Financial Position (Continued)

(b) Associate

Details of the Company's interest in an associate (held indirectly via a subsidiary) as at 31 March 2024 are set out below:

Name of associate	Particulars of issued and paid up capital	Percentage of interest held by the Group	Principal activity
<i>Incorporated / established and operating in the United States:</i>			
Kuku Studios, Inc.	US\$3,000,008	*35.96	Production of animated content

* Indirectly held by subsidiary company

(c) Controlled structured entity

VTech controls a structured entity which operates in Hong Kong, particulars of which are as follows:

Structured entity	Principal activities
VTech Share Award Scheme Trust	Purchasing, subscribing, administering and holding shares of the Company for the Share Award Scheme for the benefit of eligible VTech employees (<i>note 22(c)</i>)

As the VTech Share Award Scheme Trust (the "Trust") is set up solely for the purpose of purchasing, subscribing, administering and holding shares of the Company for the Share Award Scheme (see note 22(c)), the Company controls the Trust pursuant to the trust deed and rules related to the Trust to direct the relevant activities of the Trust and it has the ability to use its power over the Trust to affect its exposure for returns.

28 Material Related Party Transactions

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the Directors of the Company and the five highest paid individuals, is disclosed in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

29 Possible Impact of Amendments, New Standards and Interpretations issued but not yet effective for the Annual Accounting Period ended 31 March 2024

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the IASB has issued a number of amendments, new standards and interpretations which are not yet effective for the accounting period ended 31 March 2024 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements.

Of these developments, the following relate to amendments that may be relevant to the Group's operations and financial statements:

	Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after
Amendments to IAS 1, <i>Presentation of financial statements: Classification of liabilities as current or non-current ("2020 amendments")</i>	1 January 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, <i>Presentation of financial statements: Non-current liabilities with covenants ("2022 amendments")</i>	1 January 2024
Amendments to IFRS 16, <i>Leases: Lease liability in a sale and leaseback</i>	1 January 2024
Amendments to IAS 7, <i>Statement of cash flows and IFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures: Supplier finance arrangements</i>	1 January 2024
Amendments to IAS 21, <i>The effects of changes in foreign exchange rates: Lack of exchangeability</i>	1 January 2025

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these developments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

30 Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

Notes 11, 21 and 24 contain information about the assumptions and their risk factors relating to goodwill impairment, post-employment benefits and fair value of financial instruments. Other key sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

Valuation of stocks

The Group performs regular reviews of the carrying amounts of stocks with reference to stock ageing report, anticipated future selling prices, sales forecasts and management experience and judgement. Based on this review, a write-down of stocks will be made when the estimated net realisable value of stocks decline below their carrying amounts. Due to changes in customers' preferences, actual saleability of goods may be different from estimation and the statement of profit or loss in future accounting periods could be affected by differences in this estimation.

Impairment of assets

The Group reviews internal and external sources of information at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that assets may be impaired or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased, except in the case of goodwill. The Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount when any such indication exists. In addition, for goodwill, the Group estimates the recoverable amount to determine whether or not there is any indication of impairment. The recoverable amount of an asset, or of the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and these risks specific to the assets. The preparation of projected future cash flows involves the estimation of future revenue and operating costs which are based on reasonable assumptions supported by information available to the Group. Changes in the estimates would result in additional impairment provisions or reversal of impairment in future years.

Impairment of trade debtors

The Group's loss allowances are based on management's estimate of the lifetime expected credit losses, which is estimated by taking into account ageing of trade debtors and credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the report date. Changes in these estimates could have a significant impact on the loss allowance to be recognised or reversed in future years.

Provision for defective goods returns

The Group recognises provision for expected return claims, which included cost of repairing or replacing defective goods, loss of margin and cost of materials scrapped, based on past experience of the level of repairs and returns. The Group uses all available information in determining an amount that is a reasonable approximation of the costs including estimates based on reasonable historical information and supportable assumptions. Changes in these estimates could have a significant impact on the provision and could result in additional charges or reversal of provision in future years.

31 Non-Adjusting Event After the Reporting Period

On 5 April 2024, the Company, through a wholly-owned subsidiary, completed the acquisition of certain assets from Gigaset Communications GmbH, a company incorporated in Germany, at an agreed preliminary purchase price of EUR27.5 million (approximately equivalent to US\$29.1 million).

VTech in the Last Five Years

	Consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March				
	2020 US\$ million	2021 US\$ million	2022 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million	2024 US\$ million
Non-current assets					
Tangible assets	76.0	92.2	87.3	74.9	68.9
Advance payment for acquisition of non-current assets	–	–	–	–	22.7
Right-of-use assets	154.8	193.1	180.8	162.8	140.9
Intangible assets	17.7	16.8	16.0	15.3	14.7
Goodwill	36.1	36.1	36.1	36.1	36.1
Net assets on defined benefit retirement scheme	–	6.9	7.4	5.6	6.3
Other non-current assets	21.0	20.2	16.9	14.9	13.7
	305.6	365.3	344.5	309.6	303.3
Current assets					
Stocks	372.6	414.0	553.3	475.5	348.0
Debtors, deposits and prepayments	272.1	318.9	384.9	324.3	283.7
Deposits and cash	242.5	343.8	195.8	198.5	322.1
Other current assets	2.6	3.6	8.2	10.5	5.2
	889.8	1,080.3	1,142.2	1,008.8	959.0
Current liabilities					
Lease liabilities	(17.9)	(17.5)	(20.6)	(16.6)	(18.4)
Other current liabilities	(424.0)	(505.5)	(607.4)	(500.6)	(454.8)
	(441.9)	(523.0)	(628.0)	(517.2)	(473.2)
Net current assets	447.9	557.3	514.2	491.6	485.8
Total assets less current liabilities	753.5	922.6	858.7	801.2	789.1
Non-current liabilities					
Net obligations on defined benefit retirement scheme	(1.8)	–	–	–	–
Deferred tax liabilities	(2.9)	(2.9)	(3.4)	(3.2)	(3.2)
Lease liabilities	(147.3)	(188.6)	(176.5)	(163.3)	(140.3)
Long service payment liabilities	–	–	–	–	(0.6)
	(152.0)	(191.5)	(179.9)	(166.5)	(144.1)
Net assets / Total equity	601.5	731.1	678.8	634.7	645.0

	Consolidated statement of profit or loss for the years ended 31 March				
	2020 US\$ million	2021 US\$ million	2022 US\$ million	2023 US\$ million	2024 US\$ million
Revenue	2,165.5	2,372.3	2,370.5	2,241.7	2,145.7
Profit before taxation	212.3	259.3	194.6	168.5	191.3
Taxation	(21.6)	(28.4)	(21.9)	(19.3)	(24.7)
Profit for the year and attributable to shareholders of the Company	190.7	230.9	172.7	149.2	166.6
Basic earnings per share (US cents)	75.7	91.6	68.5	59.1	66.0

Note: As a result of the adoption of IFRS 16, Leases, with effect from 1 April 2019, the Group has changed its accounting policies in respect of the lessee accounting model. In accordance with the transitional provisions of the standard, the changes in accounting policies were adopted by way of opening balance adjustments to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities as at 1 April 2019. After initial recognition of these assets and liabilities, the Group as a lessee is required to recognise interest expense accrued on the outstanding balance of the lease liability, and the depreciation of the right-of-use asset, instead of the previous policy of recognising rental expenses incurred under operating leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Corporate Information

Board of Directors

Executive Directors

Allan WONG Chi Yun
(Chairman and Group Chief Executive Officer)
PANG King Fai
Andy LEUNG Hon Kwong

Non-executive Director

William WONG Yee Lai

Independent Non-executive Directors

William FUNG Kwok Lun
GAN Jie
KO Ping Keung
Patrick WANG Shui Chung
WONG Kai Man

Audit Committee

WONG Kai Man *(Chairman)*
William FUNG Kwok Lun
GAN Jie
KO Ping Keung
Patrick WANG Shui Chung

Nomination Committee

William FUNG Kwok Lun *(Chairman)*
KO Ping Keung
Patrick WANG Shui Chung
WONG Kai Man
Allan WONG Chi Yun

Remuneration Committee

Patrick WANG Shui Chung *(Chairman)*
William FUNG Kwok Lun
KO Ping Keung
WONG Kai Man

Risk Management and Sustainability Committee

Allan WONG Chi Yun *(Chairman)*
PANG King Fai
Andy LEUNG Hon Kwong
WONG Kai Man
Hillson CHEUNG Hoi
Shereen TONG Ka Hung
CHANG Yu Wai

Company Secretary

CHANG Yu Wai

Registered Office

Clarendon House
2 Church Street
Hamilton HM 11
Bermuda

Principal Office

23rd Floor, Tai Ping Industrial Centre, Block 1
57 Ting Kok Road
Tai Po, New Territories
Hong Kong

Principal Bankers

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
The Bank of East Asia, Limited

Auditor

KPMG
Certified Public Accountants
Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the
Accounting and Financial Reporting Council Ordinance

VTech Holdings Limited

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